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Acknowledgments

Legal Update Writing Group

Carolyn Hatley
Kerri Lewis
Kandi Luensmann
Byron Underwood
Avis Wukasch

Texas Real Estate Commission

R. Scott Kesner, Chair
Mark Woodroof, Vice Chair
Benjamin "Ben" Peña, Secretary
Stuart Bernstein
Chance Brown
Jason Hartgraves
Leslie Lerner
Renee Harvey Lowe
Barbara Russell
Chelsea Buchholtz, Executive Director

Texas Real Estate Research Center at Texas A&M University Staff

Pamela Canon, Executive Director
Cheryl Pruitt, Program Director
Gary Maler, Director of Strategic Initiatives

TREC Writing Staff

Vanessa Burgess, General Counsel
Jennifer Grube, Curriculum Developer
Abby Lee, Deputy General Counsel
Summer Mandell, Government and Strategic
Communications Director
Michael Molloy, Director of Enforcement
Sierra Pizarro, Communications Specialist
Jennifer Wheeler, Education and
Examinations Director

Texas Real Estate Research Center Advisory Committee

W. Douglas Jennings, Chairman
Doug Foster, Vice Chairman
Troy C. Alley, Jr.
Russell L. Cain
Vicki Fullerton
Patrick Geddes
Besa Martin
Rebecca "Becky" Vajdak
Barbara Russell, Ex-Officio

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Chapter 1

TREC Rules, Updates, and Legislative Changes



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Learning Objectives

After this chapter, you will be able to

- Describe TREC's advisory committees that examine different areas of the real estate industry.
- ✓ Explain how an idea becomes a TREC rule.
- Describe why TREC's quadrennial rule review is important to license holders and consumers.
- ✓ Identify recent TREC rule changes that affect license holders.
- Understand legislation passed by the 88th Texas Legislature relating to the practice of real estate.

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Who Makes the Rules?

License holders often wonder whether TREC staff comes up with all the rule changes, but the reality is these initiatives generally come from advisory committees, the nine TREC Commissioners, and public input from license holders like you. Ultimately, the full Commission votes on whether to adopt a rule.

There's a Committee for That!

Section 1101.158 of the Texas Occupations Code authorizes TREC to create and appoint members to advisory committees to examine different areas of the real estate industry with a focus on consumer protection. As of publication, TREC has four active advisory committees, each with a different purpose and members that include license holders and subject matter experts.

Who Gets to Serve on Advisory Committees?

TREC administers an application process for potential advisory committee members every year and seeks individuals to fill specific roles. Selection committees composed of Commissioners review each application and appoint members to serve terms.

If you are interested in serving on a committee, subscribe to TREC's e-newsletters, follow TREC on social media, or regularly check trec.texas.gov for announcements. More information about the composition of each committee is on the following page.

What Do Advisory Committees Do?

Sometimes, advisory committee discussions and recommendations prompt rule changes. Other times, the Commission may ask a committee to consider a specific issue, like required education for brokers and sales agents. Advisory committees typically meet quarterly, and meetings are open to the public. License holders are encouraged to attend and participate.

How Do I Get My Ideas Considered?

License holders and members of the public may request the Commission consider an idea or proposal several different ways, including during the public comment portion of a Commission meeting or attending and presenting at an advisory committee meeting. Find out when committee meetings occur using the calendar on TREC's website at trec.texas.gov/agency-calendar.

How Does a Rule Get Implemented?

New rules and rule proposals are often recommended to the Commission by the advisory committees. The Commissioners then vote on whether a rule should be proposed for public comment or needs to be reviewed by the committee again.

Once a rule has been proposed by the Commission, typically at the quarterly TREC Meetings, a public comment period opens where anyone can give their opinions on proposals. After the comment period closes, the advisory committee reviews all the comments and, as a result, may make changes to proposed rules, decide to withdraw their recommendation, or leave the recommendation as originally presented.

Once thoroughly considered, the rule must be formally adopted by the Commission before it goes into effect. Rule adoptions also happen at the quarterly TREC Meetings.

TREC Advisory Committees

Advisory committees review and provide feedback—ensuring all possible changes are examined for their potential implications on the practice of real estate consumer protection. Here are the four advisory committees, who they are composed of, and their function.

Education Standards Advisory Committee (ESAC)

Duties: ESAC regularly reviews curriculum standards, course content requirements, and instructor qualifications for qualifying and continuing education courses. It makes recommendations to the Commission to ensure license holder education meets the highest educational standards.

Members: 12 total members: Seven real estate license holders, four education providers licensed by the Commission, and one public member.

Broker Responsibility Advisory Committee (BRAC)

Duties: BRAC is tasked with advising TREC as to issues surrounding broker responsibility within the real estate industry. This committee may make recommendations to TREC regarding possible legislative and rule changes associated with brokers and broker responsibility issues impacting both the real estate industry and the consumer.

Members: Nine real estate broker license holders.

Texas Real Estate Broker-Lawyer Committee (BLC)

Duties: BLC drafts and revises contract forms promulgated by TREC.

Members: 13 total members: Six real estate license holders appointed by the Commission, six attorney members appointed by the State Bar of Texas, and one public member appointed by the Governor's Office.

Texas Real Estate Inspector Committee (TREIC)

Duties: TREIC provides recommendations to the Commission regarding the licensing, education, and regulation of inspectors in Texas to promote a high degree of service from the inspection industry and ensure the protection of the public.

Members: Nine total members: six real estate inspector license holders and three public members.

The Life Cycle of a TREC Rule

Ideas and Consideration

License holders, the public, and even TREC staff may identify issues license holders are facing and ask advisory committees to consider making changes to an existing TREC rule or proposing a new one.

Drafting

Rule change recommendations are reviewed by the appropriate committee. Once the committee is satisfied with the language, it will vote to move the rule or rule change forward for proposal at a future TREC Meeting.

Proposal and Public Comment

If the Commission proposes a rule or rule change at a TREC Meeting, it gets published in the *Texas Register*. Once published there, the public has 30 days to provide written comment about the proposal. It is easy to provide these comments through the online tool on TREC's website.

Public Comment Consideration

Public comments are first reviewed by the appropriate committee who can recommend changes in response to those comments. Once the appropriate committee formally recommends the rules for adoption, the Commission votes whether to adopt the rule.

The Commission Votes Whether to Adopt the Rule

The Commission votes whether to adopt a rule or rule change at quarterly TREC Meetings. The effective date of rules are usually in the future. However, rules can be adopted on an emergency basis for immediate implementation, typically when the Texas Legislature has passed laws with effective dates TREC must comply with.



Ad Hoc Working Group Examines the Unauthorized Practice of Law

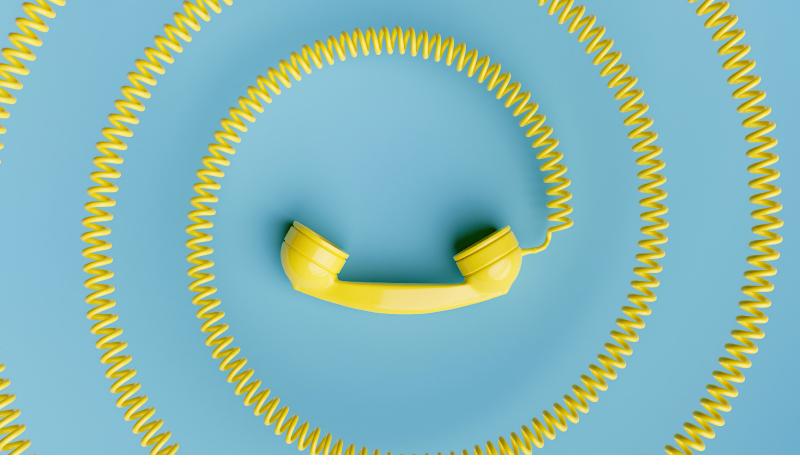
The Commission sometimes creates temporary ad hoc working groups to address specific issues in the real estate industry. An example of such a group is the Unauthorized Practice of Law Working Group (UPL), which conducted a thorough review of TREC Rule 537.11.

TREC Rule Change Highlights: Quadrennial Rule Review Changes

State agencies like TREC are required by law to conduct a rule review every four years, known as quadrennial rule review. All TREC rules are "open" and reviewed by staff to determine if any rules should be revised or repealed.

Most changes are administrative, revising old terminology and references to outdated laws. For example, 2022 quadrennial rule changes included adopted amendments to change a staff position from "Administrator" to "Executive Director." Amendments also eliminated outdated references to residency requirements associated with real estate licenses, because those requirements were eliminated by the legislature in 2019.

Why does this matter to you? Quadrennial rule review is a chance for license holders and the public to provide input on existing regulation. This process ensures regulatory transparency and reflects a commitment to consumer protection and economic growth without burdensome regulation.



"Hello, Is Anyone There?" New Rule Addresses Sales Agents and Broker Response Times

The Commission adopted TREC Rule 535.157, Obligation to Respond Timely, in May 2023 which requires brokers **and** sales agents to respond to their client, a broker, or sales agent representing another party to a real estate transaction, or an unrepresented party to a real estate transaction **within two calendar days**.

TREC Rule 535.2 still requires brokers and delegated supervisors to respond to sponsored sales agents within two calendar days.

Q: "So, does that mean I have to return every call I get within two calendar days? Haven't you ever heard of a weekend? How am I supposed to have a life?"

A: You can have a life! The rule language speaks specifically to a real estate transaction. So, if you are currently in the process of working with a client on a real estate transaction, this requirement to respond is triggered. Real estate transactions happen 365 days a year and as a sales agent or broker, so

be sure to plan your time accordingly. There will likely be times when you need to respond on weekends or holidays, but only when an inquiry is tied to a real estate transaction.

Q: "Can I still go on the cruise I booked six months ago if I have a real estate transaction pending?"

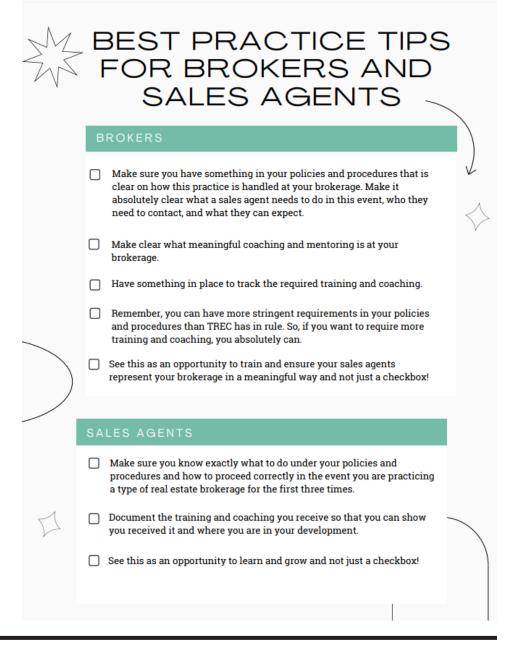
A: It depends! No, really, it depends. While this book cannot provide you with an absolute answer to this question, consider implementing some best practices for such a scenario.

- Review policies and procedures in place that may address time away.
- Designate another license holder to manage your clients and pending transactions while you are out.
- Ensure your backup license holder is familiar with and has all the important details of the transaction, plus an understanding of the expectations surrounding your duties and theirs during this time.

Broker Responsibility Rule Changes

According to TREC Rule 535.2(i)(5), a broker must provide coaching and training to a sales agent the first **THREE** times a sales agent engages in a **NEW TYPE** of brokerage activity. This replaces the previous requirement that the broker provide coaching or training the first time a sales agent engages in a new type of brokerage activity.

For example, sales agents must receive coaching and training the first three times they act as a buyer's agent and the first three times they engage in leasing a property. While the broker is not required to be the one providing the coaching and training, the broker must ensure the person providing the coaching and training is competent. The checklist on the right has tips for brokers and agents to comply with this requirement.



TREC Rule Changes Related to Late Renewals

Effective October 2023, active license holders whose licenses expire are set to inactive status as of the expiration date, and any license relationships between sales agents and brokers are terminated. If you late renew—up to six months after your expiration date—your license will be renewed on inactive status.

Know Your License Expiration Date

Some license holders depended on having their brokers certify that they were being supervised while their license was expired. If you don't want an interruption in your ability to work, make sure to renew your license well before the expiration date.

"What Happens if My License Expires and I Keep Practicing?"

License holders on inactive status cannot conduct brokerage activities. Doing so would be unlicensed activity and can result

in disciplinary actions from TREC, including a minimum fine of \$1,000. In addition, the gap in your active time will be reflected in your license record.

How to Return to Active Status

License holders will go through fewer steps to renew an inactive license. You must complete all required Continuing Education (CE) and submit a request to activate your license.

What This Means for Brokers

If you go inactive, any sales agents you sponsor will be set to inactive status. If you are a designated broker for a business entity broker license, that business entity and any agents sponsored by it will also be set to inactive status. Brokers returning to active status will have to re-establish all of their terminated relationships to sales agents and as designated brokers for business entity brokers after activation.

What This Means for Sales Agents

Sales agents who want to return to active status will need to request sponsorship by a broker using TREC's Online Licensing Services portal.

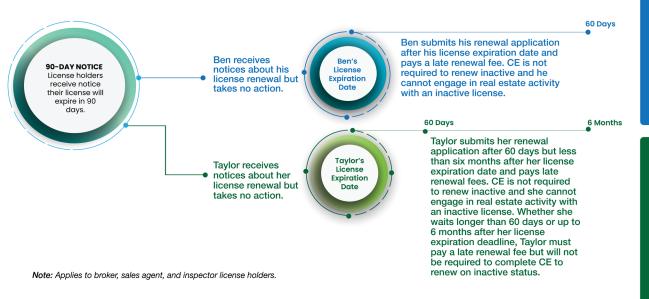
What Happens if I Wait to Renew After Six Months?

After six months and up to two years past your license expiration date, you may apply for reinstatement of your license (TREC Rule 535.91). After two years past the expiration date, you will have to reapply and pass the examination.

License Expire Process Chart

The chart below shows examples of two license holders' experiences under the new expire process.

If a license holder has not renewed before the license expiration date, the license is automatically set to inactive and their sponsorship is terminated.



Ben's license is inactive. He must complete all necessary CE and find a sponsoring broker to return to active status. His license history will reflect that he was inactive from his license expiration date until he returned to active status. There is no lookback period, and he could be subject to disciplinary action if he conducted real estate activity while inactive.

Taylor's license is inactive. She must complete all necessary CE and find a sponsoring broker to return to active status. Her license history will reflect that she was inactive from her license expiration date until she returned to active status. There is no lookback period, and she could be subject to disciplinary action if she conducted real estate activity while inactive.



88th Texas Legislature: What License Holders Need to Know

Senate Bill 1577 went into effect January 1, 2024, and includes several provisions affecting TREC and its license holders. Here are a few highlights.

Broker Education Requirements

TREC has rulemaking authority to make changes to the education hours required to become a broker. License holders can easily follow the rulemaking process and comment on changes. Previously, this required a statutory change.

New Disclosure Requirements for Wholesaling

Wholesaling is a model in which an individual enters into a contract to buy real estate and then sells their contractual interest in the property to a third party prior to closing. A license is not necessary as long as the wholesaler discloses the nature of their interest in writing to potential buyers and sellers. Previously, wholesalers only had to provide disclosure to potential buyers.

Real Estate Recovery Trust Account

TREC has rulemaking authority to set and collect fees to cover maintenance of the Real Estate Recovery Trust Account. Limits are raised to \$125,000 per claim with a \$250,000 cap per license holder. Limits had not been updated since 1991.

Business Entity License Exemption

Business entities such as LLCs and S
Corporations established for the sole purpose
of receiving compensation earned by a license
holder while engaged in real estate brokerage
and is at least 51% owned by the license
holder on whose behalf the entity receives
compensation are exempt from licensure but
must register with TREC. Previously, LLCs
and S Corporations were required to hold a
business entity broker's license. A license is
still required for this type of business if it is
engaged in any other brokerage activity, and
you still have the option to obtain or maintain
a business entity broker's license if desired.
See chart below.

TREC Business Entity Comparison Chart

	Registration	V. License	
Eligible business entities	• LLCs • S-Corps	• LLCs • Partnership • Corporations, • Other including authorized S-Corps entities	
Does the entity need a designated broker?	8		
Can the entity receive compensation on behalf of a license holder?	Ø	Ø	
Can the entity perform any type of brokerage activity? advertise a property under name or use the name of th entity in the listing agreeme	(e.g., the 🚫	⊘	
Are there errors and omissions insurance requirements?	8	*If the designated broker owns less than 10% of the business entity.	
Updated October 2023			

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Promulgated Contract Forms and Addenda



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Adopted Changes to the *Reservation of Oil, Gas, and Other Minerals* Form

Learning Objectives

After this chapter, you will be able to

- ✓ Summarize the purpose and practice of the Broker-Lawyer Committee.
- ✓ Explain why TREC contract forms change.
- ✓ Identify recent changes to the *One to Four Family Residential Contract (Resale)* and other contract forms.
- ✓ Analyze possible consequences of loan assumptions and the importance of a license holder's familiarity with the *Loan* Assumption Addendum form.
- Distinguish between mandatory and voluntary use of TREC contract forms.

Broker-Lawyer Committee and TREC Contract Forms

The Texas Real Estate Broker-Lawyer Committee (BLC) is established by law and consists of six attorney members who are appointed by the State Bar of Texas, six members appointed by TREC, and one public member appointed by the Governor. Members serve six-year appointments, except for the public member who serves a two-year term.

The Texas Legislature has charged this committee

with drafting and revising the TREC contract forms that are "capable of being standardized to expedite real estate transactions and minimize controversy." That means creating forms consumers can trust and license holders can use.

TREC Forms Help You Avoid Practicing Law

License holders are prohibited from practicing law. That's where BLC steps in, drafting forms in such a way that they can be used by license holders to facilitate real estate transactions without wading into the waters of practicing law.

Q: Why do TREC contract forms change?

A: In the legal world, there is no such thing as a static contract. Contracts are living documents in a perpetual state of change. TREC forms are often revised because of legislative changes. It is the responsibility of the BLC to regularly review contract forms and revise them as necessary. The good news is that the BLC drafts contract forms that generally work in many residential transactions.

Changes in real estate brokerage practice and market demands can prompt revisions; however, the committee is mindful that any changes made must not be based solely on a "hot market" or vice versa.

BLC-recommended changes are typically released all at once (pending Commission approval) approximately on a two-year schedule. However, legislative changes happen on their own schedule, which is why it might feel like the TREC contract forms are always changing.

Will you please add some
new boxes to the TREC
Seller's Disclosure Notice
like the ones we see from the
associations? Thank you!

The TREC Seller's Disclosure
Notice mirrors Section 5.008
of the Texas Property Code,
and it is the policy of the
committee not to deviate
from the language set forth
in the statute.

TREC Broker-Lawyer
Committee

Q: I sent in suggested change to the Broker-Lawyer Committee that would address an issue we are seeing in my coastal city. Why did they refer to it as a "5% issue" and not make the change?

A: The "5% rule" is a guideline the committee generally follows. This means committee members discuss whether a change to a TREC contract form addresses an issue affecting a high percentage of transactions (think 95%) or a small percentage (think 5%). In this example, the license holder's idea might be a great one, but if it is specific to an issue related to the coast, it doesn't meet the threshold for changing forms affecting license holders across the state.



Get to Know Your Redlines

Whenever there are proposed changes to contracts, TREC will issue "redline" versions of the forms to show what is being removed or added. See Appendix A for draft redline forms.

Mandatory Versus Voluntary Use of TREC Contract Forms

The Commission updates all rules associated with the TREC contract forms to indicate whether use of the form by a license holder is mandatory or voluntary. License holders can use this as a reference point should they have a question as to whether they are required to use the form or have the option to use it voluntarily. Here are two examples.

TREC Rule 537.22 Standard Contract Form TREC No. 11-7, Addendum for "Back-Up" Contract

The Texas Real Estate Commission (Commission) adopts by reference standard contract form TREC No. 11-7 approved by the Commission in 2012 for mandatory use as an addendum to be attached to promulgated forms of contracts which are second or "back-up" contracts.

TREC Rule 537.64 Standard Contract Form TREC No. OP-M, Non-Realty Items Addendum

The Texas Real Estate Commission (Commission) adopts by reference standard contract form TREC No. OP-M approved by the Commission in 2011 for <u>voluntary use</u> when the parties need to convey items of personal property not already listed in Paragraph 2, Property, of the contracts.

The Commission further clarified these terms by providing a definition for both in TREC Rule Section 537.1(5) and (6). The definition for "mandatory use" provides that unless an exception applies under TREC Rule Section 537.11(a), a license holder must use the form. And as the phrase suggests, "voluntary use" means the license holder may, but is not required to use the form.

TREC Contract Form Changes Highlights

Effective February 1, 2023, the Commission adopted multiple changes to the promulgated contract forms. Many of these changes were technical in nature but are still important to understand. This chapter will highlight some specific changes.

The changes below apply to all contract forms unless specified otherwise. Paragraph numbers referenced are from the *One to Four Family Residential Contract (Resale)*.

Escrow Agent

The term "Escrow Agent" is capitalized throughout the contract to reflect its status as a defined term.

Get Your Escrow Agent Right!

The Texas Real Estate Broker-Lawyer Committee has said "Escrow Agent" could be either the title company or an individual, like an attorney or a sole proprietor. However, the committee cautions about situations in which the parties may be using a specific title company, but the real estate agent inserts the name of the individual escrow officer. Problems can then arise if, for instance, a check is written out to the escrow officer instead of the title company, or the officer isn't available or leaves the company.

Additional Changes

- Paragraph 3A is amended to add a definition of "cash portion of the sales price."
- A new "required notices" section is added to Paragraph 6, which provides a location where MUD, PID, or other similar notices that have been given or are attached to the contract can be listed.
- Paragraph 7F is revised to require the seller:
 - Provide the buyer with copies of documentation from the repair person that shows both the scope of work and payment for the work completed
 - Transfer, at seller's expense, any transferable warranties at closing.

What's With the Capital Letters?

Have you ever noticed words in contracts that seem capitalized at random? It's not a mistake: Whenever a term is capitalized in a contract, it means the definition of that term is somewhere else in the contract. For example, if Kelly Jones is filled in the "Buyer" blank, the term "Buyer" in all later instances in the contract means Kelly Jones.



Discussion Questions

Paragraph 7F Changes

- What are the benefits of this change for your client?
- As a seller's agent, what do you need to advise your client as it relates to this change?
- As a broker, how will you ensure your sales agents understand the implications of this change?

- New Paragraph 9B(5) provides that private transfer fees will be the obligation of the seller, unless otherwise provided in this contract, and that transfer fees assessed by a property owner's association are governed by the Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association. A similar sentence is added to the Residential Condominium Contract.
- Paragraph 21 is amended to add a line for contact information of the buyer's and seller's agent, respectively, to provide copies.



Discussion Questions

Paragraph 21 Changes

- How does this change help your real estate practice?
- What is a best practice associated with this change?

In the Unimproved Property Contract, the Farm and Ranch Contract, the New Home Contract (Incomplete Construction), and the New Home Contract (Complete Construction), the Seller's Disclosure Paragraph has been amended to:

- Add checkboxes to each disclosure item to indicate whether the seller is or is not aware.
- Add two additional disclosures relating to whether the property is located in a floodplain or if any tree located on the property has oak wilt.

This may require communication with the seller or seller's agent before a buyer submits an offer or some additional back and forth communication if what the buyer initially submits is not correct. A seller's agent may also provide the answers on the MLS, if applicable.

Adopted Changes to the Farm and Ranch Contract Form

The Farm and Ranch Contract underwent quite a few changes in 2023. If you practice in this area, make sure you pay close attention. If you don't, still pay close attention!

- A notice is added that states the form is designed for use in sales of existing farms or ranches of any size, and that it's not for use in complex transactions.
- Paragraph 2A adds the term "Counties" to reflect the fact that farm and ranch properties could be located across two or more counties. Additionally, the phrase "including but not limited to water rights, claims, permits, strips and gores, easements, and cooperative or association memberships" is deleted from the paragraph for consistency across forms and to eliminate unnecessary language.
- Paragraph 2B is amended to make the terms "house" and "garage" plural.
- Paragraph 3D is amended to alter the calculation of the sales price adjustment should the survey reveal a difference in acreage.
- New Paragraph 4D is added to address surface leases and includes options regarding whether the seller has delivered copies of written leases or provided notice of oral leases to the buyer, similar to the existing natural resource lease paragraph. The corresponding language in Paragraph 6F is also amended.
- On Page 10 of the contract, the statement "Do not sign if there is a separate written agreement for payment of Brokers' fees" is modified to make it more conspicuous.

Adopted Changes to the *Residential Condominium Contract (Resale)*Form

The Residential Condominium Contract (Resale) contains the following changes:

- Paragraphs 2B(2) and 2C(2) are amended to clarify the timing related to termination and to add a reference to the applicable Property Code provision.
- Paragraph 12A(3) is amended to except regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, or dues (including prepaid items) that are prorated under Paragraph 13 from the parties' obligation to pay under this section, as well as costs and fees provided by Paragraph 2.

Adopted Changes to the *Amendment to Contract* Form

- The Amendment to Contract is amended to add a notice to consult an attorney and to add a reference to Paragraph 7 of the contracts in Paragraph 2 of the Amendment dealing with repairs.
- The form is also amended to replace the parenthetical following Paragraph 9, Other Modifications, with a statement that real estate brokers and sales agents are prohibited from practicing law. Lines have also been inserted into the blank.

Adopted Changes to the Seller Financing Addendum Form

The Seller Financing Addendum contains the following amendments:

- A notice is at the top of the form encouraging consultation with an attorney and a financial professional and informing parties of the complicated nature of these transactions.
- Paragraph B is amended to modify the time period within which the seller may terminate.
- A new instructional parenthetical is added in Paragraph C. Additionally, the interest is modified to reflect a per annum interest rate.
- New Paragraph D2 is added to address casualty insurance and Paragraph D3(a) and (b) are amended to clarify the casualty insurance requirements.
- Paragraph D3(b) is further amended to add a requirement that the seller provide the buyer with an annual accounting of the escrow account, use escrow deposits to pay taxes and insurance premiums in a timely manner in certain circumstances, and hold the escrow deposit in a separate account. Language is also added to specify whether the escrow account will or will not be serviced by a third-party servicer at either the buyer's or seller's expense.

Adopted Changes to the *Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association* Form

The Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association is amended to except regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, or dues

(including prepaid items) that are prorated under Paragraph 13 from the parties' obligation to pay under this section, as well as costs and fees provided by Paragraphs A and D.

Adopted Changes to the *Third Party Financing Addendum* Form

The Third Party Financing Addendum contains the following amendments:

- Paragraph 1 is amended to add an "other financing" box.
- Paragraph 3 is amended to add that a note must be secured by vendor's and deed of trust liens only if required by the buyer's lender.
- The phrase "provided in relation to the closing of this sale" is struck from Paragraph 5B to streamline the paragraph.

Adopted Changes to the *Addendum Regarding Residential Leases* and *Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases* Forms

Both the Addendum Regarding Residential Leases and the Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases are amended to add a checkbox in Paragraph B1 related to notice of oral leases.

Additionally, the *Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases* is amended to modify Paragraph A1 to include checkboxes, in lieu of a blank line, so that the parties can specifically indicate what types of fixture leases will be assumed and assigned.

What About the 2025 Form Changes?

See Appendix D for the redline versions of the updated forms. Learn more about the changes at trec.texas.gov/article/trec-form-changes-effective-january-3-2025.

Adopted Changes to the *Loan Assumption*Addendum Form

The Loan Assumption Addendum contains the following amendments:

- "Effective Date" and "Title Company" are capitalized throughout because they are defined terms.
- Paragraph A is amended to add that the noteholder of the loan being assumed is authorized to receive a copy of the buyer's credit reports.
- Paragraph B is amended to modify the time period within which the seller may terminate.
- Paragraph C is amended to clarify that the buyer will assume in writing the following notes at closing, removes the reference to \$500 and instead insert a blank, and adds the following sentence: "Within 7 days after the Effective Date, Seller will deliver to Buyer copies of the note(s) to be assumed, the deed(s) of trust, and the most recent loan statement(s) from the lender."
- New Paragraph H is added related to authorization to release information.
- A new due on sale notice is added.

Get to Know the *Loan*Assumption Addendum!

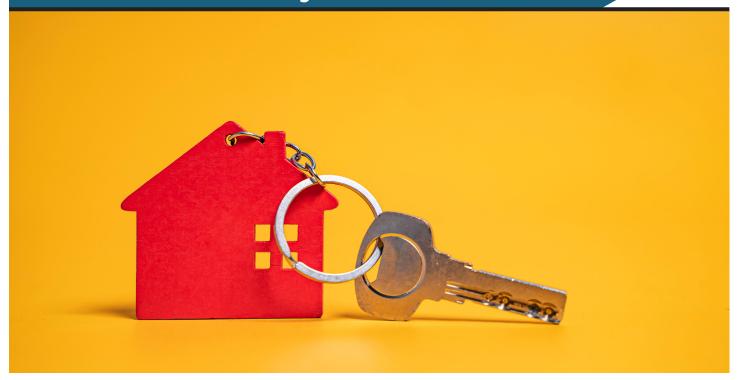
The Loan Assumption Addendum Form (TREC 41-3) is a form that has regained popularity with recent changes in the market. Make sure vou understand it and the changes recently adopted, and make sure you review everything with your agents if you are a sponsoring broker. For more information about the Loan Assumption Addendum Form and loan assumption transactions, see Appendix B.

Adopted Changes to the *Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas, and Other Minerals* Form – ALERT!

The Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas, and Other Minerals is amended to replace the phrase "reserve and retain implied" with "waive" in Paragraph C. This change is to clearly inform sellers they may want to consult an attorney before determining whether to waive their right to the mineral estate. The change in terminology reverses the previous language. The old language "reserved," the new language "waives." It is important to understand the meaning and impact of this change. In addition, the term "current" is added to "contact information" in Paragraph D.

C. Seller does does not waive [reserve and retain implied] rights of ingress and egress and of reasonable use of the Property (including surface materials) that are part of the Mineral Estate for mining, drilling, exploring, operating, developing, or removing the oil, gas, and other minerals. NOTE: Surface rights that may be held by other owners of the Mineral Estate who are not parties to this transaction (including existing mineral lessees) will NOT be affected by Seller's election. Seller's failure to complete Section C will be deemed an election to convey all surface rights described herein.

Introduction to Fair Housing



- Why Do Fair Housing Rules Exist?History of Civil Rights Laws Impacting Real Estate
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- 31 What is Steering When Showing Properties?

Learning Objectives

After this chapter, you will be able to

- ✓ Understand the impact of discrimination in real estate given the history of civil rights laws, current investigations, and trends.
- ✓ Identify federal, state, and local fair housing laws.
- ✓ Distinguish between the protected classes found in the Fair Housing Act, Texas Real Estate Commission's Canons of Professional Ethics and Conduct, TREC Rule Section 531.19, and the NAR Code of Ethics.
- Recognize and define different forms of bias.
- ✓ Describe steering and strategies to avoid

Why Do Fair Housing Rules Exist?

The United States has a long. complicated history with property rights. Discriminatory policies and practices have prohibited property ownership for centuries, dating back to the 1700s against slaves and the 1800s against women. There was legislation in place that denied property rights to Native Americans and certain individuals of African, Asian, and Latin American decent. After the Civil War, the Civil Rights Act of 1866 was passed, but it did not erase the impact of decades of denying certain classes of people the right to own and control their own property.

Redlining

Laws were implemented allowing zoning by race. The Federal Home Owner's Corporation, a U.S. government agency, created red, yellow, and green color-coded maps indicating risk levels for lenders. Areas highlighted in red were considered high-risk lending areas, generally with high minority populations. You may have heard of this practice as redlining.

Deed Restrictions

After World War II, there was a rush to build housing in areas right outside of cities, further segregating populations around the country. Many of these developments had restrictions in their covenants that prohibited people of color from living within the developments. It was not until 1948 that restrictive

deed covenants were deemed unenforceable. The impact of redlining and restrictive deed covenants affected families for vears to come.

Fair Housing Laws in Texas

Texas has its own fair housing act, which is nearly identical to the federal Fair Housing Act. Under the federal Fair Housing Act, complaints in states that have adopted similar fair housing laws, like Texas has, are referred to the state for enforcement and resolution. In Texas, the Texas Workforce Commission Civil Rights Division is the agency charged with administering and enforcing the Texas Fair Housing Act (with a few limited exceptions where cities have adopted their own fair housing act). See Chapter 4 for more information.

History of Civil Rights Laws Impacting Real Estate

The Civil Rights Act of 1968

The Civil Rights Act of 1968, commonly known as the Fair Housing Act, was passed to protect consumers from discrimination in mortgage lending, leasing, buying, and selling a home, and engaging in activities related to housing.

Congress had considered the bill from 1966 through 1967. But in 1968, after the assassination of Martin Luther King Jr., President Lyndon B. Johnson urged Congress to act, resulting in the passage of the Civil Rights Act of 1968.

The Fair Housing Act prohibits discrimination in the sale, lease, or financing of housing based on race, color, religion, and national origin. Amendments in 1974 added sex as a protected class, followed by amendments in 1988 adding protections based upon familial status and disabilities.

April 2023 marked the 55th anniversary of the passage of the Fair Housing Act, which is also National Fair Housing Month.

Jones v. Alfred H. Mayer Co.

The groundbreaking Supreme Court decision in the case of *Jones v. Alfred H. Mayer Co.* in 1968 confirmed the government could regulate the sale of public and private property, making racial discrimination illegal.

HUD's Equal Access Rule

In 2012, the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) issued its Equal Access Rule. This regulation prohibits housing discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity in HUD-funded or HUD-insured housing. Several courts have upheld sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination protection in private housing. For more information on the history of the Fair Housing Act and HUD, visit www.hud.gov.

Why Does Fair Housing Matter for You?

Understanding the history of fair housing laws is important for license holders because these laws were established to prevent discrimination and provide equal opportunity for everyone. Fair housing laws continue to evolve. This understanding complements the fiduciary responsibility license holders owe their clients and the duties owed to customers and the public. It is crucial that you follow and promote fair housing laws. While many of the formal restrictions on an individual's property rights are no longer, these practices have literally drawn maps and condoned land development in ways that still put people at a disadvantage.

Knowledge Check	Notes
1. What year was the first civil rights legislation passed in the United States?	
a. 1866 b. 1968 c. 1974 d. 1988	
2. What is another name for the Civil Rights Act of 1968?	
a. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)b. Fair Housing Act (FHA)c. Housing Affordability Act (HAA)d. Consumer Protection Act (CPA)	
3. What protected class was added to the Civil Rights Act in 1974?	
a. Race	

- b. Religion
- c. National origin
- d. Sex
- 4. In 1988, the most recent amendment to the Civil Rights Act was passed. What two protected categories were added?
 - a. Religion and national origin
 - b. Gender preference and religion
 - c. Familial status and individuals with disabilities
 - d. Race and color

Fair Housing Complaint Trends

The National Fair Housing Alliance®, 2022 Fair-Housing Trend Report collects data regarding Fair Housing from the

- National Fair Housing Alliance Member Organizations (NFHA)
- The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
- Fair Housing Assistance Program (FHAP)
- Department of Justice (DOJ).

The following information is reprinted with permission from the National Fair Housing Alliance®, 2022 Fair-Housing Trend Report.

Complaint Data by Basis and Agency in 2021

Basis	NFHA Members	HUD	FHAPs	DOJ
Race	14.98%	29.4%	29.7%	19.4%
Disability	52.39%	57.7%	56.9%	50.0%
Familial Status	6.48%	8.4%	9.6%	8.3%
Sex	5.39%	15.8%	11.8%	11.1%
National Origin	4.10%	9.1%	10.2%	11.1%
Color	1.64%	2.9%	4.7%	0.0%
Religion	0.85%	1.9%	2.3%	8.3%
Other	14.17%	8.9%	13.6%	11.1%

Note: Some reported complaints included more than one basis of discrimination.

Housing Discrimination Complaints by Basis and Agency

These data show that among the four agencies, disability continues to be the category with the most complaints. One reason for this volume is that discrimination based on disability can be obvious, and therefore easier to describe in a complaint.

The second-most-reported type of housing discrimination was based on race, constituting 18.97% of all complaints. According to the *National Fair Housing Alliance®*, 2022 Fair-Housing Trend Report, "This is an increase in race-based complaints, as in 2020, race-based housing discrimination complaints made up 16.79% of complaints received." This represents an increase of approximately 3% of all complaints.

Discrimination against other protected classes such as familial status, sex, and national origin is generally more subtle and therefore harder to detect and report. Color and religion, as in previous reports made up the fewest number of reported cases.

Housing Discrimination Complaints by Transaction Type

The data in this section of the *National Fair Housing Alliance®*, 2022 Fair-Housing Trend Report are based on complaints received that occurred in rental, real estate sales, mortgage lending, and homeowners' insurance transactions. These data also include harassment and other complaints based on protected class.

As in previous years' reports, the highest number of complaints were related to rental housing. The *National Fair Housing Alliance®*, 2022 Fair-Housing Trend Report points to two reasons for this.

First, rental transactions are the most frequent type of housing transaction. Second, the simplicity of the transaction can make it easier to identify (or suspect) discrimination. In 2021,

the number of rental-related housing discrimination complaints increased by almost 10% over the previous year's data.

According to the report, "This increase in complaints is the result of higher demand and lower supply of available housing along with the continuing effects of the global pandemic. While the federal government took steps to bolster the economy, additional safeguards were needed to protect renter households from unfair and discriminatory practices. Such unfair practices can include landlords demanding three to five times the monthly rent for tenants to qualify and restricting the application process to online systems. These practices typically impact those already at a disadvantage for housing opportunities."

The second highest number of complaints were under the real estate sales transaction at 4.51%, which is dramatically lower than rental-related complaints.

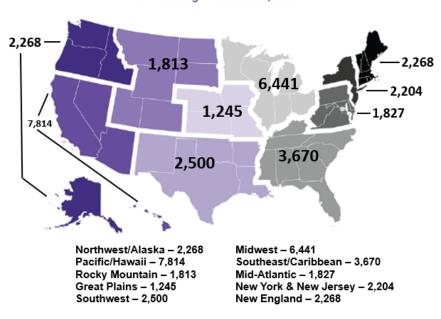
Complaints by Transaction Type in 2021

	Rental	Sales	Lending	Insurance	Harassment	Advertising	HOA/Condo	Other	Total
NFHA Members	20,085	653	188	31	882	271	150	414	22,674
HUD	1,304	199	114	3	0	0	0	476	2,093
FHAPs	4,090	556	92	2	0	0	0	1,675	6,413
DOJ	22	0	1	0	4	0	0	9	36
Total	25,501	1,408	395	36	886	271	150	2,574	31,216
Percent of Total	81.69%	4.51%	1.27%	0.12%	2.84%	0.87%	0.48%	8.25%	100.00%

Total Fair Housing Complaints by HUD Region

The map on the next page shows the total number of fair housing complaints by the 10 HUD regions for the United States. It shows data for all the agencies combined (FHAP, NFHA, HUD, and DOJ). According to the *National Fair Housing Alliance®*, 2022 Fair-Housing Trend Report, "... there are many states and localities that do not have a private or governmental fair housing enforcement agency. This can make it difficult for consumers to understand their fair housing rights and to know where and how to file a housing discrimination complaint.

Total Fair Housing Complaints by HUD Region Fair Housing Trends Data, 2021



Fair Housing Investigations

The following are two fair housing investigations affecting Texas homebuyers and homeowners. Both cases involve fair housing laws and the agencies that enforce them. These cases appear in the National Fair Housing Alliance®, 2022 Fair-Housing Trend Report.

National Fair Housing Alliance v. Redfin

In April 2022, the National Fair Housing Alliance, along with nine local fair housing organizations, agreed to settle a race discrimination lawsuit with Redfin Corporation. The plaintiffs alleged Redfin "redlined communities of color in this digital age by setting minimum home listing prices in each housing market on its website under which it will not offer any real estate brokerage services to buyers or sellers." They charged that Redfin's practices perpetuated separate and unequal housing markets based on race in violation of the Fair Housing Act.

Under the terms of the settlement agreement, Redfin agreed to change its minimum housing price policy and implement changes to other practices to increase its services and help counter redlining and residential segregation. It will pay the plaintiffs a total of \$4 million.

Texas Housers v. State of Texas

In March 2022, HUD issued letters of findings that the State of Texas violated Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987 by unlawfully discriminating based on race in its distribution of disaster relief funding.

In their complaint, Texas Housers and Northeast Action Collective alleged that the State of Texas was awarding funding to prevent and mitigate disaster to white neighborhoods and depriving that same funding to those in need who reside in historically black and Hispanic neighborhoods. If the parties are unable to agree to a voluntary resolution, HUD may refer the complainant to the Department of Justice

for resolution.

Exceptions to the Fair Housing Act

The Fair Housing Act applies to most, but not all, types of housing. Some exceptions to the Fair Housing Act are as follows:

- Owner-occupied buildings with four or fewer units.
- Single-family homes rented without using a broker. There are caveats to this, but the broker part is what you should note.
- Religious organizations. This is complicated, so if you are doing work on behalf of a religious organization, know the limits of this exception.
- · Private clubs and housing for the elderly.

TREC Rules Related to Discriminatory Practices

The Texas Real Estate Commission has rules regarding discriminatory practices. Section 1101.652(b)(32) of the Texas Occupations Code authorizes TREC to suspend or revoke a license if the license holder, while acting as a broker or sales agent, discriminates against an owner, potential buyer, landlord, or potential tenant on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, national origin, or ancestry, including directing a prospective buyer or tenant interested in equivalent properties to a different area based on race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, national origin, or ancestry of the potential owner or tenant.

The statute above is reflected in TREC rules under Chapter 531, Canons of Professional Ethics and Conduct, which states in Section 531.19, Discriminatory Practices:

(a) No real estate license holder shall inquire about, respond to, or facilitate inquiries about, or make a disclosure of an owner, previous or current occupant, potential purchaser, lessor, or potential lessee of real property which indicates or is intended to indicate any preference, limitation, or

discrimination based on the following:

- (1) race;
- (2) color;
- (3) religion;
- (4) sex;
- (5) national origin;
- (6) ancestry;
- (7) familial status; or
- (8) disability.

(b) For the purpose of this section, disability includes AIDS, HIV-related illnesses, or HIV infection as defined by the Centers for Disease Control of the United States Public Health Service.

National Association of Realtors (NAR) Code of Ethics and Standards of Practice

Members of the Realtor organization must also consider the NAR Code of Ethics and Standards of Practice. Article 10 says Realtors shall not deny equal professional services to any person or be parties to any plan to discriminate for reasons of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, national origin, sexual orientation, or gender identity.

In November 2020 and again in January 2023, NAR approved a series of recommendations from NAR's Professional Standards Committee that extend the application of Article 10 of the Code of Ethics to discriminatory speech and conduct outside of members' real estate practices. Standard of Practice 10-5 says Realtors must not use harassing speech, hate speech, epithets, or slurs based on race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status, national origin, sexual orientation, or gender identity.

Definitions and FAQs Courtesy of NAR

Harassing Speech: Speech that is intended to threaten, intimidate, denigrate, or otherwise harass a person or group of people.

Hate Speech: Speech that is intended to insult, offend, or intimidate a person because of some trait (such as race, religion, sexual orientation, national origin, or disability).

Epithets: A characterizing word or phrase

accompanying or occurring in place of the name of a person or thing; A disparaging or abusive word or phrase.

Slurs: Insulting or disparaging remark or innuendo; aspersion; A shaming or degrading effect; Stain or stigma.

Q. What is the difference between discrimination based on race versus color?

A. Race discrimination is treating people differently based on their ancestral or cultural characteristics. Color discrimination is treating people differently based on their skin color but can occur between persons of different and/or the same race. Color relates to the pigmentation of the skin. Color discrimination may occur between people of the same race who have different skin tones. Color and race discrimination may occur at the same time but are also independent concepts.

Q. What is the difference between discrimination based on national origin versus ancestry?

A. Ancestry refers to the place where your ancestors came from, and though different from national origin (which refers to the place where you were born), the two types of discrimination are closely tied. Discrimination based on ancestry is often tied to race, color, and nationality. It can take many forms, but generally is based on language, physical appearance, cultural customs or dress, or a combination of these

Does TREC Enforce the National Association of Realtors (NAR) Code of Ethics?

TREC is the government agency that regulates real estate license holders in Texas. When a license holder violates TREC rules or state laws, TREC can take disciplinary action that can include license suspension or revocation.

The NAR Code of Ethics is enforced statewide by Texas Realtors, the voluntary membership organization for real estate license holders. TREC does not enforce the NAR Code of Ethics and complaints should go to Texas Realtors.



What is Bias and Why Does it Matter in Real Estate?

Bias is a disproportionate weight in favor of or against an idea or thing. No one is completely free from bias, and often those feelings are innocuous. For instance, you may hold a bias against a certain college football team because it is your alma mater's football rival. Or you might think Texas barbecue is the best in the country. Typically, these biases don't keep you from becoming friends with people who attended your rival college, or from tasting the barbecue style of pitmasters from Nashville or Kansas City.

Bias becomes harmful when it results in actions that are closed-minded, prejudicial, or unfair. Biases can be innate or learned. People may develop biases for or against an individual, a group, or a belief.

Knowing what bias is and how it comes up in the practice of real estate means you will be able to spot it and intervene as appropriate. Being able to identify the three different types of bias below is a key tool in recognizing and addressing your own biases (and how they could impact your duties to your client and the ethical practice of real estate).

Take a look see if you can identify any of your own, or any that you have seen in your practice. With these descriptions in mind, walk through the activities that follow.

Cognitive Bias

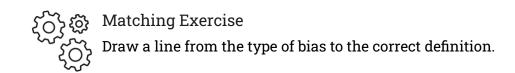
Cognitive bias happens when a person recognizes the impact of biases on the judgment of others, while failing to see the impact of biases on one's own judgment.

Implicit Biases

Implicit bias often occurs unintentionally and affects judgments, behaviors, and decisions. This kind of bias occurs as the brain makes judgments based on past experiences, education, and background.

Unconscious Biases

Unconscious biases are learned attitudes or social stereotypes about an individual, a group or a belief that comes from outside one's own conscious awareness. Unconscious biases can involuntarily affect the way we think and act. Unconscious bias and beliefs often stem from one's tendency to organize social worlds by categorizing.



Biases Seeing the bias in others but failing to see the

impact of biases on one's own judgment.

Cognitive Bias This kind of bias occurs automatically as

the brain makes judgments based on past experiences, education, and background.

Implicit Biases Disproportionate weight in favor of or against

an idea or thing, usually in a way that is closed-minded, prejudicial, or unfair.

Unconscious Bias Learned attitudes or social stereotypes about

certain groups of people that individuals from

outside their own conscious awareness.

Mrs. Hottenshot Sells Her Home

Imogene, a licensed sales agent for Big City Realty, has a listing appointment this afternoon at a house in her farm area. She is excited about the opportunity, but a little nervous because the seller, Mrs. Hottenshot, is a referral from her mom. Mrs. Hottenshot and Imogene's mom are friends, involved in several community groups together, and have lunch together every month.

Imogene is well prepared for the appointment. Like all listing opportunities, she has provided Mrs. Hottenshot with a packet of information introducing herself and her company. Imogene included market information about the neighborhood in her presentation. She has a detailed CMA and a marketing plan to attract the most probable buyers. Although Imogene hasn't been inside Mrs. Hottenshot's home, she has sold several properties on the same culde-sac over the years.

When Imogene arrives at Mrs. Hottenshot's home, she gathers her materials from the car and nearly dances her way to the front door in her excitement to help one of her mom's friends. "This is going to be great," she thinks as she rings the doorbell.

The two greet each other warmly. Before inviting Imogene inside, Mrs. Hottenshot walks Imogene out into the front yard. As she points down the peaceful tree-lined street, she tells Imogene about her neighbors.

"What a great street!" thinks Imogene.

"Such a friendly neighborhood. This sale should be a snap," exclaims Imogene. "I can see how anyone would want to live here."

Mrs. Hottenshot jolts to a stop and turns to Imogene with a frown.

"I don't think you understand, Imogene," says Mrs. Hottenshot. "I need to know what potential buyers look like before they can view my home. You see, there are only people like me who live on this street. If I let the wrong kind of people buy my house, the entire street and neighborhood could be ruined. I don't want to be responsible for that. I have a responsibility to my neighbors to keep this neighborhood up."

Imogene isn't sure how to respond. She decides to start by explaining the Fair Housing Act and how she as a license holder must act. Imogene lists the protected classes under the law.

Not to be denied her opinion, Mrs. Hottenshot continues. She proclaims with great determination, "I will only sell my house to someone who looks like me and who was born right here in our great country."



Discussion Questions

- If you were Imagene, how would you respond to Mrs. Hottenshot?
- What should Imogene say to her broker

What is Steering When Showing Properties?

Steering in real estate is about showing properties—or not showing properties—based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, or disability. It includes directing clients to view property in certain neighborhoods or not providing information on housing available in certain areas because of a particular status.

Steering is a violation of fair housing laws. License holders must keep their biases in check and not make assumptions based on stereotypes. Consumers must be allowed to choose which communities and neighborhoods they want to live in. Here are two different examples with the same result.

Agent Kirin and Client Aaron

Sales agent Kirin is a devout Christian and active in his church. He lives in a part of town with many families who are members of the same church.

Client Aaron has asked Kirin to view rental properties, specifically some available near Kirin's neighborhood. Aaron is single, and mentioned in passing to Kirin that he is Jewish.

Although Kirin knows there are some available rental properties in his neighborhood, Kirin tells him that part of town is only families, and that Aaron would probably be more comfortable with a property closer to the local synagogue where he might "fit in better."

Aaron doesn't know what to do. He was shocked when Kirin told him he wouldn't fit in because of his religion and feels like he can't ask Kirin to show him what is available in his desired neighborhood.



Discussion Questions

- How is this an example of steering?
- How could Kirin avoid steering Aaron?
- What would you tell Aaron to do in this scenario?

Agent Kylie and the New Family in Town

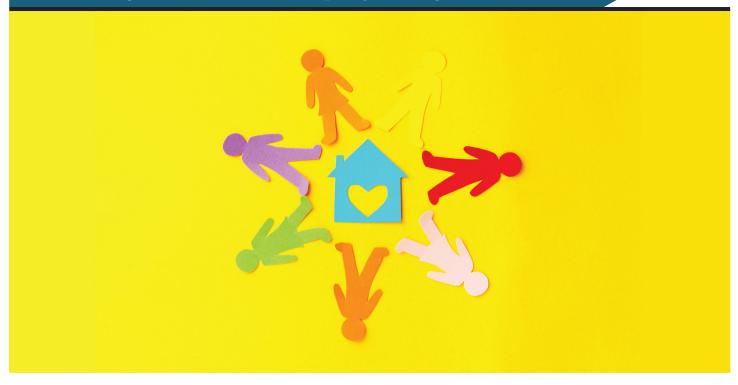
Sales agent Kylie's clients, a Pakistani family, has asked to view rental properties close to their new workplace, as they do not want a long commute. However, Kylie is excited to show them properties in another part of town with a high population of Pakistani families and a thriving Pakistani cultural center. Kylie is certain that once the family sees the two rental properties next to the cultural center, they will definitely want to take one despite the longer commute to work. Sure, there are other rental properties near the office where the family "thinks" they want to live, but she isn't going to tell them about those. She knows they will thank her for finding a place where they will feel right at home.



Discussion Questions

- How is this an example of steering?
- How is this scenario different from the one with Kirin and Aaron, and how is it similar?
- How could Kylie avoid steering the new family in town?

Chapter 4 Fair Housing: Do's and Don'ts, Property Management



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 - Fair Housing Don'ts
 - Fair Housing Best Practices
- 35 The Fair Housing Poster
- 36 Resources for Fair Housing Information
 Fair Housing and Rental Properties
- 37 Fair Housing and Disability Rights
- 38 Activity: What Would You Do? Fair Housing Edition
- 41 Assistance Animal Requests
- 43 Laws Related to Fair Housing From the 88th Texas Legislature

Learning Objectives

After this chapter, you will be able to

- ✓ Describe best practices for advertising and marketing related to fair housing.
- ✓ Recall resources for fair housing information and assistance.
- Understand the rights of tenants with disabilities under the Fair Housing Act.
- ✓ Understand the differences between reasonable accommodations and modifications.

Fair Housing Advertising and Marketing Prohibitions

Under the Fair Housing Act, it is illegal for anyone to:

- Advertise or make any statement that indicates a limitation or preference based on race, religion, color, sex, national origin, disability, or familial status. This prohibition against discriminatory advertising applies to all housing, including single-family and owner-occupied housing that is otherwise exempt from the Texas Fair Housing Act.
- Harass, coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with anyone exercising a fair housing right or assisting others who exercise their fair housing rights.

Did you notice that we said it is illegal for anyone to do these things? By anyone, we (and the government) mean anyone. While there are certain carve outs for certain types of properties, this prohibition applies to all, including owner-occupied buildings and single-family residences.

Fair Housing Don'ts

As a license holder, you have a lot on your todo list. But this don'ts list will keep you out of fair housing hot water.

Under the federal Fair Housing Act and Texas Fair Housing Act, no one may take any of the following actions in the sale and rental of housing based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability, or familial status.

- · Refuse to rent or sell housing.
- Refuse to negotiate for housing.
- Advertise housing to preferred groups of people only.
- Show apartments or homes in certain neighborhoods only.
- Say that housing is unavailable for inspection, sale or rental when in fact it is available.

- Set different terms, conditions or privileges for sale or rental of a dwelling.
- Provide different housing services or facilities.
- Deny access to or membership in a facility or service (such as a multiple listing service) related to the sale or rental of housing.
- Refuse to make certain modifications or accommodations for people with disabilities.

Helpful Resource Alert!

The Office of the Governor is committed to ensuring Texans are treated in accordance with the law when it comes to fair housing. In fact, the Governor has an entire page that contains various resources, links, explanations, and important guidance related to fair housing in the State of Texas. You can find that page at gov. texas.gov/organization/disabilities/housing.

Fair Housing Best Practices

Understand your responsibilities as a license holder under federal and state fair housing laws. This book contains a lot of information, but there are also a lot of resources and training modules available online through HUD and TDHCA that go into more detail. You can learn about fair housing in every area of real estate.

Provide your sponsored agents training about fair housing. If you are a broker, it is your duty to ensure your sponsored agents are current on real estate laws and regulations. It makes your sponsored agents better at what they do and more confident in identifying fair housing issues that may impact your clients.

Don't assume you know which housing choice best "fits" your client. These assumptions are often based on their disability, familial status, or protected classes.

Give your clients all the information about all of the available properties that meet their stated criteria.

Bonus tip: Focus on a client's budget and not personal assumptions on where you believe they should live. Find housing options that meet the budget and any other requested criteria.

Be mindful of sharing your personal opinion instead of facts, especially descriptions of neighborhoods, schools, or crime.

Don't be afraid to say you cannot answer certain questions. You are not allowed to answer questions like, "What kind of people live in this neighborhood?" because of fair housing laws. That is not a breach of your fiduciary duty—you are following the law.

Understand the difference between a request for reasonable accommodation and reasonable modification. Having that knowledge will help you help your client.

Make a difference!
Commit to treating all
your clients and parties
to a transaction fairly. Do
not assume that you "don't
discriminate," so therefore
you don't need to be worried
about fair housing.

Teach those around you. A license holder committed to doing the right thing under fair housing and actively working to teach the real estate community about fair housing is a big step in the right direction.

The Fair Housing Poster

No office is complete without a few inspirational posters related to teamwork! But did vou know there's another poster that is even more important than those? It's the federal Fair Housing Poster, which provides a brief summary of the Fair Housing Act and relevant HUD contact information for individuals who believe they have experienced unlawful discrimination. The poster must be prominently displayed and readily apparent to anyone seeking

U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

We Do Business in Accordance With the Federal Fair Housing Law
(The Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988)

It is illegal to Discriminate Against Any Person Because of Race, Color, Religion, Sex, Handicap, Familial Status, or National Origin

In the sale or rental of housing or residential lots
In advertising the sale or rental of housing or In the appraisal of housing or In the appraisal of housing or Blockbusting is also illegal

Anyone who feels he or the has been discriminated against may like complaint of the sale of the last been discriminated against may like complaint of the sale of the last been discriminated against may like complaint of the sale of the last been discriminated against may like complaint of the sale of the last been discriminated against may like complaint of the sale of the last been discriminated against may like a sale of the last been discriminated against may like a sale of the last been discriminated against may like a sale of the last like a sale of last like a sale of the last like a sale of the last like a sale

housing accommodations. Where you must post the poster depends on the type of property being offered sale or rent.

- Single-family dwellings (not being offered for sale or rental in conjunction with the sale or rental of other dwellings): There must be a Fair Housing poster at any place of business where the dwelling is offered for sale or rental (like a broker's office).
- Other dwellings: The Fair Housing poster must be posted at any place of business where the dwelling is offered for sale or rental and the dwelling. This is true unless the single-family dwelling is being offered for sale or rental with other dwellings and poster is maintained at model dwellings—posted at the beginning of construction and throughout construction.

There are required dimensions for the Fair Housing Poster. You can find it online on the HUD website.

Failure to properly display the Fair Housing Poster is considered *prima facie* evidence of discrimination, meaning it is presumed you discriminated against the person who made a complaint against you if you don't have the poster properly displayed. Not to get too lawyerly on you, but that is a really big deal!

Cc:	
Cc: Subject: Resources for Fair Housing Information	
From: Hide My Email	
Dear TREC, I am an engaged broker and would like to ensure housing in Texas. This is especially true as I am of housing in Texas. This is especially true as I am of the property in leasing and property management. I just got an email from one of my agents that say real estate isn't just going to make me an autom and I need to pay my own rent, so I was thinking some leasing and property management, boss. Help! Where can I go to learn more about fair in Sincerely,	ays, "Turns out natic millionaire g I would try out . Is that cool?"

Resources for Fair Housing Information

This exchange between the Engaged Broker and

TREC contains helpful links to the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (tdhca.state.tx.us/), the Texas Workforce Commission (twc. texas.gov), and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (hud.gov) websites providing fair housing information and assistance. However, did you know that counties and municipalities in Texas may have additional housing discrimination laws to protect additional groups that may exceed federal protections? For example, veterans are a protected status in San Antonio. The Austin Municipal Code includes gender identity, creed, age, and student status as protected classes. To find out about existing additional protections in your county or municipality, contact your local Legal Aid Office using TXLawHelp.org.

Fair Housing and Rental Properties

The Fair Housing Act prohibits discrimination in the sale, rental, and financing of dwellings, and in other housing-related transactions, based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, and familial status. You may have missed the "rental" component of that in the chapter before, but it is crucial that license holders engaging in leasing and property management understand rental properties are governed by the Fair Housing Act.

If you don't understand these concepts and how they apply in the rental market, you could be on a dangerous path and ultimately harm consumers.

To: Engaged Broker Subject: Resources for Fair Housing Information From: • Hide My Email Dear Engaged Broker, Thank you for being an engaged broker! The decision to sponsor agents is a big one for your business, and it comes with a lot of responsibility, so a big one for your business, and it comes with a lot of responsibility, so much so that TREC even wrote a whole class on broker responsibility---but Making sure that you and your sponsored agents understand fair housing in Taxae is crucial. The Taxae Denartment of Housing and Community Affaire. Making sure that you and your sponsored agents understand fair nousing in Texas is crucial. The <u>Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs</u> lexas is crucial. The <u>Texas Department of Housing and Community Allian</u> offers a lot of resources on fair housing in Texas, including trainings and presentations that are easily accessed. The Texas Workforce Commission presentations that are easily accessed. If I lexas vyorkiorce commisses also has quite a bit of information on its website related to fair housing. Additionally, the federal government has a whole host of resources Additionally, the regeral government has a whole host of resources available on multiple websites related to fair housing both as it relates to available on multiple websites related to fair nousing both as it relates to leasing/property management and to the sale of real property. A great place leasing/property management and to the sale of real property. A great plat of thousing and Urban Development. Your This information is also a great resource for clients, customers, friends, and finis information is also a great resource for clients, customers, friends, a family to learn about fair housing and to access a variety of programs to help consumers when it comes to housing needs. With an attitude like yours, you will only be on TREC's radar when it's time to renew your license! TREC

Even if leasing and property management is not your area of practice, make sure you pay close attention. You never know when your area of practice is going to change. Plus, being knowledgeable in fair housing in any type of brokerage activity will only make you a better license holder who can spot discrimination and speak up!

Two separate laws provide rights for people with disabilities: The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and the state and federal Fair Housing Act. This section will focus on the Fair Housing Act because it applies to private property.

Fair Housing and Disability Rights

What is a Disability?

Under the Fair Housing Act, a disability means a physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more of a person's major life activities, a record of the impairment, or being regarded as having an impairment.

Below are some specific prohibitions related to disability under the Fair Housing Act. Every license holder should be mindful of these rights for renters with disabilities.

- Housing providers may not refuse to rent housing to a person with a disability because of that disability.
- Housing providers may not have tenant selection criteria, fees, or conditions that are different from those applied or provided to people without disabilities.
- Housing providers cannot require people with disabilities to only live on certain floors or certain areas of the community.
- Housing providers cannot refuse to make repairs or limit access to public or common areas, parking privileges, or services available to other residents.

Reasonable Accommodation Requests

People with disabilities have a right to request a reasonable accommodation, which is a change in rules, policies, practices, or services necessary so someone with a disability has an equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling, including public and common-use areas. When feasible, housing providers like landlords and property managers are required to provide reasonable accommodations when tenants or prospective tenants make a request because of their disability. Costs associated with reasonable accommodation requests are at the landlord's expense.

However, there has to be a connection between the requested accommodation and the disability. Just because someone has a

Reasonable Modification Requests

Some prospective or current tenants may request a reasonable modification. A reasonable modification under the Fair Housing Act is a structural change made to an existing premises, occupied or to be occupied by a person with a disability, in an effort to afford such person full enjoyment of the premises.

Examples of modifications that typically are reasonable include widening doorways to make rooms more accessible for people using wheelchairs, installing grab bars in bathrooms, adding a ramp to make a primary entrance accessible, or altering a walkway to provide access to a public or common-use area.

Importantly, the Fair Housing Act provides that the tenant is generally responsible for costs associated with a reasonable modification.

disability and makes a request doesn't mean it has to be granted. Here are other tips about reasonable accommodation requests.

- Requests can be verbal or written.
- There are no specific words, like reasonable accommodation, that must be included in a request.
- Requests can be from the person with the disability, by a family member of that person, or someone else requesting it on a person's behalf.

If a request meets all the requirements but the property owner or manager still refuses to make a reasonable accommodation, this could be unlawful discrimination.



What Would You Do? Fair Housing Edition

What Would You Do? was a popular television reality show. Using the knowledge you have gained, how would you react to the following episodes of What Would You Do? - Fair Housing Edition?

Episode One

Mary-Anne drives by a lovely one-story home in a coveted cul-de-sac with a for lease sign in the yard and snaps a picture to schedule a showing. With her lease ending soon, Mary-Anne feels the property is too good for her and her son to miss out on.

Mary-Anne's son David is an Olympian who would like to be within 15 minutes driving time from his training gym.

Mary-Anne meets the agent at the property, tours the home, and falls in love. David's gym is just one exit from the home. She is on a video call with David, who is at practice, throughout the process to let him see the home. They both agree to file an application right away. David says he will head straight to the home after practice to view it himself before submitting their paperwork.

Everything is good until David makes his way into the living room where Mary-Anne and real estate agent Judy are talking. David introduces himself to Judy and tells her he competes in wheelchair archery.

Judy's smile begins to falter when David asks whether the landlord will allow them to make modifications to the home while renting, including adding a ramp to the front door to make it easier for him to access the home.

Judy knows that her clients said they want to "maintain the integrity of the neighborhood" and would be very hesitant to allow certain modifications



Discussion Questions

How should Judy approach this situation?

_	Notes			
•				

Episode Two

Malika and Darius Daniels, a Black couple, are looking to buy three residential investment properties to lease. The husband-and-wife team already own five properties and share over 15 years of leasing experience between them. They arrive to tour the Lantana Lofts with agent Kevin Nguyen, a Realtor who seems uninterested in showing the couple the three available units.

Malika loves the units and tells Darius they should put an offer in on all three. He agrees and lets Kevin know. Kevin expresses concerns over whether Malika and Darius will be able to qualify for the financing. Darius suspects something is amiss but assures Kevin that they can afford the units and are purchasing with cash.

Kevin then says that he is reluctant to sell to the couple because he does not feel they will fit in. He says he advertised the property as being in a "vibrant Vietnamese community ... mere minutes from Asiatown," which set off alarm bells in the couple's heads. Before they leave, Kevin insists that they visit another property down the road before submitting an offer with him.

On the car ride to the next property, Darius tells Malika he feels they are being discriminated against, and she agrees they should look into filing a complaint.



Discussion Questions

- If you were Darius or Malika, would you move forward with filing a complaint?
- What federal or state fair housing laws, TREC Rules, or NAR Code of Ethics violations may Kevin be facing?

Episode Three

Victor wants a change of scenery and is looking for a new property before his lease ends. He finds an option online and contacts Jose, a license holder and the property owner. During the walkthrough, Jose, who is Latino like Victor, told Victor he usually has white tenants because he never has problems with them. Victor assured Jose he would take good care of the unit if approved. Jose told him everyone says that before moving in.

Though anxious of remarks during the showing, Victor submitted his rental application. After completing the initial steps, Victor asked Jose to provide him with an approval letter to receive payment assistance for his security deposit. Jose refused, which keeps Victor from renting.



Discussion Questions

- If you were Victor, what would be your next steps?
- Why do you think Jose refused to provide Victor with the approval letter?
- What type of bias did Jose have against Victor?





Assistance Animal Requests

Animals that provide assistance, perform tasks for the benefit of a person with a disability, or provide emotional support that alleviates one or more identified effects of a person's disability are considered assistance animals. People with assistance animals can request a reasonable accommodation to allow their assistance animal to live with them. This is true even in properties that have a "no pets policy." According to HUD, an assistance animal is not a pet. Under the law, assistance animals do not have to have a certificate or specific training.

\$ (3)

No Pets Means No Pets?

Sales agent Nicola's client Anna has an assistance animal named Rocko. Nicola doesn't know exactly what the large dog does, but she knows Rocko assists Anna with her disability.

Nicola shows her client a property that seems ideal. She later finds out that property has a strict no pets policy, even for assistance animals. Nicola has a feeling this is illegal, but she has only ever seen dogs used as service animals for blind people, so maybe Rocko isn't considered an assistance animal.

Better to be safe than sorry in this tough rental market, she thinks. She advises her client to move on in her search, because no pets means no pets.



Discussion Questions

What should Nicola have done in this scenario?

The scenario discussed in "No Pets Means No Pets?" is an example of where the prospective tenant had a right to request a reasonable accommodation for her assistance animal.

Let's change that scenario up a bit and make it so that the landlord allowed pets but charged a monthly "pet rent."

In that case, the landlord would have likely needed to make a change to the "pet rent" policy to exempt Anna's assistance animal from the pet rent as a reasonable accommodation.

Notes			

HUD Information About Assistance Animals

https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/fair_housing_equal_opp/assistance_animals

HUD Memo on Assistance Animals

https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/PA/documents/HUDAsstAnimalNC1-28-2020.pdf



Laws Related to Fair Housing From the 88th Texas Legislature

House Bill 567: The Crown Act (Creating a Respectful and Open World for Natural Hair)

The Texas Fair Housing Act was amended to add a new section related to racial discrimination based on hair texture or protective hairstyle. Section 301.0045 of the Property Code states that discrimination because of race or on the basis of race under the Texas Fair Housing Act includes discrimination because of or on the basis of a person's hair texture or protective hairstyle commonly or historically associated with race. It also states that "protective hairstyle" includes braids, locks, and twists.

House Bill 1193: Section 8 and Property Owners' Associations

As a result of House Bill 1193, property owners' associations cannot prohibit a property owner from leasing to a tenant based on the tenant's method of payment, like Section 8. Section 8 is a federal housing voucher program designed to assist low-income families, the elderly, and people with disabilities afford housing by

subsidizing a portion of their rent.

This legislation came after a North
Texas association drew criticism for
adopting a policy banning Section 8 tenants.
This policy would have displaced nearly
600 residents, 93% of which were Black.
Subsequently, both the Department of
Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and
the U.S. Department of Justice had begun
investigating whether this policy violated
the federal Fair Housing Act.

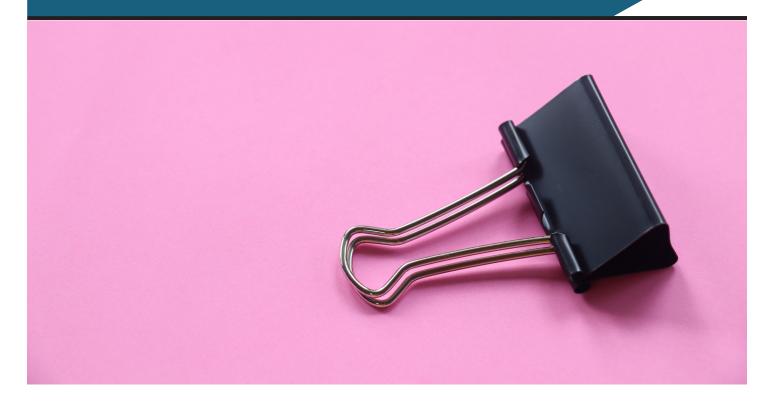
House Bill 1193, which amends Chapter 202 of the Texas Property Code, applies to all property owners' associations, including condominiums.

Am I an Expert on Fair Housing Now?

These last two chapters have touched on some very important topics related to fair housing. However, fair housing is complex and ever evolving in both practice and the law. The more you know about fair housing, the better. Continue learning about fair housing so you are compliant in your practice and so you can spot issues when you see them.

Remember, fair housing is fair for everyone!

Legal Update I: Appendices



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Appendix A – Redline Promulgated Forms and Addenda

<u>11-07-2022</u>[11-08



PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC) ONE TO FOUR FAMILY RESIDENTIAL CONTRACT (RESALE)

_	REC NOTICE: Not For Use For Condominium Transactions
	Seller) and(Buyer). Seller agrees to sell and convey to Buyer and Buyer agrees to buy from Seller the Property defined pelow.
	PROPERTY: The land, improvements and accessories are collectively referred to as the Property Property).
	A. LAND: Lot Block,, County of, County of, Texas, known as (address/zip code), or as described on attached exhibit.
	Addition, City of, County of, Texas, known as
	above-described real property, including without limitation, the following permanently installed and built-in items, if any: all equipment and appliances, valances, screens, shutters, awnings, wall-to-wall carpeting, mirrors, ceiling fans, attic fans, mail boxes, television antennas, mounts and brackets for televisions and speakers, heating and air-conditioning units, security and fire detection equipment, wiring, plumbing and lighting fixtures, chandeliers, water
	softener system, kitchen equipment, garage door openers, cleaning equipment, shrubbery, landscaping, outdoor cooking equipment, and all other property attached to the above described real property. C. ACCESSORIES: The following described related accessories, if any: window air conditioning units, stove, fireplace screens, curtains and rods, blinds, window shades, draperies and rods, door keys, mailbox keys, above ground pool, swimming pool equipment and maintenance accessories, artificial fireplace logs, security systems that are not fixtures, and controls for: (i) garage doors, (ii) entry gates, and (iii) other improvements and accessories. "Controls" includes Seller's transferable rights to the (i) software and applications used to access and control improvements or accessories, and (iii) hardware used solely to control improvements or
	accessories. D. EXCLUSIONS: The following improvements and accessories will be retained by Seller and must be removed prior to delivery of possession:
	E. RESERVATIONS: Any reservation for oil, gas, or other minerals, water, timber, or other interests is made in accordance with an attached addendum.
3.	SALES PRICE:
	A. Cash portion of Sales Price payable by Buyer at closing\$ The term "Cash portion of the Sales Price" does not include proceeds from borrowing of any kind or selling other real property except as disclosed in this contract.
	3. Sum of all financing described in the attached: $lacktriangle$ Third Party Financing Addendum,
	□ Loan Assumption Addendum, □ Seller Financing Addendum\$
4.	E. Sales Price (Sum of A and B)
	A. RESIDENTIAL LEASES: The Property is subject to one or more residential leases and the Addendum Regarding Residential Leases is attached to this contract.
	3. FIXTURE LEASES: Fixtures on the Property are subject to one or more fixture leases (for example, solar panels, propane tanks, water softener, security system) and the Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases is attached to this contract.
u	C. NATURAL RESOURCE LEASES: "Natural Resource Lease" means an existing oil and gas, mineral, water, wind, or other natural resource lease affecting the Property to which Seller is a party.
	(1) Seller has delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases.
	(2) Seller has not delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases. Seller shall provide to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases within 3 days after the Effective Date. Buyer may terminate the contract within days after the date the Buyer receives all the Natural Resource Leases and the earnest money shall be refunded to Buyer.

Contract Concerning(Address of Preparty)	Page 2 of 11 <u>11-07-2022[</u> 11-0
2021] (Address of Property) 5. EARNEST MONEY AND TERMINATION OPTION:	
A. DELIVERY OF EARNEST MONEY AND OPTION FEE: Within 3 days after	er the Effective Date Buyer
must deliver to (Es	scrow Agent) [, as escrow
must deliver to (Esagent, at (address): as earnest money and \$ (address) as the Option Fee. The Fee shall be made payable to Escrow Agent[escrow agent] and may	\$
as earnest money and \$ as the Option Fee. The	e earnest money and Option
combined in a single payment.	be paid separately or
	to <u>Escrow Agent</u>
[escrow agent] within days after the Effective Date of this	contract.
[escrow agent] within days after the Effective Date of this (2) If the last day to deliver the earnest money, Option Fee, or the	e additional earnest money
falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the time to deliver	the earnest money, Option
Fee, or the additional earnest money, as applicable, is extende day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.	d until the end of the flext
(3) The amount(s) <u>Escrow Agent</u> [escrow agent] receives under this	paragraph shall be applied
first to the Option Fee, then to the earnest money, and then	n to the additional earnest
money. (4) Buyer authorizes <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u> to release and deli	iver the Ontion Fee to Seller
at any time without further notice to or consent from Buyer,	and releases <u>Escrow Agent</u>
[escrow agent] from liability for delivery of the Option Fee to Se	eller. The Option Fee will be
credited to the Sales Price at closing.	which Collar acknowledges
B. TERMINATION OPTION: For nominal consideration, the receipt of and Buyer's agreement to pay the Option Fee within the time requi	red Seller grants Buyer the
unrestricted right to terminate this contract by giving notice of t	
days after the Effective Date of this contract (Option F	Period). Notices under this
paragraph must be given by 5:00 p.m. (local time where the Prop	erty is located) by the date
specified. If Buyer gives notice of termination within the time presc	
not be refunded and Escrow Agent [Esc	
C. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER EARNEST MONEY: If Buyer fails to	
within the time required, Seller may terminate this contract or exer	cise Seller's remedies under
Paragraph 15, or both, by providing notice to Buyer before Buyer de	
D. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER OPTION FEE: If no dollar amount is st Buyer fails to deliver the Option Fee within the time required,	
unrestricted right to terminate this contract under this paragraph 5.	buyer shall not have the
E. TIME: Time is of the essence for this paragraph and strict con	npliance with the time for
performance is required.	
6. TITLE POLICY AND SURVEY:	
A. TITLE POLICY: Seller shall furnish to Buyer at Seller's Buyer's	expense an owner policy of
title insurance (Title Policy) issued byin the amount of the Sales Price, dated at or after closing, insuring E	(Title Company)
provisions of the Title Policy, subject to the promulgated exclusions	c (including existing building
and zoning ordinances) and the following exceptions:	s (including existing building
(1) Restrictive covenants common to the platted subdivision in which	the Property is located.
(2) The standard printed exception for standby fees, taxes and asses	ssments.
(3) Liens created as part of the financing described in Paragraph 3.(4) Utility easements created by the dedication deed or plat of the control of the con	ne subdivision in which the
Property is located.	
(5) Reservations or exceptions otherwise permitted by this contract	or as may be approved by
Buyer in writing. (6) The standard printed exception as to marital rights.	
(7) The standard printed exception as to waters, tidelands, beau	ches, streams, and related
matters. (8) The standard printed exception as to discrepancies, conflicts, sh	ortagos in aroa or houndary
lines, encroachments or protrusions, or overlapping improvement	
(i) will not be amended or deleted from the title policy; or	
(ii) will be amended to read, "shortages in area" at the expense of	of U Buyer U Seller.
(9) The exception or exclusion regarding minerals approved by Insurance.	the rexas Department of
B. COMMITMENT: Within 20 days after the Title Company receives a	copy of this contract, Seller
shall furnish to Buyer a commitment for title insurance (Commitmer	nt) and, at Buyer's expense,
legible copies of restrictive covenants and documents evidencing ex- (Exception Documents) other than the standard printed exceptions	ceptions in the Commitment
Company to deliver the Commitment and Exception Documents to	o Buyer at Buyer's address
shown in Paragraph 21. If the Commitment and Exception Docu	ments are not delivered to
Buyer within the specified time, the time for delivery will be autor days or 3 days before the Closing Date, whichever is earlier. If the	natically extended up to 15
Documents are not delivered within the time required, Buyer may	terminate this contract and
the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.	and the second second
nitialed for identification by Puyer and Coller	TREC NO. 20 17[16

2021] (Address of Property) Chapter 49, Texas Water Code, requires Seller to deliver and Buyer to sign the statutory

notice relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness, or standby fee of the district prior to final execution of this contract.

- (4) TIDE WATERS: If the Property abuts the tidally influenced waters of the state, §33.135, Texas Natural Resources Code, requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or required by the parties must be used.
- (5) ANNEXATION: If the Property is located outside the limits of a municipality, Seller notifies Buyer under §5.011, Texas Property Code, that the Property may now or later be included in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality and may now or later be subject to annexation by the municipality. Each municipality maintains a map that depicts its boundaries and extraterritorial jurisdiction. To determine if the Property is located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information.
- (6) PROPERTY LOCATED IN A CERTIFICATED SERVICE AREA OF A UTILITY SERVICE PROVIDER: Notice required by §13.257, Water Code: The real property, described in Paragraph 2, that you are about to purchase may be located in a certificated water or sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the properties in the certificated area. If your property is located in a certificated area there may be special costs or charges that you will be required to pay before you can receive water or sewer service. There may be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide water or sewer service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a certificated area and contact the utility service provider to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to provide water or sewer service to your property. The undersigned Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice at or before the execution of a binding contract for the purchase of the real property described in Paragraph 2 or at closing of purchase of the real property.
- (7) PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS: If the Property is in a public improvement district, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §5.014, Property Code. An addendum containing the required notice shall be attached to this contract.
- (8) TRANSFER FEES: If the Property is subject to a private transfer fee obligation, §5.205, Property Code, requires Seller to notify Buyer as follows: The private transfer fee obligation may be governed by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code.
 (9) PROPANE GAS SYSTEM SERVICE AREA: If the Property is located in a propane gas system service area owned by a distribution system retailer, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §141.010, Texas Utilities Code. An addendum containing the notice approved by TREC or required by the parties should be used. by TREC or required by the parties should be used.
- (10) NOTICE OF WATER LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS: If the Property adjoins an impoundment of water, including a reservoir or lake, constructed and maintained under Chapter 11, Water Code, that has a storage capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet at the impoundment's normal operating level, Seller hereby notifies Buyer: "The water level of the impoundment of water adjoining the Property fluctuates for various reasons, including as a result of: (1) an entity lawfully exercising its right to use the water stored in the impoundment; or (2) drought or flood conditions."
- (11)REQUIRED NOTICES: The following notices have been given or are attached to this contract (for example, MUD, WCID, PID notices):

7. PROPERTY CONDITION:

- A. ACCESS, INSPECTIONS AND UTILITIES: Seller shall permit Buyer and Buyer's agents access to the Property at reasonable times. Buyer may have the Property inspected by inspectors selected by Buyer and licensed by TREC or otherwise permitted by law to make inspections. Any hydrostatic testing must be separately authorized by Seller in writing. Seller at Seller's expense shall immediately cause existing utilities to be turned on and shall keep the utilities on during the time this contract is in effect.
- B. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE NOTICE PURSUANT TO §5.008, TEXAS PROPERTY CODE (Notice): (Check one box only)
- (1) Buyer has received the Notice. (2) Buyer has not received the Notice. Within days after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall deliver the Notice to Buyer. If Buyer does not receive the Notice, Buyer may terminate this contract at any time prior to the closing and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If Seller delivers the Notice, Buyer may terminate this contract for any reason within 7 days after Buyer receives the Notice or prior to the closing, whichever first occurs, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.
- (3) The Seller is not required to furnish the notice under the Texas Property Code.

Contract Concerning Page 5 of 11 <u>11-07-2022</u> [11-
C. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE OF LEAD-BASED PAINT AND LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS is required by Federal law for a residential dwelling constructed prior to 1978. D. ACCEPTANCE OF PROPERTY CONDITION: "As Is" means the present condition of the Property with any and all defects and without warranty except for the warranties of title and the warranties in this contract. Buyer's agreement to accept the Property As Is under Paragraph 7D(1) or (2) does not preclude Buyer from inspecting the Property under Paragraph 7A, from negotiating repairs or treatments in a subsequent amendment, or from terminating this contract during the Option Period, if any. (Check one box only) (1) Buyer accepts the Property As Is.
(2) Buyer accepts the Property As Is provided Seller, at Seller's expense, shall complete the following specific repairs and treatments:
 (Do not insert general phrases, such as "subject to inspections" that do not identify specific repairs and treatments.) E. LENDER REQUIRED REPAIRS AND TREATMENTS: Unless otherwise agreed in writing, neither party is obligated to pay for lender required repairs, which includes treatment for wood destroying insects. If the parties do not agree to pay for the lender required repairs or treatments, this contract will terminate and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If the cost of lender required repairs and treatments exceeds 5% of the Sales Price, Buyer may
terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. F. COMPLETION OF REPAIRS AND TREATMENTS: Unless otherwise agreed in writing, [; (i)] Seller shall complete all agreed repairs and treatments prior to the Closing Date[; and obtain any [(ii) all] required permits. The [must be obtained, and] repairs and treatments must be performed by persons who are licensed to provide such repairs or treatments or, if no license is required by law, are commercially engaged in the trade of providing such repairs or treatments. Seller shall: (i) provide Buyer with copies of documentation from the repair person(s) showing the scope of work and payment for the work completed; and (ii) at Seller's expense, arrange for the transfer of [At Buyer's election,] any transferable warranties [received by Seller] with respect to the repairs and treatments [will be transferred] to Buyer at closing [Buyer's expense]. If Seller fails to complete any agreed repairs and treatments prior to the Closing Date, Buyer may exercise remedies under Paragraph 15 or extend the Closing Date up to 5 days if necessary for Seller to complete the repairs and treatments.
G.ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS: Buyer is advised that the presence of wetlands, toxic substances, including asbestos and wastes or other environmental hazards, or the presence of a threatened or endangered species or its habitat may affect Buyer's intended use of the Property. If Buyer is concerned about these matters, an addendum promulgated by TREC or required by the parties should be used.
H.RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS: Buyer may purchase a residential service contract from a provider or administrator licensed by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation [residential service company]. If Buyer purchases a residential service contract, Seller shall reimburse Buyer at closing for the cost of the residential service contract in an amount not exceeding \$ Buyer should review any residential service contract for the scope of coverage, exclusions and limitations. The purchase of a residential service contract is optional. Similar coverage may be purchased from various companies authorized to do business in Texas.
8. BROKERS AND SALES AGENTS: A. BROKER OR SALES AGENT DISCLOSURE: Texas law requires a real estate broker or sales agent who is a party to a transaction or acting on behalf of a spouse, parent, child, business
entity in which the broker or sales agent owns more than 10%, or a trust for which the broker or sales agent acts as a trustee or of which the broker or sales agent or the broker or sales agent's spouse, parent or child is a beneficiary, to notify the other party in writing before entering into a contract of sale. Disclose if applicable:
B. BROKERS' FEES: All obligations of the parties for payment of brokers' fees are contained in separate written agreements. 9. CLOSING: A. The closing of the sale will be on or before
A. The closing of the sale will be on or before
agent]. (3) Seller and Buyer shall execute and deliver any notices, statements, certificates, affidavits,
initialed for identification by Buyer and Seller TREC NO. 20-17[14

2021] (Address of Property)

- releases, loan documents, transfer of any warranties, and other documents reasonably required for the closing of the sale and the issuance of the Title Policy.
- (4) There will be no liens, assessments, or security interests against the Property which will not be satisfied out of the sales proceeds unless securing the payment of any loans assumed by Buyer and assumed loans will not be in default.
- (5) Private transfer fees (as defined by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code) will be the obligation of Seller unless provided otherwise in this contract. Transfer fees assessed by a property owners' association are governed by the Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association.

10. POSSESSION:

- A. BUYER'S POSSESSION: Seller shall deliver to Buyer possession of the Property in its present or required condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted: Qupon closing and funding Qaccording to a temporary residential lease form promulgated by TREC or other written lease required by the parties. Any possession by Buyer prior to closing or by Seller after closing which is not authorized by a written lease will establish a tenancy at sufferance relationship between the parties. Consult your insurance agent prior to change of ownership and possession because insurance coverage may be limited or terminated. The absence of a written lease or appropriate insurance coverage may expose the parties to economic loss.
- B. SMART DEVICES: "Smart Device" means a device that connects to the internet to enable remote use, monitoring, and management of: (i) the Property; (ii) items identified in any Non-Realty Items Addendum; or (iii) items in a Fixture Lease assigned to Buyer. At the time Seller delivers possession of the Property to Buyer, Seller shall:
 - (1) deliver to Buyer written information containing all access codes, usernames, passwords, and applications Buyer will need to access, operate, manage, and control the Smart Devices; and
 - (2) terminate and remove all access and connections to the improvements and accessories from any of Seller's personal devices including but not limited to phones and computers.
- 11. SPECIAL PROVISIONS: (This paragraph is intended to be used only for additional informational items. An informational item is a statement that completes a blank in a contract form, discloses factual information, or provides instructions. Real estate brokers and sales agents are prohibited from practicing law and shall not add to, delete, or modify any provision of this contract unless drafted by a party to this contract or a party's attorney.) [(Insert only factual statements and business details applicable to the sale. TREC rules prohibit license holders from adding factual statements or business details for which a contract addendum or other form has been promulgated by TREC for mandatory use.)]

12. SETTLEMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES:

- A. The following expenses must be paid at or prior to closing:
 - (1) Expenses payable by Seller (Seller's Expenses):
 - (a) Releases of existing liens, including prepayment penalties and recording fees; release of Seller's loan liability; tax statements or certificates; preparation of deed; one-half of escrow fee; and other expenses payable by Seller under this contract.
 - (b) Seller shall also pay an amount not to exceed \$______ to be applied in the following order: Buyer's Expenses which Buyer is prohibited from paying by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan programs, and then to other Buyer's Expenses as allowed by the lender.
 - (2) Expenses payable by Buyer (Buyer's Expenses): Appraisal fees; loan application fees; origination charges; credit reports; preparation of loan documents; interest on the notes from date of disbursement to one month prior to dates of first monthly payments; recording fees; copies of easements and restrictions; loan title policy with endorsements required by lender; loan-related inspection fees; photos; amortization schedules; one-half of escrow fee; all prepaid items, including required premiums for flood and hazard insurance, reserve deposits for insurance, ad valorem taxes and special governmental assessments; final compliance inspection; courier fee; repair inspection; underwriting fee; wire transfer fee; expenses incident to any loan; Private Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium (MIP) as required by the lender; and other expenses payable by Buyer under this contract.
- B. If any expense exceeds an amount expressly stated in this contract for such expense to be paid by a party, that party may terminate this contract unless the other party agrees to pay such excess. Buyer may not pay charges and fees expressly prohibited by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan program regulations.

Initialed for identification by	[,] Buver	and Seller	TREC NO. 20-17[16

2021] (Address of Property)

- 13. PRORATIONS: Taxes for the current year, interest, rents, and regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, and dues (including prepaid items) [and rents] will be prorated through the Closing Date. The tax proration may be calculated taking into consideration any change in exemptions that will affect the current year's taxes. If taxes for the current year vary from the amount prorated at closing, the parties shall adjust the prorations when tax statements for the current year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing, Buyer shall pay taxes for the current year.
- 14. CASUALTY LOSS: If any part of the Property is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall restore the Property to its previous condition as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event by the Closing Date. If Seller fails to do so due to factors beyond Seller's control, Buyer may (a) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer (b) extend the time for performance up to 15 days and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary or (c) accept the Property in its damaged condition with an assignment of insurance proceeds, if permitted by Seller's insurance carrier, and receive credit from Seller at closing in the amount of the deductible under the insurance policy. Seller's obligations under this paragraph are independent of any other obligations of Seller under this contract.
- **15. DEFAULT:** If Buyer fails to comply with this contract, Buyer will be in default, and Seller may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money as liquidated damages, thereby releasing both parties from this contract. If Seller fails to comply with this contract, Seller will be in default and Buyer may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money, thereby releasing both parties from this contract.
- 16. MEDIATION: It is the policy of the State of Texas to encourage resolution of disputes through alternative dispute resolution procedures such as mediation. Any dispute between Seller and Buyer related to this contract which is not resolved through informal discussion will be submitted to a mutually acceptable mediation service or provider. The parties to the mediation shall bear the mediation costs equally. This paragraph does not preclude a party from seeking equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 17. ATTORNEY'S FEES: A Buyer, Seller, Listing Broker, Other Broker, or Escrow Agent[escrow agent] who prevails in any legal proceeding related to this contract is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and all costs of such proceeding.

- A. ESCROW: The Escrow Agent escrow agent is not (i) a party to this contract and does not have liability for the performance or nonperformance of any party to this contract, (ii) liable for interest on the earnest money and (iii) liable for the loss of any earnest money caused by the failure of any financial institution in which the earnest money has been deposited unless the financial institution is acting as <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u>. Escrow <u>Agent[agent]</u> may require any disbursement made in connection with this contract to be conditioned on <u>Escrow Agent's</u> <u>escrow agent's</u>] collection of good funds acceptable to <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u>.
- B. EXPENSES: At closing, the earnest money must be applied first to any cash down payment, then to Buyer's Expenses and any excess refunded to Buyer. If no closing occurs, Escrow Agent [escrow agent] may: (i) require a written release of liability of the Escrow Agent [escrow agent] from all parties <u>before releasing any earnest money</u>; and (ii) require payment of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of a party. Escrow <u>Agent[agent]</u> may deduct authorized expenses from the earnest money payable to a party. "Authorized expenses" means expenses incurred by <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u> on behalf of the party entitled to the earnest money that were authorized by this contract or that party.
- C. DEMAND: Upon termination of this contract, either party or the Escrow Agent[escrow agent] may send a release of earnest money to each party and the parties shall execute counterparts of the release and deliver same to the Escrow Agent[escrow agent]. If either party fails to execute the release, either party may make a written demand to the Escrow Agent[escrow agent] for the earnest money. If only one party makes written demand for the earnest money, Escrow Agent[escrow agent] shall promptly provide a copy of the demand to the other party. If Escrow Agent[escrow agent] does not receive written objection to the demand from the other party within 15 days, <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u> may disburse the earnest money to the party making demand reduced by the amount of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of the party receiving the earnest money and <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u> may pay the same to the creditors. If <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u> complies with the provisions of this paragraph, each party hereby releases Escrow Agent[escrow agent] from all adverse claims related to the disbursal of the earnest money.
- D. DAMAGES: Any party who wrongfully fails or refuses to sign a release acceptable to the Escrow-Agent[escrow-agent] within 7 days of receipt of the request will be liable to the other party for
- (i) damages; (ii) the earnest money; (iii) reasonable attorney's fees; and (iv) all costs of suit.

 E. NOTICES: Escrow Agent's agent's notices will be effective when sent in compliance with Paragraph 21. Notice of objection to the demand will be deemed effective upon receipt by Escrow Agent [escrow agent].

Cont	ract Concerning(Addr	Page 8 of 11 <u>11-07-2022[11-08</u>
19.	REPRESENTATIONS: All covenants, represe closing. If any representation of Seller in this cin default. Unless expressly prohibited by wr	entations and warranties in this contract survive contract is untrue on the Closing Date, Seller will be itten agreement, Seller may continue to show the
20.	Internal Revenue Service together with ap	a "foreign person," as defined by Internal Revenue deliver an affidavit or a certificate of non-foreign person," then Buyer shall withhold from the sales h applicable tax law and deliver the same to the oppopriate tax forms. Internal Revenue Service rency in excess of specified amounts is received in
21.	NOTICES: All notices from one party to the	other must be in writing and are effective when
21	.NOTICES: All notices from one party to the other	her must be in writing and are effective when mailed
	to, hand-delivered at, or transmitted by fax or e	
	To Dayor dei	- Cooler de
	Phone: ()	Phone: ()
	E-mail/Fax:	E-mail/Fax:
	E-mail/Fax:	E-mail/Fax:
	With a copy to Buyer's agent at:	With a copy to Seller's Agent at:
22.	AGREEMENT OF PARTIES: This contract cannot be changed except by their written agrare (Check all applicable boxes):	contains the entire agreement of the parties and eement. Addenda which are a part of this contract
	Third Party Financing Addendum	☐ Seller's Temporary Residential Lease
	Seller Financing Addendum Addendum for Property Subject to	☐ Short Sale Addendum
	Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association	Addendum for Property Located Seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway
	 □ Buyer's Temporary Residential Lease □ Loan Assumption Addendum □ Addendum for Sale of Other Property by 	Addendum for Seller's Disclosure of Information on Lead-based Paint and Lead-based Paint Hazards as Required by Federal Law
	Buyer Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas and Other Minerals	 Addendum for Property in a Propane Gas System Service Area
	and Other Minerals Addendum for "Back-Up" Contract	Addendum Regarding Residential Leases
	Addendum for Coastal Area Property	Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases
	Addendum for Authorizing Hydrostatic Testing	Addendum containing Notice of Obligation to Pay Improvement District Assessment
	Addendum Concerning Right to Terminate Due to Lender's Appraisal	Other (list):
	 Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum 	
23.	CONSULT AN ATTORNEY BEFORE SIGNING agents [license holders] from giving legal advice	TREC rules prohibit real estate brokers and sales
	Buyer's	Seller's
	Attorney is:	Attorney is:
	Phone: ()	Phone: ()
	Fax: ()	Fax: ()
	E-mail:	E-mail:
Initia	aled for identification by Buyer and	

EXECUTED the day of (BROKER: FILL IN THE DATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE.) Buyer Seller Seller	act Concerning		Page 9 of 11 <u>11-07-2022</u> [<u></u>
Buyer Seller		2021] (Address of Property)	
Buyer Seller			
Buyer Seller	EVECUTED the	day of	(Effective Date)
Buyer Seller	(BROKER: FILL IN TI	TE DATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE.)	(Effective Date).
	(,	
			
Buyer Seller	Buyer	Seller	
Buyer Seller	Buyer	Seller	
Buyer Seller	Buyer	Seller	
Buyer Seller	Buyer	Seller	
Buyer Seller	Buyer	Seller	
Buyer Seller	Buyer	Seller	
Buyer	Buyer	Seller	



The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC NO. 20-17[16]. This form replaces TREC NO. 20-16[15].

		NFORMATION only. Do not sign)
Other Broker Firm	License No.	Listing Broker Firm License No.
represents		represents Seller and Buyer as an intermediary Seller only as Seller's agent
Associate's Name	License No.	Listing Associate's Name License No.
Team Name		Team Name
Associate's Email Address	Phone	Listing Associate's Email Address Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Associate	License No.	Licensed Supervisor of Listing Associate License No.
Other Broker's Address	Phone	Listing Broker's Office Address Phone
City State	Zip	City State Zip
		Selling Associate's Name License No.
		Team Name
		Selling Associate's Email Address Phone
		Licensed Supervisor of Selling Associate License No.
		Selling Associate's Office Address
		City State Zip
Disclosure: Pursuant to a previous, agreement between brokers), Listing Ethe previous agreement between brok	separate agre Broker has agre). This di ers to pay or sh	ement (such as a MLS offer of compensation or other ed to pay Other Broker a fee (sclosure is for informational purposes and does not change are a commission.
,	/ 5. 51	

Contract Concerning		Page 11 of 11 <u>11-07-2022</u> [11 -
	2021] (Address of Property)	

	OPTION FI	E RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	(Option Fee) in the	form of	
Escrow Agent			Date
	EARNEST MO	NEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	Earnest Money in	the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	CONTRAC	T RECEIPT	
Receipt of the Contract is ack	nowledged.		
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	ADDITIONAL EARNI	EST MONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	additional Earnest N	Noney in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax

PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC) FARM AND RANCH CONTRACT 11-07-2022[11-07-2022]



	NOTICE: Designed For Use In Sales Of Existing Farms Or Ranches Of Any Size. Not For Use In Complex Transactions.
L. P	ARTIES: The parties to this contract are
(S se PF res	eller) and
	Texas, described as follows:
В.	or as described on attached exhibit, also known as (address/zip code), together with all rights, privileges, and appurtenances pertaining thereto ricluding but not limited to: water rights, claims, permits, strips and gores, easements, and cooperative or association memberships. IMPROVEMENTS: (1) FARM and RANCH IMPROVEMENTS: The following permanently installed and built-in items, if any: windmills, tanks, barns, pens, fences, gates, sheds, outbuildings, and corrals. (2) RESIDENTIAL IMPROVEMENTS: Any [The] houses [house], garages [garage], and all other fixtures and improvements attached to the above-described real property, including without limitation, the following permanently installed and built-in items, if any: all equipment
C.	and appliances, valances, screens, shutters, awnings, wall-to-wall carpeting, mirrors, ceiling fans, attic fans, mail boxes, television antennas, mounts and brackets for televisions and speakers, heating and air-conditioning units, security and fire detection equipment, wiring, plumbing and lighting fixtures, chandeliers, water softener system, kitchen equipment, garage door openers, cleaning equipment, shrubbery, landscaping, outdoor cooking equipment, and all other property attached to the above described real property. ACCESSORIES: (1) FARM AND RANCH ACCESSORIES: The following described related accessories: (check boxes of conveyed accessories) portable buildings hunting blinds game feeders livestock feeders and troughs irrigation equipment fuel tanks submersible pumps pressure tanks corrals gates chutes other:
E.	(2) RESIDENTIAL ACCESSORIES: The following described related accessories, if any: window air conditioning units, stove, fireplace screens, curtains and rods, blinds, window shades, draperies and rods, door keys, mailbox keys, above ground pool, swimming pool equipment and maintenance accessories, artificial fireplace logs, security systems that are not fixtures, and controls for: (i) garage doors, (ii) entry gates, and (iii) other improvements and accessories. "Controls" includes Seller's transferable rights to the (i) software and applications used to access and control improvements or accessories, and (ii) hardware used solely to control improvements or accessories. CROPS: Unless otherwise agreed in writing, Seller has the right to harvest all growing crops until delivery of possession of the Property. EXCLUSIONS: The following improvements, accessories, and crops will be retained by Seller and must be removed prior to delivery of possession:
	RESERVATIONS: Any reservation for oil, gas, or other minerals, water, timber, or other interests is made in accordance with an attached addendum.
А. В.	Cash portion of Sales Price payable by Buyer at closing
	Sales Price (Sum of A and B)
Pro Jea	ASES: Except as disclosed in this contract, Seller is not aware of any leases affecting the operty. After the Effective Date, Seller may not, without Buyer's written consent, create a new ase, amend any existing lease, or convey any interest in the Property. (Check all applicable xes)

Cont	tract concerning	08-2021](Address of Property)	Page 2 01 11 11-07-2022[#F
□ A.		Property is subject to one or antial Leases is attached to this conf	more residential leases and the tract.
□в.	FIXTURE LEASES: Fixtures	on the Property are subject to	one or more fixture leases (for rity system) and the Addendum
□ C.	 NATURAL RESOURCE LEASES: water, [wind], or other nate 	"Natural Resource Lease" means tural resource lease affecting the	an existing oil and gas, mineral,
	party. (1) Seller has delivered to Buy	er a copy of all the Natural Resour	ce Leases.
_	(2) Seller has not delivered	to Buyer a copy of all the Natur the Natural Resource Leases withi act within days after th ne earnest money shall be refunde	ral Resource Leases. Seller shall
□D.	(for example, grazing leases, h	ease" means an existing lease for nunting leases, agricultural leases, leases). (Check all applicable boxe	
		er a copy of all written Surface Lea	
	(2) Seller provides Buyer with	notice of the following oral Surface ental amount, and term:	
	<u>lease, flame of the terialit(s), f</u>	ental amount, and term.	·
			ther written or oral). Seller shall
			notice of all oral Surface Leases, amount, and term, within 3 days
	after the Effective Date. Buyer	may terminate the contract within Leases and the earnest money sha	days after the date the
5 E/	ARNEST MONEY AND TERMIN		ii be reidilded to Bayer.
	DELIVEDY OF EXPINECT MONE	V AND ODTION EEE, Within 2 day	s after the Effective Date, Buyer
	must deliver to	(add	(Escrow Agent) [, as escrow ress): \$ as the Option Fee.
		as earnest money	and \$ as the Option Fee.
	The earnest money and Ontio	n Fee shall be made payable to	escrow agent and may be haid
	The carriest money and option		escrow agent and may be paid
	separately or combined in a sir (1) Buyer shall deliver additional	ngle payment. al earnest money of \$	to Escrow Agent[escrow
	separately or combined in a sir (1) Buyer shall deliver additionagent] within	igle payment.	to Escrow Agent[escrow
	separately or combined in a sir (1) Buyer shall deliver addition agent] within Date of this contract. (2) If the last day to deliver the	e earnest money, Option Fee, or t	to Escrow Agent[escrow days after the Effective the additional earnest money falls
	separately or combined in a sir (1) Buyer shall deliver additionagent] within Date of this contract. (2) If the last day to deliver the on a Saturday, Sunday, or	e earnest money, Option Fee, or to legal holiday, the time to deliver the	to Escrow Agent[escrow days after the Effective the additional earnest money falls he earnest money, Option Fee, or
	separately or combined in a sir (1) Buyer shall deliver additionagent] within Date of this contract. (2) If the last day to deliver the on a Saturday, Sunday, or the additional earnest mon not a Saturday, Sunday, or	e earnest money of \$e earnest money, Option Fee, or the legal holiday, the time to deliver the ey, as applicable, is extended untilegal holiday.	to Escrow Agent[escrow days after the Effective the additional earnest money falls he earnest money, Option Fee, or all the end of the next day that is
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	separately or combined in a sir (1) Buyer shall deliver additionagent] within Date of this contract. (2) If the last day to deliver the on a Saturday, Sunday, or the additional earnest mon not a Saturday, Sunday, or (3) The amount(s) Escrow Agento the Option Fee, then to the Option Fee, then to the unique without further not separately any time without further not separately and	e earnest money of \$ e earnest money, Option Fee, or to legal holiday, the time to deliver the ey, as applicable, is extended unto legal holiday. ht[escrow agent] receives under the earnest money, and then to the	to Escrow Agent[escrow days after the Effective the additional earnest money falls he earnest money, Option Fee, or all the end of the next day that is his paragraph shall be applied first to additional earnest money, deliver the Option Fee to Seller at and releases Escrow Agent[escrow]
R	separately or combined in a sir (1) Buyer shall deliver additionagent] within Date of this contract. (2) If the last day to deliver the on a Saturday, Sunday, or the additional earnest mon not a Saturday, Sunday, or (3) The amount(s) Escrow Agent to the Option Fee, then to the Option Fee, then to the Called Turker and the Sales Price at closing.	e earnest money of \$ e earnest money, Option Fee, or the legal holiday, the time to deliver the legal holiday, the time to deliver the legal holiday. Int[escrow agent] receives under the earnest money, and then to the lent[escrow agent] to release and lotice to or consent from Buyer, and ivery of the Option Fee to Seller.	to Escrow Agent[escrow days after the Effective the additional earnest money falls he earnest money, Option Fee, or all the end of the next day that is his paragraph shall be applied first to additional earnest money. deliver the Option Fee to Seller at and releases Escrow Agent[escrow The Option Fee will be credited to
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В.	separately or combined in a sin (1) Buyer shall deliver addition agent] within	e earnest money of \$	to Escrow Agent[escrow days after the Effective the additional earnest money falls he earnest money, Option Fee, or till the end of the next day that is his paragraph shall be applied first additional earnest money, deliver the Option Fee to Seller at and releases Escrow Agent[escrow The Option Fee will be credited to f which Seller acknowledges, and equired, Seller grants Buyer the ce of termination to Seller within tion Period). Notices under this Property is located) by the date
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	separately or combined in a sir (1) Buyer shall deliver additionagent] within Date of this contract. (2) If the last day to deliver the on a Saturday, Sunday, or the additional earnest mone not a Saturday, Sunday, or (3) The amount(s) Escrow Agent to the Option Fee, then to the Option Fee, then to the Option Fee, then to the Sales Price at closing. TERMINATION OPTION: For not be sales Price at closing. TERMINATION OPTION: For not be sales after the Effect of the Sales Price at closing. TERMINATION OPTION: For not be sales after the Effect of the Sales after the Sales after the Effect of the Sales after the Sales a	e earnest money of \$	to Escrow Agent[escrow days after the Effective the additional earnest money falls he earnest money, Option Fee, or all the end of the next day that is his paragraph shall be applied first to additional earnest money. If the Option Fee to Seller at and releases Escrow Agent[escrow The Option Fee will be credited to fee with Seller acknowledges, and equired, Seller grants Buyer the ce of termination to Seller within the content of the Option Fee will be credited to the Option Fee will be any Option Fee remaining with y will be refunded to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be any Option Fee remaining with y will be refunded to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be any Option Fee remaining with y will be refunded to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be any Option Fee remaining with y will be refunded to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be any Option Fee remaining with y will be refunded to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be any Option Fee remaining with y will be refunded to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be any Option Fee remaining with y will be refunded to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be applied to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be any Option Fee remaining with y will be refunded to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be applied to Buyer. If the Option Fee will be applied first the Option Fee will be applied f
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C. D. E.	separately or combined in a sin (1) Buyer shall deliver additionangent] within Date of this contract. (2) If the last day to deliver the on a Saturday, Sunday, or the additional earnest mon not a Saturday, Sunday, or the additional earnest mon not a Saturday, Sunday, or the additional earnest mon not a Saturday, Sunday, or (3) The amount(s) Escrow Agent to the Option Fee, then to the Sales Price at closing. TERMINATION OPTION: For not agent to pay the unrestricted right to termin days after the Effect paragraph must be given by specified. If Buyer gives notion to be refunded and Escrow Agent [escrow agent] to FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER the time required, Seller may Paragraph 15, or both, by proven FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER Buyer fails to deliver the Ounrestricted right to terminate TIME: Time is of the essence performance is required. ITLE POLICY AND SURVEY: TITLE POLICY: Seller shall furn title insurance (Title Policy) issisted.	e earnest money of \$ e earnest money, Option Fee, or to legal holiday, the time to deliver the ey, as applicable, is extended unto legal holiday. Int[escrow agent] receives under the he earnest money, and then to the lent[escrow agent] to release and otice to or consent from Buyer, are ivery of the Option Fee to Seller. In minal consideration, the receipt of the Option Fee within the time of the earnest mone of the contract (Option Fee within the time of the earnest mone of termination within the time of termination within the time of terminate this contract or ending notice to Buyer before Buyer OPTION FEE: If no dollar amount option Fee within the time required this contract under this Paragraph error this paragraph and strict is to Buyer at Seller's Buyer is to Buyer at Buyer is to Buyer is to Buyer at Buyer is to Buyer at Buyer is to Buyer at Buyer is to Buyer is to Bu	to Escrow Agent[escrow days after the Effective the additional earnest money falls he earnest money, Option Fee, or all the end of the next day that is his paragraph shall be applied first additional earnest money. deliver the Option Fee to Seller at not releases Escrow Agent[escrow The Option Fee will be credited to favored with the continuous factor of termination to Seller within the continuous factor of the continuous fact

F	SURFACE LEASES:	Drior to the	ovocutio	n of the	contract	Salla	rhac	provid	dod Bu	vor wit	h con	ioc of
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	written leases and	givon notice	of oral	Jacoc	(Loacoc)	lictod	سملمط	oro	n tha	áttach c	طمغا	1_±نطند
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	The following Surfa	ce Leases v	vill he ne	rmitted	exception	ns in	the	Title	Policy	and wi	II not	he a
			···· 50 pc		CACCP CO.				,	arra m		20 u
	basis for objection t	o title:										

- G. TITLE NOTICES:

 (1) ABSTRACT OR TITLE POLICY: Broker advises Buyer to have an abstract of title covering the Property examined by an attorney of Buyer's selection, or Buyer should be furnished with or obtain a Title Policy. If a Title Policy is furnished, the Commitment should be promptly reviewed by an attorney of Buyer's choice due to the time limitations on Buyer's right to
 - object.

 (2) STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS: If the Property is situated in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services, Chapter 49, Texas Water Code, requires Seller to deliver and Buyer to sign the statutory notice relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness, or standby fee of the district prior to final execution of this

(3) TIDE WATERS: If the Property abuts the tidally influenced waters of the state, §33.135, Texas Natural Resources Code, requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or required by the parties

must be used.

(4) ANNEXATION: If the Property is located outside the limits of a municipality, Seller notifies Buyer under §5.011, Texas Property Code, that the Property may now or later be included in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality and may now or later be subject to annexation by the municipality. Each municipality maintains a map that depicts its boundaries and extraterritorial jurisdiction. To determine if the Property is located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information.

jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information.

(5) PROPERTY LOCATED IN A CERTIFICATED SERVICE AREA OF A UTILITY SERVICE PROVIDER: Notice required by §13.257, Water Code: The real property, described in Paragraph 2, that you are about to purchase may be located in a certificated water or sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the properties in the certificated area. If your property is located in a certificated area there may be special costs or charges that you will be required to pay before you can receive water or sewer service. There may be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide water or sewer service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a certificated area and contact the utility service provider to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to provide water or sewer service to your property. The undersigned Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice at or before the execution of a binding contract for the purchase of the real property described in Paragraph 2 or at closing of purchase of the real property.

(6) PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS: If the Property is in a public improvement district, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §5.014, Property Code. An addendum containing the required notice shall be attached to this contract.

the required notice shall be attached to this contract.

(7) TEXAS AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT: The Property is is is not located in a Texas Agricultural Development District. For additional information contact the Texas Department of Agriculture

(8) TRANSFER FEES: If the Property is subject to a private transfer fee obligation, §5.205, Property Code, requires Seller to notify Buyer as follows: The private transfer fee obligation may be governed by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code.

(9) PROPANE GAS SYSTEM SERVICE AREA: If the Property is located in a propane gas system service area owned by a distribution system retailer, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §141.010, Texas Utilities Code. An addendum containing the notice approved by TREC or required by the parties should be used.

(10)NOTICE OF WATER LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS: If the Property adjoins an impoundment of water, including a reservoir or lake, constructed and maintained under Chapter 11, Water Code, that has a storage capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet at the impoundment's normal operating level, Seller hereby notifies Buyer: "The water level of the impoundment of water adjoining the Property fluctuates for various reasons, including as a result of: (1) an entity lawfully exercising its right to use the water stored in the impoundment; or (2) drought or flood conditions."

(11)REQUIRED NOTICES: The following notices have been given or are attached to this contract

(11)REQUIRED NOTICES: The following notices have been given or are attached to this contract (for example, MUD, WCID, PID notices):

7. PRO	PERTY	COND	ITION:
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A. ACCESS, INSPECTIONS AND UTILITIES: Seller shall permit Buyer and Buyer's agents access to the Property at reasonable times. Buyer may have the Property inspected by inspectors selected by Buyer and licensed by TREC or otherwise permitted by law to make inspections. Any hydrostatic testing must be separately authorized by Seller in writing. Seller at Seller's expense shall immediately cause existing utilities to be turned on and shall keep the utilities on during the time this contract is in effect.

NOTICE: Buyer should determine the availability of utilities to the Property suitable to satisfy Buyer's needs.

Buyer's needs.

B. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE NOTICE PURSUANT TO §5.008, TEXAS PROPERTY CODE (Notice): (Check one box only)

Buyer has received the Notice

(2) Buyer has not received the Notice. Within _____ days after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall deliver the Notice to Buyer. If Buyer does not receive the Notice, Buyer may terminate

and Seller

Contract Concerning	Page 5 of 1	1 11-07-2022[11-
08-2021](Address of Property)		
this contract at any time prior to the closing and the earnest money w delivers the Notice, Buyer may terminate this contract for any re	vill be refunded to	Buyer. If Seller
receives the Notice or prior to the closing, whichever first occurs,	and the earnest	money will be
refunded to Buyer. (3) The Texas Property Code does not require this Seller to furnish	n the Notice	
C. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE OF LEAD-BASED PAINT AND LEAD-BASED	PAINT HAZARDS	is required by
Federal law for a residential dwelling constructed prior to 1978. D. ACCEPTANCE OF PROPERTY CONDITION: "As Is" means the president of the pre	ant condition of th	o Droporty with
any and all defects and without warranty except for the warrant	ties of title and th	ne warranties in
this contract. Buyer's agreement to accept the Property As Is un	ider Paragraph /L)(1) or (2) does
not preclude Buyer from inspecting the Property under Paragrapl treatments in a subsequent amendment, or from terminating	n <u>7</u> A, from negot this contract du	ring repairs or
Period, if any.		
(Check one box only)		
(1) Buyer accepts the Property As Is. (2) Buyer accepts the Property As Is provided Seller, at Selle	er's expense, sha	Il complete the
` following specific repairs and treatments:		
(Do not insert general phrases, such as "subject to i	inspections," that	do not identify
specific repairs and treatments.) E. COMPLETION OF REPAIRS <u>AND TREATMENTS</u> : Unless otherwise	agreed in writi	na [± 4i] Sallar
shall complete all agreed repairs and treatments prior to the Clo all] required permits. The [must be obtained, and] repairs and tr	sing Date[+] and	obtain any [(ii)
all] required permits. The [must be obtained, and] repairs and to	reatments must b	e performed by
persons who are licensed to provide such repairs or treatments of are commercially engaged in the trade of providing such repair provide Buyer with copies of documentation from the repair pers	s or treatments.	Seller shall: (i)
provide Buyer with copies of documentation from the repair pers	son(s) showing the	e scope of work
provide Buyer with copies of documentation from the repair pers and payment for the work completed; and (ii) at Seller's expense Buyer's election, any transferable warranties [received by Seller be transferred] to Buyer at closing Buyer's expense]. If Sell repairs prior to the Closing Date, Buyer may exercise remedies unclosing Date up to 5 days if necessary for Seller to complete repairs. LENDER REQUIRED REPAIRS AND TREATMENTS: Unless otherwise is obligated to pay for lender required repairs, which includes insects. If the parties do not agree to pay for the lender required repairs and treatments exceeds 5% of the Sales Price, Be and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.] with respect to	the repairs [will
be transferred to Buyer at closing Buyer's expense. It Sell repairs prior to the Closing Date, Buyer may exercise remedies up	er fails to comp Inder Paragraph 1	lete any agreed 5 or extend the
Closing Date up to 5 days if necessary for Seller to complete repair	irs.	or exterior the
F. LENDER REQUIRED REPAIRS AND TREATMENTS: Unless otherwise is obligated to pay for lender required repairs, which includes	e agreed in writing treatment for v	g, neither party
insects. If the parties do not agree to pay for the lender requ	uired_repairs_or_t	reatments, this
contract will terminate and the earnest money will be refunded required renairs and treatments exceeds 5% of the Sales Price. B	I to Buyer. If the Buver may termina	e cost of lender ate this contract
G. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS: Buyer is advised that the presence including asbestos and wastes or other environmental hazards, or	e of wetlands, to r the presence of	XIC Substances,
endangered species or its habitat may affect Buyer's intended	use of the Prope	rty. If Buyer is
concerned about these matters, an addendum promulgated by	TREC or required	l by the parties
should be used. H. SELLER'S <u>DISCLOSURE[DISCLOSURES]</u> : [Except as otherwise disc	closed in this con	tract. Seller has
no knowledge of the following:		
(1) <u>Seller is is is not aware of any</u> flooding of the Property vertex on the use of the Property. [†]	which has had a r	naterial adverse
(2) Seller \square is \square is not aware of any pending or threatened lit	igation, condemn	ation, or special
assessment affecting the Property 7;		
(3) <u>Seller is is not aware of any</u> environmental hazards that the Property.	at materially and	adversely affect
the Property (4) Seller is is not aware of any dumpsite, landfill, or under	erground tanks or	containers now
or previously located on the Property.[;] (5) Seller is is not aware of any wetlands, as defined by f	federal or state la	w or regulation.
affecting the Property.[; or]		
(6) <u>Seller is is not aware of</u> any threatened or endangered the Property.	i species or their	nabitat affecting
(7) Seller \square is \square is not aware that the Property is located \square w	vholly 🔲 partly in	a floodplain.
(8) Seller is is is not aware that a tree or trees located on the If Seller is aware of any of the items above, explain (attach	<u>additional sheets</u>	<u>K WIIT.</u> s if necessary):
I. RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS: Buyer may purchase a resprovider or administrator licensed by the Texas Departmen [residential service company]. If Buyer purchases a residential service company.	sidential service of Licensing	contract from a
[residential_service company]. If Buyer purchases a residential	al service contra	ict, Seller shall
reimburse Buyer at closing for the cost of the residential ser exceeding \$ Buyer should review any resident	vice contract in	an amount not
of coverage, exclusions and limitations. The purchase of a re	esidential servi	ce contract is
optional. Similar coverage may be purchased from various business in Texas.	s companies au	thorized to do
J. GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS: The Property is subject to the gove	rnment programs	listed below or
on the attached exhibit:		
Colley shall averside Brown with sonias of all severage and a second		nu alla anti an an
Seller shall provide Buyer with copies of all governmental progra proration of payment under governmental programs is made by se	ini agreements. A eparate agreemen	it between the
parties which will survive closing.	,	
8. BROKERS AND SALES AGENTS:	actata brakar ar	salac agant whe
BROKER OR SALES AGENT DISCLOSURE: Texas law requires a real is a party to a transaction or acting on behalf of a spouse, parent, c broker or sales agent owns more than 10%, or a trust for which the b	child, business ent	sales agent who city in which the
broker or sales agent owns more than 10%, or a trust for which the b	broker or sales ag	eńt acts as a

Initialed for identification by Buyer_____ and Seller _____

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08-2021](Address	or Property)
trustee or of which the broker or sales agent child is a beneficiary, to notify the other party Disclose if applicable:	or the broker or sales agent's spouse, parent or in writing before entering into a contract of sale.
-	
B. BROKERS' FEES: All obligations of the partie separate written agreements.	s for payment of brokers' fees are contained in
9. CLOSING:	
A. The closing of the sale will be on or before after objections made under Paragraph 6D have (Closing Date). If either party fails to close the may exercise the remedies contained in Paragra B. At closing:	, 20, or within 7 days ve been cured or waived, whichever date is later sale by the Closing Date, the non-defaulting party aph 15.
(1) Seller shall execute and deliver a general Buyer and showing no additional excep assignment of Leases, and furnish tax state on the Property	warranty deed conveying title to the Property to tions to those permitted in Paragraph 6, an ments or certificates showing no delinquent taxes
 (2) Buyer shall pay the Sales Price in good fund (3) Seller and Buyer shall execute and deliver releases, loan documents, transfer of any walfor the closing of the sale and the issuance. 	s acceptable to the <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u> . rany notices, statements, certificates, affidavits, ranties, and other documents reasonably required of the Title Policy. urity interests against the Property which will not
` be satisfied out of the sales proceeds unles Buyer and assumed loans will not be in defa	urity interests against the Property which will not s securing the payment of any loans assumed by ult.
(5) Private transfer fees (as defined by Chapter be the obligation of Seller unless provided	5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code) will otherwise in this contract. Transfer fees assessed erned by the Addendum for Property Subject to
10. POSSESSION:	
A. BUYER'S POSSESSION: Seller shall deliver to E required condition, ordinary wear and tear except temporary residential lease form promulgated by Any possession by Buyer prior to closing or by Selease will establish a tenancy at sufferance relationships.	red: U upon closing and funding U according to a TREC or other written lease required by the parties. Iller after closing which is not authorized by a written tionship between the parties. Consult your
Insurance agent prior to change of ownersh	ip and possession because insurance coverage of a written lease or appropriate insurance
coverage may expose the parties to economi	c loss.
B. SMART DEVICES: "Smart Device" means a dev use, monitoring, and management of: (i) the Items Addendum; or (iii) items in a Fixture Le	ree that connects to the internet to enable remote Property; (ii) items identified in any Non-Realty ase assigned to Buver. At the time Seller delivers
possession of the Property to Buyer, Seller shal	l: ling all access codes, usernames, passwords, and

applications Buyer will need to access, operate, manage, and control the Smart Devices; and (2) terminate and remove all access and connections to the improvements and accessories from any of Seller's personal devices including but not limited to phones and computers.

11. SPECIAL PROVISIONS: (This paragraph is intended to be used only for additional informational items. An informational item is a statement that completes a blank in a contract form, discloses factual information, or provides instructions. Real estate brokers and sales agents are prohibited from practicing law and shall not add to, delete, or modify any provision of this contract unless drafted by a party to this contract or a party's attorney.) (Insert only factual statements and business details applicable to the sale. TREC rules prohibit license holders from adding factual statements or business details for which a contract addendum or other form has been promulgated by TREC for mandatory use.)]

12. SETTLEMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES:

A. The following expenses must be paid at or prior to closing:

(1) Expenses payable by Seller (Seller's Expenses):

(a) Releases of existing liens, including prepayment penalties and recording fees; release of Seller's loan liability; tax statements or certificates; preparation of deed; one-half of escrow fee; and other expenses payable by Seller under this contract.

(b) Seller shall also pay an amount not to exceed \$ to be applied in the following order: Buyer's Expenses which Buyer is prohibited from paying by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan programs, and then to other Buyer's Expenses as allowed by the lender.

(2) Expenses payable by Buyer (Buyer's Expenses) Appraisal fees; loan application fees; origination charges; credit reports; preparation of loan documents; interest on the notes from date of disbursement to one month prior to dates of first monthly payments; recording fees; copies of easements and restrictions; loan title policy with endorsements required by lender; loan-related inspection fees; photos; amortization schedules; one-half of escrow fee; all prepaid items, including required premiums for flood and hazard insurance, reserve deposits for insurance, ad valorem taxes and special governmental assessments; final compliance inspection; courier fee; repair inspection; underwriting fee; wire transfer fee; expenses incident to any loan; Private Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or

08-2021 (Address of Property)

FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium (MIP) as required by the lender; and other expenses payable by Buyer under this contract.

B. If any expense exceeds an amount expressly stated in this contract for such expense to be paid by a party, that party may terminate this contract unless the other party agrees to pay such excess. Buyer may not pay charges and fees expressly prohibited by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan program regulations.

13. PRORATIONS AND ROLLBACK TAXES:

A. PRORATIONS: Taxes for the current year, interest, rents, and regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, and dues (including prepaid items) [and rents] will be prorated through the Closing Date. The tax proration may be calculated taking into consideration any change in exemptions that will affect the current year's taxes. If taxes for the current year vary from the amount prorated at closing, the parties shall adjust the prorations when tax statements for the current year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing, Buyer shall pay taxes for the current year. Rentals which are unknown at time of closing will be prorated between Buyer and Seller when they become known. B. ROLLBACK TAXES: If this sale or

If this sale or Buyer's use of the Property after closing results in the assessment of additional taxes, penalties or interest (Assessments) for periods prior to closing, the Assessments will be the obligation of Buyer. If Assessments are imposed because of Seller's use or change in use of the Property prior to closing, the Assessments will be the obligation of Seller. Obligations imposed by this paragraph will survive closing.

- 14. CASUALTY LOSS: If any part of the Property is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall restore the Property to its previous condition as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event by the Closing Date. If Seller fails to do so due to factors beyond Seller's control, Buyer may (a) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer, (b) extend the time for performance up to 15 days and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary or (c) accept the Property in its damaged condition with an assignment of insurance proceeds, if permitted by Seller's insurance carrier, and receive credit from Seller at closing in the amount of the deductible under the insurance policy. Seller's obligations under this paragraph are independent of any other obligations of Seller under this contract.
- 15. **DEFAULT:** If Buyer fails to comply with this contract, Buyer will be in default, and Seller may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money as liquidated damages, thereby releasing both parties from this contract. If Seller fails to comply with this contract for any other reason, Seller will be in default and Buyer may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money, thereby releasing both parties from this contract.
- **16. MEDIATION:** It is the policy of the State of Texas to encourage resolution of disputes through alternative dispute resolution procedures such as mediation. Any dispute between Seller and Buyer related to this contract which is not resolved through informal discussion will be submitted to a mutually acceptable mediation service or provider. The parties to the mediation shall bear the mediation costs equally. This paragraph does not preclude a party from seeking equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 17. ATTORNEY'S FEES: A Buyer, Seller, Listing Broker, Other Broker, or Escrow Agent[escrow agent] who prevails in any legal proceeding related to this contract is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and all costs of such proceeding.

18. ESCROW:

- A. ESCROW: The Escrow Agent[escrow agent] is not (i) a party to this contract and does not have liability for the performance or nonperformance of any party to this contract, (ii) liable for interest on the earnest money and (iii) liable for the loss of any earnest money caused by the failure of any financial institution in which the earnest money has been deposited unless the financial institution is acting as <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent</u>]. Escrow <u>Agent[agent]</u> may require any disbursement made in connection with this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent's [escrow agent's] collection of good funds acceptable to <u>Escrow Agent</u>[escrow agent].
- B. EXPENSES: At closing, the earnest money must be applied first to any cash down payment, then to Buyer's Expenses and any excess refunded to Buyer. If no closing occurs, Escrow Agent [escrow agent] may: (i) require a written release of liability of the <u>Escrow Agent</u>[escrow agent from all parties <u>before releasing any earnest money</u>; and (ii) require payment of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of a party. Escrow <u>Agent[agent]</u> may deduct authorized expenses from the earnest money payable to a party. "Authorized expenses" means expenses incurred by <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u> on behalf of the party entitled to the earnest money that were authorized by this contract or that party.
- C. DEMAND: Upon termination of this contract, either party or the <u>Escrow Agent</u>[escrow Agent[<a href="escrow-ag may send a release of earnest money to each party and the parties shall execute counterparts of the release and deliver same to the <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent</u>]. If either party fails to execute the release, either party may make a written demand to the <u>Escrow Agent[escrow</u> agent] for the earnest money. If only one party makes written demand for the earnest money, <u>Escrow Agent[escrow agent]</u> shall promptly provide a copy of the demand to the other party. [If escrow agent does not receive written objection to the demand from the other party.] If Escrow Agent escrow agent does not receive written objection to the demand from the other

Contract Concernii	ng(Addre	ss of Prop	Page 8 of 11 11-07-2022[11-
making ceiving the life of the	hin 15 days, Escrow Agent[escrow ademand reduced by the amount of the earnest money and Escrow Agent Agent[escrow agent] complies with Escrow Agent[escrow agent] from alliey. 5: Any party who wrongfully fails or crow agent within 7 days of receipt; (ii) the earnest money; (iii) reasonates Escrow Agent's escrow agent's not considered.	ngent] munpaid et [escrow the pro ll advers of the reable attoortices wi	nay disburse the earnest money to the party expenses incurred on behalf of the party revagent] may pay the same to the creditors. visions of this paragraph, each party hereby se claims related to the disbursal of the earse to sign a release acceptable to the Escrow equest will be liable to the other party for (i) orney's fees; and (iv) all costs of suit. Il be effective when sent in compliance with be deemed effective upon receipt by Escrow
	n 21. Notice of objection to the demi crow agent].	and Will	be deemed effective upon receipt by <u>Escrow</u>
19. REPRESEN If any repre Unless expr	TATIONS: All covenants, representa sentation of Seller in this contract is	untrue	nd warranties in this contract survive closing. on the Closing Date, Seller will be in default. Her may continue to show the Property and
Code and its to Buyer that amount suff Service toge	s regulations, or if Seller fails to deli at Seller is not a "foreign person," th ficient to comply with applicable tax	ver an a nen Buy c law an ernal Re	gn person," as defined by Internal Revenue affidavit or a certificate of non-foreign status er shall withhold from the sales proceeds and deliver the same to the Internal Revenue evenue Service regulations require filing writ-received in the transaction.
	All notices from one party to the oth livered at, or transmitted by fax or e	lectroni	
To Buyer a	nt:	To S	eller at:
Phone:	()	Phon	ne: ()
E-mail/Fax			ail/Fax:
E-mail/Fax			ail/Fax:
1	y to Buyer's agent at:		a copy to Seller's Agent at:
cannot be c			the entire agreement of the parties and Addenda which are a part of this contract
	ty Financing Addendum	ш	Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum
_	nancing Addendum		
Mandato	ım for Property Subject to ry Membership in a Property Association		Seller's Temporary Residential Lease
			Short Sale Addendum
_ ′	Temporary Residential Lease sumption Addendum	Ц	Addendum for Property Located Seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway
_	im for Sale of Other Property by		Addendum for Seller's Disclosure of Information on Lead-based Paint and Lead -based Paint Hazards as Required by Federal Law
□ Addendu	ım for "Back-Up" Contract		
□ Addendu	ım for Coastal Area Property		Addendum for Property in a Propane Gas System Service Area
☐ Addendu Testing	ım for Authorizing Hydrostatic		Addendum Regarding Residential Leases
_	ım Concerning Right to te Due to Lender's Appraisal		Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases Other (list):
☐ Addendu and Oth	ım for Reservation of Oil, Gas ier Minerals		
Addendu Obligatio Assessm	im containing Notice of on to Pay Improvement District ent		
Initialed for ident	rification by Buyer and	d Seller	——— TREC NO. 25- <u>15[14]</u>

intract concerning	08-2021](Address of Property)	Page 9 of 11	11-07-2022[4
CONSULT AN ATTORNEY	BEFORE SIGNING: TREC rules prohibi m giving legal advice. READ THIS CONTR	t real estate <u>broker</u> ACT CAREFULLY.	s and sales
Buyer's Attorney is:	Seller's Attorney is:		
Fax: <u>(</u>)	Fax: <u>(</u>)	
E-mail:	E-mail:		
EXECUTED thed (BROKER: FILL IN THE D	ay of, ZATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE.)	20 (Effectiv	e Date).
Buyer	Seller		
Buyer	Seller		
Buyer	Seller		



The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC NO. 25-15[14]. This form replaces TREC NO. 25-14[13].

Contract Concerning Page 10 of 11		of 11 <u>11-07-2022</u> [11-	
	RATIFICAT	ION OF FEE	
Listing Broker has agreed to pay Other Broker of the total Sales Price when Listing Broker's fee is received. Escrow Agent is authorized and directed to pay Other Broker from Listing Broker's fee at closing. Other Broker: Listing Broker:			
		_	
By:BDOVED INCORMATION		ENT FOR PAYMENT OF BROKERS' FE	
BROKEK INI OKMATIOI	AND AGREEM	ENTION PATHLINI OF BROKERS TE	
Other Broker	License No.	Listing or Principal Broker	License No.
Associate's Name	License No.	Listing Associate's Name	License No.
Team Name		Team Name	
Associate's Email Address	Phone	Listing Associate's Email Address	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Associate	License No.	Licensed Supervisor of Listing Associate	License No.
Other Broker's Office Address	Phone	Listing Broker's Office Address	Phone
City State	Zip	City State	Zip
represents Buyer only as Buyer's agent Selling Associate License No			License No.
		Selling Associate's Email Address	Phone
		Licensed Supervisor of Selling Associate	License No.
		Selling Associate's Office Address	
		City State	Zip
Upon closing of the cale by Coller to	Puyer of the D	represents Seller only Buyer only Seller and Buyer as a	an intermediary
Upon closing of the sale by Seller to agreement is attached: (a) Seller or ——————————————————————————————————	ce; and (b) U Se he total Sales Pri	tring/Principal Broker a cash fee of \$_eller Buyer will pay Other Broker cice. Seller/Buyer authorizes and directs	la cash fee of
DO NOT SIGN IF THERE IS A SEPARATE AGREEMENT FOR PAYMENT OF BROKERS' FEES. Brokers' fees are negotiable. Brokers' fees or the sharing of fees between brokers are not fixed, controlled, recommended, suggested or maintained by the Texas Real Estate Commission.			
Seller		Buyer	
Seller	separate written a	Buyer	

	OPTION	I FEE RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	(Option Fee) in t	the form of	
Escrow Agent			Date
	EARNEST	MONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	Earnest Money	in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received b	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	CONTR	ACT RECEIPT	
Receipt of the Contract is a	cknowledged.		
Escrow Agent	Received b	by Email Address	Date
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
ADDITIONAL EARNEST MONEY RECEIPT			
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	additional Earn	est Money in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received b		Date/Time
Address		- · ·	Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax



PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC)
[NOTICE: Not For Use Where Seller Owns Fee Simple Title To Land Beneath Unit]





1. PA	RTIES: The parties to this contract are eller) and		Buver) Seller agrees to
sel	and convey to Buyer and Buyer agrees	to buy from Seller the Propert	y defined below.
2. PR	OPERTY AND CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENT The Condominium Unit, improvement	MENTS: s and accessories described	
	referred to as the Property (Property). (1) CONDOMINIUM UNIT: Unit	, in Buildina	
	of	, a condomi	nium project, located at
	(address/zip code), City of	,County	of
	Texas, described in the Condominiu		
	of record in said County; together Elements designated by the Deck Common Elements appurtenant to Elements which have been specifica areas assigned to the Unit are:	with such Unit's undivided in Pration, including those area the Unit and such other righ Ily assigned to the Unit in any	nterest in the Common as reserved as Limited ats to use the Common
	(2) IMPROVEMENTS: All fixtures and i property including without limitation items, if any: all equipment and at to-wall carpeting, mirrors, ceiling mounts and brackets for television security and fire detection equipmer shrubbery, landscaping, outdoor conthe above described Condominium L (3) ACCESSORIES: The following draperies and rods, door keys, requipment and maintenance access are not fixtures, and controls for: improvements and accessories. "Consoftware and applications used to a (ii) hardware used solely to control in EXCLUSIONS: The following improvements be removed prior to delivery or	the following permanently opliances, valances, screens, fans, attic fans, mail boxes and speakers, heating and lightic britishing equipment, and all other of the scribed related accessories screens, curtains and rods, nailbox keys, above ground sories, artificial fireplace logs (i) garage doors, (ii) entry includes Seller's transported in the screens and control improvements or accessories.	installed and built-in shutters, awnings, wall-s, television antennas, I air conditioning units, and fixtures, chandeliers, er property attached to s, if any: window air blinds, window shades, pool, swimming pool, security systems that y gates, and (iii) other ferable rights to the (i) ents or accessories, and e retained by Seller and
_	The Declaration, Bylaws and any Rules one box only):		•
Ц	(1) Buyer has received a copy of the [Oocuments. Buyer is advised	to read the Documents
	before signing the contract. (2) Buyer has not received a copy of the the Documents to Buyer within Buyer may terminate[cancel] the Buyer receives the Documents by of termination[cancellation] to Selfrequested]. If Buyer terminates[cancellation] the earnights to terminate under Section 82	days after the Effective contract within 7 days [befoor giving[hand-delivering or er [by certified United States the contract pursuant nest money will be refunded	Date of the contract. re the sixth day] after mailing] written notice es mail, return receipt to this paragraph, [the
C.	The Resale Certificate from the condor the "Certificate". The Certificate must be parties. The Certificate must have be months before the date it is delivered information required by Section 82.157 (Check one box only):	ninium owners association (the in a form promulgated by len prepared, at Seller's expect to Buver and must cont	TREC or required by the ense, no more than 3
8	(1) Buyer has received the Certificate. (2) Buyer has not received the Certificate.	ate of the contract. Buyer ma	y <u>terminate</u> [cancel] the receives the Certificate <u>n</u> [cancellation] to Seller yer <u>terminates</u> [cancels] inate and the earnest
	(3) Buyer has received Seller's affice Association concerning its financial of that the Association did not pro	condition as required by the Te	exas Property Code, and
D.	Certificate. Buyer and Seller agree to the Documents reveal that the Prop Association or a member of the Association be amended to the date that Buthat: (i) Seller has complied with the	o waive the requirement to ful erty is subject to a right of l ation may purchase the Prop	rnish the Certificate. refusal under which the erty, the Effective Date
nitialed	for identification by Buyer		

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Contract Concerning		Page 2 of 1011 -07-2022[11-08
2021]	(Address of Property)	
persons who may exercise to buy the Property. If Edays after the Effe shall terminate and the earn 3. SALES PRICE:	the right of refusal have not exercis Buyer does not receive the Associative Date or if the right of refusations maney shall be refunded to Buy	ed or have waived the right clation's certification within lis exercised, this contract eer.
	ayable by Buyer at closing	\$
The term "Cash portion of the	e Sales Price" does not include proce perty except as disclosed in this con	eeds from borrowing of any
_	d in the attached: Third Party F	
	dum, 🗕 Seller Financing Addendu	
4. LEASES: Except as disclosed in Property. After the Effective Data lease, amend any existing lease.	n this contract, Seller is not awar te, Seller may not, without Buyer's e, or convey any interest in the P	e of any leases affecting the written consent, create a new
Addendum Regarding Resider B. FIXTURE LEASES: Fixtures of example, solar panels, proportions and Regarding Fixture Leases is a selection of the solar panels. 5. EARNEST MONEY AND TERMS	INATION OPTION.	ract. e or more fixture leases (for system) and the Addendum
A. DELIVERY OF EARNEST MON Buyer must deliver to agent,] at as earne	NEY AND OPTION FEE: Within 3 of (set money and \$	lays after the Effective Date, Escrow Agent) [, as escrow (address): as the Option Fee The
be paid separately or combin	ed in a single payment.	*
(2) If the last day to deliver falls on a Saturday, Sur Option Fee, or the additio	tional earnest money of \$ days after the Effective Date o the earnest money, Option Fee, or day, or legal holiday, the time to nal earnest money, as applicable, is curday, Sunday, or legal holiday.	f this contract. the additional earnest money deliver the earnest money, extended until the end of the
(3) The amount(s) <u>Escrow Ac</u> first to the Option Fee, money.	then to the earnest money, and the	hen to the additional earnest
Seller at any time without	Agent[escrow agent] to release a ut further notice to or consent from liability for delivery of the Option es Price at closing.	n Buyer, and releases Escrow
B. TERMINATION OPTION: For and Buyer's agreement to p the unrestricted right to term days after the Effer paragraph must be given by	nominal consideration, the receipt of ay the Option Fee within the time ninate this contract by giving notice ctive Date of this contract (Option 5:00 p.m. (local time where the Proceed of termination within the time)	required, Seller grants Buyer of termination to Seller within Period). Notices under this operty is located) by the date
will not be refunded and <u>Esc</u> with <u>Escrow Agent[escrow a</u> Buyer.	row Agent[escrow agent] shall releagent] to Seller; and (ii) any earne	ase any Option Fee remaining st money will be refunded to
within the time required, Sounder Paragraph 15, or both money.	R EARNEST MONEY: If Buyer fails eller may terminate this contract , by providing notice to Buyer befo	or exercise Seller's remedies are Buyer delivers the earnest
D. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER if Buyer fails to deliver the unrestricted right to terminat	OPTION FEE: If no dollar amount Option Fee within the time require this contract under this Paragraph	ed, Buyer shall not have the n 5.
for performance is require	ice for this paragraph and strict d.	. comphance with the time
6. TITLE POLICY:	_	w/a avmanaa sa suuraa sa liisu sa
title insurance (Title Policy) is in the amount of the Sales F the provisions of the Title P building and zoning ordinance	Price, dated at or after closing, insu Policy, subject to the promulgated es) and the following exceptions:	(Title Company) ring Buyer against loss under exclusions (including existing
(1) Restrictive covenants com (2) The standard printed exce (3) Liens created as part of the	nmon to the platted subdivision in weption for standby fees, taxes and a ne financing described in Paragraph of the Documents including the	ssessments. 3.
easements.	is otherwise permitted by this contra	·
Initialed for identification by Buyer	and Seller	TREC NO. 30- <u>16[15]</u>

(Address of Property)

(6) The standard printed exception as to marital rights. (7) The standard printed exception as to waters, tidelands, beaches, streams, and related

(8) The standard printed exception as to discrepancies, conflicts, shortages in area or boundary

lines, encroachments or protrusions, or overlapping improvements.

lines, encroachments or protrusions, or overlapping improvements.

(9) The exception or exclusion regarding minerals approved by the Texas Department of Insurance.

B. COMMITMENT: Within 20 days after the Title Company receives a copy of this contract, Seller shall furnish to Buyer a commitment for title insurance (Commitment) and, at Buyer's expense, legible copies of restrictive covenants and documents evidencing exceptions in the Commitment (Exception Documents) other than the standard printed exceptions. Seller authorizes the Title Company to deliver the Commitment and Exception Documents to Buyer at Buyer's address shown in Paragraph 21. If the Commitment and Exception Documents are not delivered to Buyer within the specified time, the time for delivery will be automatically extended up to 15 days or 3 days before the Closing Date, whichever is earlier. If the Commitment and Exception Documents are not delivered within the time required, Buyer may terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.

C. OBJECTIONS: Buyer may object in writing to defects, exceptions, or encumbrances to title: disclosed in the Commitment other than items 6A(1) through (9) above: or which prohibit the

disclosed in the Commitment other than items 6A(1) through (9) above; or which prohibit the

following use or activity:

Buyer must object the earlier of (i) the Closing Date or (ii) _____ days after Buyer receives the Commitment and Exception Documents. Buyer's failure to object within the time the Commitment and Exception Documents. Buyer's failure to object within the time allowed will constitute a waiver of Buyer's right to object; except that the requirements in Schedule C of the Commitment are not waived by Buyer. Provided Seller is not obligated to incur any expense, Seller shall cure any timely objections of Buyer or any third party lender within 15 days after Seller receives the objections (Cure Period) and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary. If objections are not cured within the Cure Period, Buyer may, by delivering notice to Seller within 5 days after the end of the Cure Period: (i) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer; or (ii) waive the objections. If Buyer does not terminate within the time required, Buyer shall be deemed to have waived the objections. If the Commitment is revised or any new Exception Document(s) is delivered, Buyer may object to any new matter revealed in the revised Commitment or new Exception Document(s) within the same time stated in this paragraph to make objections beginning when the revised Commitment or Exception Document(s) is delivered to Buyer.

TITLE NOTICES:

D. TITLE NOTICES

(1) ABSTRACT OR TITLE POLICY: Broker advises Buyer to have an abstract of title covering the Property examined by an attorney of Buyer's selection, or Buyer should be furnished with or obtain a Title Policy. If a Title Policy is furnished, the Commitment should be promptly reviewed by an attorney of Buyer's choice due to the time limitations on Buyer's right to object

right to object.

(2) STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS: If the Property is situated in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services, Chapter 49, Texas Water Code, requires Seller to deliver and Buyer to sign the statutory notice relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness, or standby fee of the district prior to final execution of this contract.

(3) TIDE WATERS: If the Property abuts the tidally influenced waters of the state, §33.135, Texas Natural Resources Code, requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or required by the parties must be used.

(4) ANNEXATION: If the Property is located outside the limits of a municipality, Seller notifies Buyer under §5.011, Texas Property Code, that the Property may now or later be included in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality and may now or later be subject to annexation by the municipality. Each municipality maintains a map that depicts its boundaries and extraterritorial jurisdiction. To determine if the Property is located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a property for further information.

extraterritorial jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information.

(5) PROPERTY LOCATED IN A CERTIFICATED SERVICE AREA OF A UTILITY SERVICE PROVIDER: Notice required by §13.257, Water Code: The real property, described in Paragraph 2, that you are about to purchase may be located in a certificated water or sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the properties in the certificated area. If your property is located in a certificated area there may be special costs or charges that you will be required to pay before you can receive water or sewer service. There may be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide water or sewer service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a certificated area and contact the utility service provider to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to provide water or sewer service to your property. The undersigned Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice at or before the execution of a binding contract for the purchase of the real property.

(6) PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS: If the Property is in a public improvement district, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §5.014, Property Code. An addendum containing the required notice shall be attached to this contract.

Contract Concerning 2021	(Address of Property)	Page 4 of 10 <u>11 -07-2022</u> [11-08
(7) TRANSFER FEES: If the Property Code, requivabling to be got (8) PROPANE GAS SYSTE service area owned be as required by §14 approved by TREC or (9) NOTICE OF WATER water, including a result of the properties	the Property is subject to a private transires Seller to notify Buyer as follows: verned by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the M SERVICE AREA: If the Property is locally a distribution system retailer, Seller mul.010, Texas Utilities Code. An adden required by the parties should be used. LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS: If the Property asservoir or lake, constructed and maintain age capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet ar hereby notifies Buyer: "The water level of the property of the water level of the property of the pro	The private transfer fee Texas Property Code. ted in a propane gas system ust give Buyer written notice adjoins an impoundment of ed under Chapter 11, Water t the impoundment's normal of the impoundment of water as a result of: (1) an entity oundment; or (2) drought or
	1015/115 1100000/1	
the Property at reasons selected by Buyer and li Any hydrostatic testing expense shall immediate during the time this cont B. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE N (Check one box only) (1) Buyer has received the contract, Seller shall Buyer may terminate will be refunded to Be for any reason with whichever first occurs which we for a residentian D. ACCEPTANCE OF PROPER with any and all defect warranties in this contract (1) or (2) does not presented.	de Notice. ed the Notice. Within days aft deliver the Notice to Buyer. If Buyer do this contract at any time prior to the clouyer. If Seller delivers the Notice, Buyer in 7 days after Buyer receives the Notice, and the earnest money will be refunded ode does not require this Seller to furnish F LEAD-BASED PAINT AND LEAD-BASED PAINT AND LEAD-BASED PAINT CONDITION: "As Is" means the present and without warranty except for the cit. Buyer's agreement to accept the Property creatments in a subsequent amendment in Period, if any.	rty inspected by inspectors by law to make inspections. in writing. Seller at Seller's and shall keep the utilities on PERTY CODE (Notice): er the Effective Date of this loss not receive the Notice, using and the earnest money may terminate this contract ice or prior to the closing, to Buyer. the Notice. AINT HAZARDS is required by ent condition of the Property warranties of title and the try As Is under Paragraph 7D, under Paragraph 7A, from
(2) Buyer accepts the Pr	operty As Is provided Seller, at Seller's airs and treatments:	expense, shall complete the
specific repairs and tr E. LENDER REQUIRED REPAIR party is obligated to party in the treatments, this contract cost of lender required terminate this contract a F. COMPLETION OF REPAIR shall complete all agreed [(ii) all] required perming performed by persons where the treatments. Seller shall: (s) showing the scope expense, arrange for the received by Seller] with at closing Buyer's expension to the Closing Date, Buy Date up to 5 days if neces G. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTE including asbestos and wor endangered species of	AIRS AND TREATMENTS: Unless otherwisely for lender required repairs, which in the parties do not agree to pay for the will terminate and the earnest money will repairs and treatments exceeds 5% of and the earnest money will be refunded to 18 AND TREATMENTS: Unless otherwise ago repairs and treatments prior to the Clots. The [must be obtained, and] repairs or are licensed to provide such repairs or toommercially engaged in the trade of (i) provide Buyer with copies of document of work and payment for the work contransfer of [At Buyer's election,] any transfer of [At Buyer's election,] any transfer of [Seller fails to complete any agreed for may exercise remedies under Paragrams sary for Seller to complete repairs and treatments [Seller fails to complete any agreed for the same presence of the same	se agreed in writing, neither includes treatment for wood lender required repairs or be refunded to Buyer. If the the Sales Price, Buyer may Buyer. Igreed in writing, [: (i)] Seller sing Date[;] and obtain any is and treatments must be creatments or, if no license is providing such repairs or tation from the repair person inpleted; and (ii) at Seller's inserable warranties received will be transferred] to Buyer repairs and treatments prior ph 15 or extend the Closing eatments. If wetlands, toxic substances, the presence of a threatened use of the Property. If Buyer
is concerned about thes parties should be used.	se matters, an 'addendum' promulgated b	by TREC or required by the
Initialed for identification by Buy	er and Seller	TREC NO. 30- <u>16[15</u>]

Contract Concerning (Address of Property)	Page 5 of 10 <u>11 -07-2022[11 -08</u>
H. RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS: Buyer may p provider or administrator licensed by the Texas reimburse Buyer at closing for the cost of the re exceeding \$ Buyer should review of coverage, exclusions and limitations. The purch optional. Similar coverage may be purchased f business in Texas.	s Department of Licensing and Regulation a residential service contract, Seller shall sidential service contract in an amount not any residential service contract for the scope ase of a residential service contract is
8. BROKERS AND SALES AGENTS:	
A. BROKER OR SALES AGENT DISCLOSURE: Texas law who is a party to a transaction or acting on behalf which the broker or sales agent owns more that sales agent acts as a trustee or of which the bragent's spouse, parent or child is a beneficiary, entering into a contract of sale. Disclose if applicable	of a spouse, parent, child, business entity in n 10%, or a trust for which the broker or roker or sales to notify the other party in writing before
B. BROKERS' FEES: All obligations of the parties fo separate written agreements. 9. CLOSING:	r payment of brokers' fees are contained in
A. The closing of the sale will be on or before after objections to matters disclosed in the Complater (Closing Date). If either party fails to close the party may exercise the remedies contained in Paras B. At closing: (1) Seller shall execute and deliver a general wark Buyer and showing no additional exceptions to tax statements or certificates showing no deline (2) Buyer shall pay the Sales Price in good funds ac (3) Seller and Buyer shall execute and deliver an releases, loan documents, transfer of any warrequired for the closing of the sale and the issue	ranty deed conveying title to the Property to those permitted in Paragraph 6 and furnish quent taxes on the Property. cceptable to the Escrow Agent[escrow agent], y notices, statements, certificates, affidavits, arranties, and other documents reasonably ance of the Title Policy.
(4) There will be no liens, assessments, or security be satisfied out of the sales proceeds unless se Buyer and assumed loans will not be in default. (5) Private transfer fees (as defined by Chapter 5 will be the obligation of Seller unless provide does not apply to fees assessed by the Associat 10. POSSESSION:	a otnerwise in this contract. This paradraph
A. BUYER'S POSSESSION: Seller shall deliver to Buye required condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted: temporary residential lease form promulgated by TRE Any possession by Buyer prior to closing or by Se written lease will establish a tenancy at sufferance r insurance agent prior to change of ownership a may be limited or terminated. The absence of coverage may expose the parties to economic lo	upon closing and funding according to a C or other written lease required by the parties. ller after closing which is not authorized by a elationship between the parties. Consult your nd possession because insurance coverage a written lease or appropriate insurance
B. SMART DEVICES: "Smart Device" means a device t use, monitoring, and management of: (i) the Pro Items Addendum; or (iii) items in a Fixture Lease possession of the Property to Buyer, Seller shall: (1) deliver to Buyer written information containing applications Buyer will need to access, operate, (2) terminate and remove all access and connectio any of Seller's personal devices including but no	that connects to the internet to enable remote perty; (ii) items identified in any Non-Realty assigned to Buyer. At the time Seller delivers all access codes, usernames, passwords, and manage, and control the Smart Devices; and ns to the improvements and accessories from
11. SPECIAL PROVISIONS: (This paragraph is in informational items. An informational item is a statement of this contract unless drafted by a party to this factual statements and business details applicate holders from adding factual statements or busine other form has been promulgated by TREC for man	ntended to be used only for additional atement that completes a blank in a contract instructions. Real estate brokers and sales II not add to, delete, or modify any provision contract or a party's attorney.) (Insert only ble to the sale. TREC rules prohibit licenses and sales are the sale. TREC rules prohibit licenses and sales are the sale.

12. SETTLEMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES:

(Address of Property)

Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan programs, and then to other Buyer's Expenses as allowed by the lender.

costs and fees provided by Paragraph 2.

- B. If any expense exceeds an amount expressly stated in this contract for such expense to be paid by a party, that party may terminate this contract unless the other party agrees to pay such excess. Buyer may not pay charges and fees expressly prohibited by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan program regulations.
- 13. PRORATIONS: Taxes for the current year, interest, rents, and regular periodic maintenance fees, regular condominium] assessments, and dues (including prepaid items) [and rents] will be prorated through the Closing Date. The tax proration may be calculated taking into consideration any change in exemptions that will affect the current year's taxes. If taxes for the current year vary from the amount prorated at closing, the parties shall adjust the prorations when tax statements for the current year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing, Buyer shall pay taxes for the current year. Cash reserves from regular condominium assessments for deferred maintenance or capital improvements established by the Association will not be credited to Seller. Any special condominium assessment due and unpaid at closing will be the obligation of Seller.
- Any special condominium assessment due and unpaid at closing will be the obligation of Seller.

 14. CASUALTY LOSS: If any part of the Unit which Seller is solely obligated to maintain and repair under the terms of the Declaration is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty, Seller shall restore the same to its previous condition as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event by the Closing Date. If Seller fails to do so due to factors beyond Seller's control, Buyer may (a) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer, (b) extend the time for performance up to 15 days and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary or (c) accept the Property in its damaged condition with an assignment of insurance proceeds, if permitted by Seller's insurance carrier, and receive credit from Seller at closing in the amount of the deductible under the insurance policy. If any part of the Common Elements or Limited Common Elements appurtenant to the Unit is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty loss, Buyer will have 7 days from receipt of notice of such casualty loss within which to notify Seller in writing that the contract will be terminated unless Buyer receives written confirmation from the Association that the damaged condition will be restored to its previous condition within a reasonable time at no cost to Buyer. Unless Buyer gives such notice within such time, Buyer will be deemed to have accepted the Property without confirmation of such restoration. Seller will have 7 days from the date of receipt of Buyer's notice within which to cause to be delivered to Buyer such confirmation. If written confirmation is not delivered to Buyer as required above, Buyer may terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. Seller's obligations under this paragraph are independent of any other obligations of Seller under this contract.
- 15. **DEFAULT:** If Buyer fails to comply with this contract, Buyer will be in default, and Seller may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money as liquidated damages, thereby releasing both parties from this contract. If Seller fails to comply with this contract for any other reason, Seller will be in default and Buyer may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money, thereby releasing both parties from this contract.
- **16. MEDIATION:** It is the policy of the State of Texas to encourage resolution of disputes through alternative dispute resolution procedures such as mediation. Any dispute between Seller and Buyer related to this contract which is not resolved through informal discussion will be submitted to a mutually acceptable mediation service or provider. The parties to the mediation shall bear the mediation costs equally. This paragraph does not preclude a party from seeking equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 17. ATTORNEY'S FEES: A Buyer, Seller, Listing Broker, Other Broker, or Escrow Agent[escrow agent] who prevails in any legal proceeding related to this contract is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and all costs of such proceeding.
- 18. ESCROW:
 - A. ESCROW: The Escrow Agent[escrow agent] is not (i) a party to this contract and does not have liability for the performance or nonperformance of any party to this contract, (ii) liable for interest on the earnest money and (iii) liable for the loss of any earnest money caused by the failure of any financial institution in which the earnest money has been deposited unless the financial institution is acting as Escrow Agent[agent] may require any disbursement made in connection with this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent[escrow agent].

 B. EXPENSES: At closing, the earnest money must be applied first to any cash down payment, then to Buyer's Expenses and any excess refunded to Buyer. If no closing occurs, Escrow Agent[escrow agent] may: (i) require a written release of liability of the Escrow Agent[escrow agent] from all parties Defore releasing any earnest money; and (ii) require payment of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of a party. Escrow Agent[agent] may deduct authorized

	ntract Concerning		Page 7 of 10 <u>11 -07-2022[11-08</u>
2021	(Address of Prope	erty)	
	expenses from the earnest money payable to es incurred by Escrow Agent[escrow agent money that were authorized by this contract DEMAND: Upon termination of this contract may send a release of earnest money to e parts of the release and deliver same to the to execute the release, either party may mangent for the earnest money. If only one pey, Escrow Agent [escrow agent] shall promparty. If Escrow Agent [escrow agent] does the other party within 15 days, Escrow Agent ey to the party making demand reduced behalf of the party receiving the earnest mathematical	on to the control of	r party or the Escrow Agent[escrow agent] r party or the Escrow Agent[escrow agent] rry and the parties shall execute counter- w Agent[escrow agent]. If either party fails written demand to the Escrow Agent[escrow rakes written demand for the earnest mon- rovide a copy of the demand to the other ceive written objection to the demand from row agent] may disburse the earnest mon- ne amount of unpaid expenses incurred on and Escrow Agent[escrow agent] may pay ragent complies with the provisions of this
	 D. DAMAGES: Any party who wrongfully fails <u>Escrow Agent</u> escrow agent within 7 days of party for (i) damages; (ii) the earnest moncosts of suit. E. NOTICES: Escrow Agent's escrow agent's 	of recent of recent of recent of the contract	ipt of the request will be liable to the other i) reasonable attorney's fees; and (iv) all s will be effective when sent in compliance
	with Paragraph 21. Notice of objection to the by Escrow Agent [escrow agent].	he den	nand will be deemed effective upon receipt
19.	REPRESENTATIONS: All covenants, represe closing. If any representation of Seller in this be in default. Unless expressly prohibited by the Property and receive, negotiate and accept	contra	nct is untrue on the Closing Date, Seller will name agreement, Seller may continue to show
	FEDERAL TAX REQUIREMENTS: If Seller is Code and its regulations, or if Seller fails to status to Buyer that Seller is not a "foreign proceeds an amount sufficient to comply with ternal Revenue Service together with appropriations require filing written reports if currency transaction.	deliver erson, applica iate ta	"then Buyer shall withhold from the sales ble tax law and deliver the same to the In- x forms. Internal Revenue Service regula-
21.	NOTICES: All notices from one party to the	other	must be in writing and are effective when
	mailed to, hand-delivered at, or transmitted by	fax or	electronic transmission as follows:
	To Buyer at:	То	Seller at:
	Phone: ()	Ph	none: ()
	E-mail/Fax:		mail/Fax:
	E-mail/Fax:		mail/Fax:
	With a copy to Buyer's agent at:	<u>W</u>	ith a copy to Seller's Agent at:
22. [AGREEMENT OF PARTIES: This contract Third Party Financing Addendum Loan Assumption Addendum	contair	ns the entire agreement of the parties and Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum
	Buyer's Temporary Residential Lease		Addendum for Property Located Seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway
	Seller's Temporary Residential Lease		
	Addendum for Sale of Other Property by BuyerAddendum for "Back-Up" Contract	ш	Addendum for Release of Liability on Assumption of FHA, VA, or Conventional Loan Restoration of Seller's Entitlement for VA Guaranteed Loan
	Seller Financing Addendum		Addendum for Property in a Propane Gas System Service Area
	Addendum for Coastal Area Property Short Sale Addendum		Addendum Regarding Residential Leases
			Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases
	Lead-based Paint Hazards as Required by Federal Law		Addendum containing Notice of Obligation
	Addendum for Authorizing Hydrostatic Testing		to Pay Improvement District Assessment
		_	Other (list):

Contract Concerning 2021	(Address of Property)		Page 8	3 of 10 <u>11 -0</u>	<u>17-2022[11-08</u>
23. CONSULT AN ATTOI agents [license holder	RNEY BEFORE SIGNING: TREC s] from giving legal advice. REAL	rules prol O THIS CO	hibit real esta NTRACT CAR	ite <u>brokers a</u> EFULLY.	and sales
Buyer's Attorney is:	Se At	eller's torney is:			
Phone: ()	PI	hone:	()		
		ax:			
E-mail:	E-	-mail:			
EXECUTED the	day of E DATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANC	E.)	, 20	(Effecti	ve Date).
Buyer	Selle	r			
Buyer	Selle	r			
The form of this	contract has been approved by the	Texas Real	Estate Commis	sion. TRFC	forms are



The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC NO. 30-16[15]. This form replaces TREC NO. 30-15[14].

		INFORMATION) only. Do not sign)	
Other Broker Firm	License No.	Listing Broker Firm	License No.
represents	s Buyer's agent ng Broker's subagent	represents Seller and Buyer as an into Seller only as Seller's ager	
Associate's Name	License No.	Listing Associate's Name	License No.
Team Name		Team Name	
Associate's Email Address	Phone	Listing Associate's Email Address	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Associate	e License No.	Licensed Supervisor of Listing Associate	License No.
Other Broker's Address	Phone	Listing Broker's Office Address	Phone
City	State Zip	City Stat	e Zip
		Selling Associaté's Name Team Name	License No.
		realli Name	
		Selling Associate's Email Address	Phone
		Licensed Supervisor of Selling Associate	License No.
		Selling Associate's Office Address	
		City State	Zip
Disclosure: Pursuant to a agreement between brokers	previous, separate agre), Listing Broker has agre	eement (such as a MLS offer of compe eed to pay Other Broker a fee (ensation or other
the previous agreement bety	ween brokers to pay or s	nsciosure is for informational purposes and hare a commission.	i uoes not change

Contract Concerning		Page	10 of 10	11 -07-2022 11-
2021]	(Address of Property)	_		_

	OPTION FE	EE RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	(Option Fee) in th	he form of	
Escrow Agent			Date
	EARNEST MO	NEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	Earnest Money in	the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	CONTRAC	T RECEIPT	
Receipt of the Contract is ack	nowledged.		
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	ADDITIONAL EARNI	EST MONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	additional Earnest	t Money in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax





AMENDMENTTO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT



	(Street Address and City)
Seller	and Buyer amend the contract as follows: (check each applicable box)
	The Sales Price in Paragraph 3 of the contract is:
—(-)	A. Cash portion of Sales Price payable by Buyer at closing\$
	B. Sum of financing described in the contract\$
	C. Sales Price (Sum of A and B)
(2)	In addition to any repairs and treatments otherwise required by the contract, Seller, at Seller's expense, shall complete the following repairs and treatments: (Notice: Paragraph 7 of the
	contract governs the completion, delivery of documentation, and transfer of warranties of repairs
	and treatments.)
□(3)	The date in Paragraph 9 of the contract is changed to, 20
\Box (4)	The amount in Paragraph 12A(1)(b) of the contract is changed to \$
	The cost of lender required repairs and treatment, as itemized on the attached list, will be paid
	as follows: \$ by Seller: \$ by Buyer.
(6)	Buyer has paid Seller an additional Option Fee of \$ for an extension of the
` ,	unrestricted right to terminate the contract on or before 5:00 p.m. on
	, 20 This additional Option Fee \square will \square will not
	be credited to the Sales Price.
_ ` `	Buyer waives the unrestricted right to terminate the contract for which the Option Fee was paid.
(8)	The date for Buyer to give written notice to Seller that Buyer cannot obtain Buyer Approval as
	set forth in the Third Party Financing Addendum is changed to
(9)	Other Modifications: (Real estate brokers and sales agents are prohibited from practicing law. [Insert only factual statements and business details applicable to this sale.])
	only ractal statements and business actains applicable to this salet.])
	<u> </u>
CO	ONSULT AN ATTORNEY BEFORE SIGNING: TREC rules prohibit real estate brokers and sales
ag	ents from giving legal advice. READ THIS FORM CAREFULLY.
EVE	CUITED the downer to the Thirty
DAT	CUTED theday of, 20 (BROKER: FILL IN THE E OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE.)
Buyer	Seller
buyei	Sellei
Buyo-	Collor
Buyer	Seller



This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use with similarly approved or promulgated contract forms. Such approval relates to this form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders . No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC No. 39-9[8]. This form replaces TREC No. 39-9[8].





SELLER FINANCING ADDENDUM

TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

(Address of Property)

	Agreements for Seller Financing can be complicated and may be subject to laws regulating loans. CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AND A FINANCIAL PROFESSIONAL BEFORE SIGNING. Seller may have accounting or reporting obligations concerning the Seller Financing. TREC rules prohibit real estate brokers and agents from giving legal advice. READ THIS ADDENDUM CAREFULLY.
A.	CREDIT DOCUMENTATION. To establish Buyer's creditworthiness, Buyer shall deliver to Seller within days after the Effective Date[effective date] of this contract, □ credit report □ verification of employment, including salary □ verification of funds on deposit in financial institutions □ current financial statement and □
	Buyer hereby authorizes any credit reporting agency to furnish copies of Buyer's credit reports to Seller at Buyer's sole expense.
B.	BUYER'S CREDIT APPROVAL. If the credit documentation described in Paragraph A is not delivered within the specified time, Seller may terminate this contract by notice to Buyer given at any time before all of the required credit documentation is furnished[within 7 days after expiration of the time for delivery], and the earnest money will be paid to Seller. If the credit documentation is [timely] delivered, and Seller determines in Seller's sole discretion that Buyer's credit is unacceptable, Seller may terminate this contract by notice to Buyer within 7 days after expiration of the time for delivery or its actual delivery, whichever is later, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If Seller does not terminate this contract, Seller will be deemed to have approved Buyer's creditworthiness.
C.	PROMISSORY NOTE. The promissory note in the amount of \$(Note), included in Paragraph 3B of the contract payable by Buyer to the order of Seller will bear interest at the rate of% per annum and be payable at the place designated by Seller. Buyer may prepay the Note in whole or in part at any time without penalty. Any prepayments are to be applied to the payment of the installments of principal last maturing and interest will immediately cease on the prepaid principal. The Note will contain a provision for payment of a late fee of 5% of any installment not paid within 10 days of the due date. Matured unpaid amounts will bear interest at the rate of 18%[1½%] per annum[month] or at the highest lawful rate, whichever is less. The Note will be payable as follows: (check one box only)
	☐ (1) In one payment due after the date of the Note with interest payable ☐ at maturity ☐ monthly ☐ quarterly [¬] (check one box only).
	□ (2) In monthly installments of \$ □ including interest □ plus interest (check one box only) beginning after the date of the Note and continuing monthly thereafter for months when the balance of the Note will be due and payable.
	☐ (3) Interest only in monthly installments for the first month(s) and thereafter in installments of \$ ☐ including interest ☐ plus interest (check one box only) beginning after the date of the Note and continuing monthly thereafter for months when the balance of the Note will be due and payable.
D.	DEED OF TRUST. The deed of trust securing the Note will provide for the following:
	(1) PROPERTY TRANSFERS: (check one box only)
	(a) Consent Not Required: The Property may be sold, conveyed or leased without the consent of Seller, provided any subsequent buyer assumes the Note.

Initialed for identification by Buyer_____ and Seller_____

lier Financing Addendum Concerning	Page 2 of 2 11-0/-2022[11-2 -2015]
(Address of Propo	erty)
longer than 3 years, leased with an opt contract for deed), without Seller's prior Seller's sole discretion, Seller may decla and payable. The creation of a subording condemnation, any deed solely between	he Property is sold, conveyed, leased for a period cion to purchase, or otherwise sold (including any written consent, which consent may be withheld in re the balance of the Note to be immediately due ate lien, any conveyance under threat or order of a buyers, or the passage of title by reason of the w will not entitle Seller to exercise the remedies
NOTE: Under (a) or (b), Buyer's liability to pare release of liability from Seller.	ay the Note will continue unless Buyer obtains a
(2) CASUALTY INSURANCE: The deed of trust will p casualty insurance naming Seller as a mortgage	provide that Buyer shall shall not obtain see loss payee effective on the date of closing.
(3)[(2)]TAX AND INSURANCE ESCROW: (check one	box only)
become delinquent, evidence that all ac	ish Seller, before each year's ad valorem taxes I valorem taxes on the Property have been paid. ence of any required paid-up casualty insurance e].
part of the estimated annual ad valor premiums for the Property. Buyer shall p Seller. Buyer's failure to pay the deficien is not required to deposit any escrow pa are deposited with a superior lienholder mortgagee loss payee.] Seller will provid account, use escrow deposits to pay to	Buyer shall deposit in escrow with Seller a pro rata rem taxes and <u>any required</u> casualty insurance ray any deficiency within 30 days after notice from cy will be a default under the deed of trust. Buyer tyments for taxes and <u>any required</u> insurance that refer to the casualty insurance must name Seller as a default under the deed of trust. Buyer the casualty insurance must name Seller as a default insurance must name Seller as a default insurance premiums in a large available in the escrow account, and hold the he escrow account will will not be reserved. Buyer Seller will pay the cost
(4)[(3)]PRIOR LIENS: Any default under any lien default under the deed of trust securing the Nor	n superior to the lien securing the Note will be a te.

TREC	
TEVAS DEAL ESTATE COMMISSION	

Buyer

Buyer

The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use with similarly approved or promulgated contract forms. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC No. 26-8[7]. This form replaces TREC No. 26-7[6].

Seller

Seller

<u>11-07-2022[11-10-2020</u>]



ADDENDUM FOR PROPERTY SUBJECT TO **MANDATORY MEMBERSHIP IN A PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION**



(NOT FOR USE WITH CONDOMINIUMS)

ADDENDUM TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

	(Street Address and	City)
_	(Name of Property Owners Association, (Ass	ociation) and Phone Number)
	A. SUBDIVISION INFORMATION: "Subdivision Information" r to the subdivision and bylaws and rules of the Association, and Section 207.003 of the Texas Property Code.	neans: (i) a current copy of the restrictions applying (ii) a resale certificate, all of which are described by
	(Check only one box):	
	the Subdivision Information to the Buyer. If Seller deliver the contract within 3 days after Buyer receives the Sul occurs first, and the earnest money will be refunded to Information, Buyer, as Buyer's sole remedy, may terminate earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.	odivision Information or prior to closing, whichever Buyer. If Buyer does not receive the Subdivision
	2. Within days after the effective date of the copy of the Subdivision Information to the Seller. If B time required, Buyer may terminate the contract wit Information or prior to closing, whichever occurs first, ar Buyer, due to factors beyond Buyer's control, is not able to required, Buyer may, as Buyer's sole remedy, terminate prior to closing, whichever occurs first, and the earnest m	hin 3 days after Buyer receives the Subdivision of the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If so obtain the Subdivision Information within the time the contract within 3 days after the time required or
	3. Buyer has received and approved the Subdivision Inf does not require an updated resale certificate. If Bu Buyer's expense, shall deliver it to Buyer within 10 da certificate from Buyer. Buyer may terminate this contract Seller fails to deliver the updated resale certificate within	yer requires an updated resale certificate, Seller, at ys after receiving payment for the updated resale and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer if
	4. Buyer does not require delivery of the Subdivision Information	ation.
	The title company or its agent is authorized to act on I Information ONLY upon receipt of the required fee for obligated to pay.	pehalf of the parties to obtain the Subdivision r the Subdivision Information from the party
В.	B. MATERIAL CHANGES. If Seller becomes aware of any material promptly give notice to Buyer. Buyer may terminate the contract (i) any of the Subdivision Information provided was not true; of Information occurs prior to closing, and the earnest money will	t prior to closing by giving written notice to Seller if: r (ii) any material adverse change in the Subdivision
	Association fees, deposits, reserves, and other charges association fees, deposits, reserves, and other charges associated and Seller shall pay any excess. This maintenance fees, assessments, or dues (including prepaid item and fees provided by Paragraphs A and D.	nted with the transfer of the Property not to exceed paragraph does not apply to: (i) regular periodic
	D. AUTHORIZATION: Seller authorizes the Association to relea updated resale certificate if requested by the Buyer, the Title of not require the Subdivision Information or an updated resale ce from the Association (such as the status of dues, special assess a waiver of any right of first refusal), Buyer Seller sha information prior to the Title Company ordering the information.	Company, or any broker to this sale. If Buyer does rtificate, and the Title Company requires information sments, violations of covenants and restrictions, and lpay the Title Company the cost of obtaining the
res Pro	NOTICE TO BUYER REGARDING REPAIRS BY THE ASSESSION OF THE	e concerned about the condition of any part of the
	Buyer Sel	ler
	Buyer Sel	

contracts. Such approval relates to this contract form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate licensees. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (www.trec.texas.gov) TREC No. 36-10[9]. This form replaces TREC No. 36-9[8].



PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC)



THIRD PARTY FINANCING ADDENDUM

TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

(Street Address and City)
 TYPE OF FINANCING AND DUTY TO APPLY AND OBTAIN APPROVAL: Buyer shall apply promptly for all financing described below and make every reasonable effort to obtain approval for the financing, including but not limited to furnishing all information and documents required by Buyer's lender. (Check applicable boxes): A. CONVENTIONAL FINANCING:
 □ (1) A first mortgage loan in the principal amount of \$ (excluding any financed PMI premium), due in full in year(s), with interest not to exceed % per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed % of the loan. □ (2) A second mortgage loan in the principal amount of \$ (excluding any financed PMI premium), due in full in year(s), with interest not to exceed % per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed % of the loan.
B. TEXAS VETERANS LOAN: A loan(s) from the Texas Veterans Land Board of \$
C. FHA INSURED FINANCING: A Section FHA insured loan of not less than \$ (excluding any financed MIP), amortizable monthly for not less than years, with interest not to exceed % per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed % of the loan.
D. VA GUARANTEED FINANCING: A VA guaranteed loan of not less than \$ (excluding any financed Funding Fee), amortizable monthly for not less than years, with interest not to exceed % per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed % of the loan.
■ E. USDA GUARANTEED FINANCING: A USDA-guaranteed loan of not less than \$ (excluding any financed Funding Fee), amortizable monthly for not less than years, with interest not to exceed% per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed% of the loan.
F. REVERSE MORTGAGE FINANCING: A reverse mortgage loan (also known as a Home Equity Conversion Mortgage loan) in the original principal amount of \$ (excluding any financed PMI premium or other costs), with interest not to exceed % per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed % of the loan. The reverse mortgage loanwill
☐ will not be an FHA insured loan. ☐ G. OTHER FINANCING: A loan not of a type described above from
(name of lender) in the principal amount of \$ due in year(s), with interest not to exceed % per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges not to exceed % of the loan. Buyer □ does □ does not waive all rights to terminate the contract under Paragraph 2B of this addendum for the loan described in this paragraph.
 APPROVAL OF FINANCING: Approval for the financing described above will be deemed to have been obtained when Buyer Approval and Property Approval are obtained. Time is of the essence for this paragraph and strict compliance with the time for performance is required.

(Address of Property)

A. BUYER APPROVAL	(Check one box only))
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- ☐ This contract is subject to Buyer obtaining Buyer Approval. If Buyer cannot obtain Buyer Approval, Buyer may give written notice to Seller within _____ days after the effective date of this contract and this contract will terminate and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If Buyer does not terminate the contract under this provision, the contract shall no longer be subject to the Buyer obtaining Buyer Approval. Buyer Approval will be deemed to have been obtained when (i) the terms of the loan(s) described above are available and (ii) lender determines that Buyer has satisfied all of lender's requirements related to Buyer's assets, income and credit history.
- ☐ This contract is not subject to Buyer obtaining Buyer Approval.
- B. PROPERTY APPROVAL: If Buyer's lender determines that the Property does not satisfy lender's underwriting requirements for the loan (including but not limited to appraisal, insurability, and lender required repairs) Buyer, not later than 3 days before the Closing Date, may terminate this contract by giving Seller: (i) notice of termination; and (ii) a copy of a written statement from the lender setting forth the reason(s) for lender's determination. If Buyer terminates under this paragraph, the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If Buyer does not terminate under this paragraph, Property Approval is deemed to have been obtained.
- 3. SECURITY: If required by Buyer's lender, each [Each] note for the financing described above must be secured by vendor's and deed of trust liens.
- **4. FHA/VA REQUIRED PROVISION**: If the financing described above involves FHA insured or VA financing, it is expressly agreed that, notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, the purchaser (Buyer) shall not be obligated to complete the purchase of the Property the purchaser (Buyer) shall not be obligated to complete the purchase of the Property described herein or to incur any penalty by forfeiture of earnest money deposits or otherwise: (i) unless the Buyer has been given in accordance with HUD/FHA or VA requirements a written statement issued by the Federal Housing Commissioner, Department of Veterans Affairs, or a Direct Endorsement Lender setting forth the appraised value of the Property of not less than \$\text{\text{or}}\$ or (ii) if the contract purchase price or cost exceeds the reasonable value of the Property established by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The 3-day notice of termination requirements in 2.B. does not apply to this Paragraph 4.

 A. The Buyer shall have the privilege and option of proceeding with consummation of the contract without regard to the amount of the appraised valuation or the reasonable value established by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

 B. If FHA financing is involved, the appraised valuation is arrived at to determine the maximum

established by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

B. If FHA financing is involved, the appraised valuation is arrived at to determine the maximum mortgage the Department of Housing and Urban Development will insure. HUD does not warrant the value or the condition of the Property. The Buyer should satisfy himself/herself that the price and the condition of the Property are acceptable.

C. If VA financing is involved and if Buyer elects to complete the purchase at an amount in excess of the reasonable value established by the VA, Buyer shall pay such excess amount in cash from a source which Buyer agrees to disclose to the VA and which Buyer represents will not be from borrowed funds except as approved by VA. If VA reasonable value of the Property is less than the Sales Prices, Seller may reduce the Sales Price to an amount equal to the VA reasonable value and the sale will be closed at the lower Sales Price with proportionate adjustments to the down payment and the loan amount.

5. AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE INFORMATION:

A. Buyer authorizes Buyer's lender to furnish to Seller or Buyer or their representatives information relating to the status of the approval for the financing.

B. Seller and Buyer authorize Buyer's lender, title company, and Escrow Agent [escrow agent] to disclose and furnish a copy of the closing disclosures and settlement statements [provided in relation to the closing of this sale] to the parties' respective brokers and sales agents provided under Broker Information.

Buyer	Seller
Buyer	Seller



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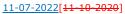
ADDENDUM REGARDING RESIDENTIAL LEASES



	ONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT:
	(Street Address and City)
	ential Lease" means any lease of the Property to a tenant including any addendum, amendment, or move-in on form.
er sen	may not execute any new Residential Lease or amend any Residential Lease without Buyer's written it. Existing Residential Leases will have the following status at closing. (Check only A or B)
	<u>Termination of Residential Leases</u> : All Residential Leases must be terminated by closing. Seller shal deliver possession of the Property in accordance with Paragraph 10 of the contract with no tenant or other person in possession or having rights to occupy the Property. [Notice: This paragraph will not amend terminate any existing lease. Consult an attorney and refer to the Residential Leases for rights to terminate before agreeing to this provision.]
В.	<u>Assignment and Assumption of Residential Leases</u> : Existing Residential Leases shall be assigned by Seller and assumed by Buyer at closing.
	 (1) Delivery of Residential Leases: [(Check one box only)] □ (a) Buyer has received a copy of all Residential Leases. □ (b) Buyer has not received a copy of all Residential Leases. Seller shall provide a copy of the Residential Leases within 3 days after the Effective Date. Buyer may terminate the contract withindays after the date the Buyer receives the Residential Leases and the earnest money shall be refunded to Buyer.
	(c) Seller provides Buyer with notice of the following oral Residential Lease(s) (or on the attached exhibit), identifying the name of the tenant(s), rental amount, and term:
	(2) At closing, Seller shall transfer security deposits (as defined under §92.102, Property Code), if any, to Buyer. At closing, Buyer shall deliver to the tenant a signed statement acknowledging that the Buyer has acquired the Property and is responsible for the return of the security deposit, and specifying the exact dollar amount of the security deposit.
	 (3) Except as described below, and to Seller's knowledge for each Residential Lease: (a) the Residential Lease is in full force and effect; (b) no tenant is in default or in violation of the Residential Lease; (c) no tenant has prepaid any rent; (d) no tenant is entitled to any offset against rent; (e) there are no outstanding tenant claims against Seller involving the Property; (f) there are no pending disputes with any tenant or prior tenant; and (g) there are no other agreements, options, or rights outside the Lease between Landlord and Tenant regarding the Property.
	Explain if any of the above is not accurate (attach additional sheets if necessary):
	(4) Seller will promptly notify Buyer if Seller learns that any statement in Paragraph B(3) becomes untrue after the Effective Date. Seller shall cure the condition making the statement untrue within 7 days after providing the notice to Buyer. If the statement remains untrue beyond the 7-day period, Buyer may as Buyer's sole remedy, terminate the contract within 5 days after the expiration of the 7-day period by delivering notice to the Seller and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If Buyer does not terminate the contract within the time required, Buyer waives the right to terminate. The Closing Date will be extended daily as necessary to afford the parties their rights and time to provide notices under this paragraph.
Вι	uyer Seller
Bı	uyer Seller



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ADDENDUM REGARDING FIXTURE LEASES



	CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT:
	(Street Address and City)
A.	Leased Fixtures are those fixtures in or on the Property that Seller leases and does not own, specifically the: solar panels, propane tanks, water softener, security system, (collectively, the Leased Fixtures). All rights to the Leased Fixtures are governed by Fixture Leases.
	(1) At closing, Buyer shall assume[7] and Seller shall assign to Buyer the following Fixture Leases [at closing, except the following]: solar panel lease, propane tank lease, water softener lease, security system lease, solar panel lease, of any cost necessary to assume or receive an assignment of the Fixture Leases and Seller shall pay the remainder. Buyer and Seller agree to sign any documents required by the lessor in the Fixture Leases to assume or assign the Fixture Leases.
	(2) Prior to closing, Seller will will not remove the Leased Fixtures covered by the Fixture Leases that Buyer does not assume. Seller will repair any damage to the Property caused by any removal. Notice: Any Leased Fixture remaining in the Property are subject to the rights of the lessor under the Fixture Lease.
В.	Delivery of Fixture Leases: [(Check one box only)]
	lacksquare (1) Buyer has received a copy of all Fixture Leases Buyer has agreed to assume.
	(2) Buyer has not received a copy of all Fixture Leases Buyer has agreed to assume. Seller shall provide a copy of the Fixture Leases within 5 days after the Effective Date. Buyer may terminate the contract within 7 days after the date the Buyer receives the Fixture Leases and the earnest money shall be refunded to Buyer.
	(3) Seller provides Buyer with notice of the following oral Fixture Lease(s) (or on the attached exhibit), identifying the name of the lessee(s), rental amount, and term:
C.	At closing, there will be no liens or security interests against Leased Fixtures which will not be satisfied out of the sales proceeds except for Leased Fixtures covered by Fixture Leases Buyer agrees to assume.
No	tice: Seller and Buyer should consult with the lessor and their attorneys regarding the
	assignment, assumption, or termination of any Fixture Leases.
Bu	ver Seller
_	
Bu	ver Seller
	The form of this addendum has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use only with similarly

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LOAN ASSUMPTION ADDENDUM TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

(Address of Property)

A. CREDIT DOCUMENTATION. To within days after the Everification of employment, incinstitutions □ current financial st	ffective Date[effective date] of luding salary ☐ verification o	this contract \square credit report \square funds on deposit in financial
Buyer hereby authorizes any cre Seller and the noteholder(s) of the	dit reporting agency to furnish c e loan(s) being assumed at Buye	opies of Buyer's credit reports to r's sole expense.
given at any time before all of the expiration of the time for deliver documentation is [timely] deliver credit is unacceptable, Seller mexpiration of the time for delivery	cified time, Seller may terminate required credit documentation ry], and the earnest money will red, and Seller determines in Seller terminate this contract by now or its actual delivery, whichever does not terminate this contract.	described in Paragraph A is not this contract by notice to Buyer is furnished [within 7 days after after be paid to Seller. If the credit eller's sole discretion that Buyer's otice to Buyer within 7 days after ar is later, and the earnest money of within the time specified, Seller
the notes[note] assumed:[-] (1) The unpaid principal balance The total current monthly	les] all obligations imposed by the e of a first lien promissory note p	payable to
The total current monthly	which unpaid balance at cle	note payable to osing will be \$ erest and any reserve deposits is payment due after closing.
balance stated above, the \(\bigcup \) cas of any variance. If the total prince \(\sigma_{\bigcup \bigcup 0}^{\bigcup 0} \) at closing, either refunded to Buyer unless the other.	h payable at closing Sales Pricipal balance of all assumed loans party may terminate this contrainer party elects to pay the excessill deliver to Buyer copies of the	Closing Date varies from the loan ce will be adjusted by the amount varies in an amount greater than act and the earnest money will be as of the variance. Within 7 days note(s) to be assumed, the deed er.
D. LOAN ASSUMPTION TERMS. refunded to Buyer if the notehold (1) payment of an assumption for Seller declines to pay such extended (2) an increase in the interest ration (3) any other modification of the E. CONSENT BY NOTEHOLDER.	er requires: ee in excess of \$in C(ccess, or te to more than% in C(1) loan documents.	(1) or \$in C(2) and or% in C(2), or
	inate this contract by notice to	the other party and the earnest

- **F. SELLER'S LIENS.** Unless Seller is released from liability on any assumed note, a vendor's lien and deed of trust to secure assumption will be required. The vendor's lien will automatically be released on delivery of an executed release by noteholder.
- **G.TAX AND INSURANCE ESCROW.** If noteholder maintains an escrow account for ad valorem taxes, casualty insurance premiums or mortgage insurance premiums, Seller shall transfer the escrow account to Buyer without any deficiency. Buyer shall reimburse Seller for the amount in the transferred accounts.

H. AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE INFORMATION:

- (1) The lender(s) of note(s) being assumed are authorized to furnish to Seller or Buyer or their representatives information relating to the status of the consent to the assumption.
- (2) Seller and Buyer authorize the lender(s) of note(s) being assumed, Title Company, and Escrow Agent to disclose and furnish a copy of the closing disclosures and settlement statements to the parties' respective brokers and sales agents provided under Broker Information.

NOTICE TO BUYER: If you are concerned about the possibility of future adjustments, monthly payments, interest rates or other terms, do not sign the contract without examining the notes and deeds of trust.

NOTICE TO SELLER: Your liability to pay the notes assumed by Buyer will continue unless you obtain a release of liability from the noteholders. If you are concerned about future liability, you should use the TREC Release of Liability Addendum.

DUE ON SALE NOTICE: Any note to be assumed or the deed of trust securing the note may contain a provision, commonly known as a "due on sale" clause, stating that the noteholder may declare the note to be immediately due and payable upon conveyance of an interest in the Property. If the noteholder fails to consent to the sale and assumption of the loan, the noteholder may have the right to declare the entire note to be immediately due and payable in full.

Buyer	Seller	
Buyer	 Seller	



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ADDENDUM FOR RESERVATION OF OIL, GAS, AND OTHER MINERALS ADDENDUM TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT



(Street Address and City)

- NOTICE: For use ONLY if Seller reserves all or a portion of the Mineral Estate. "Mineral Estate" means all oil, gas, and other minerals in and under and that may be produced from the Property, any royalty under any existing or future mineral lease covering any part of the Property, executive rights (including the right to sign a mineral lease covering any part of the Property), implied rights of ingress and egress, exploration and development rights, production and drilling rights, mineral lease payments, and all related rights and benefits. The Mineral Estate does NOT include water, sand, gravel, limestone, building stone, caliche, surface shale, near-surface lignite, and iron, but DOES include the reasonable use of these surface materials for mining, drilling, exploring, operating, developing, or removing the oil, gas, and other minerals from the Property. B. Subject to Section C below, the Mineral Estate owned by Seller, if any, will be conveyed unless reserved as follows (check one box only): (1) Seller reserves all of the Mineral Estate owned by Seller. (2) Seller reserves an undivided ___ interest in the Mineral Estate owned by Seller. NOTE: If Seller does not own all of the Mineral Estate, Seller reserves only this percentage or fraction of Seller's interest. C. Seller \square does \square does not waive [reserve and retain implied] rights of ingress and egress and of reasonable use of the Property (including surface materials) that are part of the Mineral Estate for mining, drilling, exploring, operating, developing, or removing the oil, gas, and other minerals. NOTE: Surface rights that may be held by other owners of the Mineral Estate who are not parties to this transaction (including existing mineral lessees) will NOT be affected by Seller's election. Seller's failure to complete Section C will be deemed an election to convey all surface rights described herein.
- D. If Seller does not reserve all of Seller's interest in the Mineral Estate, Seller shall, within 7 days after the Effective Date, provide Buyer with the <u>current</u> contact information of any existing mineral lessee known to Seller.

<u>IMPORTANT NOTICE</u>: The Mineral Estate affects important rights, the full extent of which may be unknown to Seller. A full examination of the title to the Property completed by an attorney with expertise in this area is the only proper means for determining title to the Mineral Estate with certainty. In addition, attempts to convey or reserve certain interest out of the Mineral Estate separately from other rights and benefits owned by Seller may have unintended consequences. Precise contract language is essential to preventing disagreements between present and future owners of the Mineral Estate.

If Seller or Buyer has any questions about their respective rights and interests in the Mineral Estate and how such rights and interests may be affected by this contract, they are strongly encouraged to consult an attorney with expertise in this area.

CONSULT AN ATTORNEY BEFORE SIGNING: TREC rules prohibit real estate <u>brokers and sales agents</u> [licensees] from giving legal advice. READ THIS FORM CAREFULLY.

Buyer	Seller
Buyer	Seller



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Appendix B - Loan Assumption Addendum

Loan assumptions haven't been a common choice for buyers for several years. It is a tool now being used with mixed results, and one used to commit mortgage fraud. Read the addendum carefully. Familiarize yourself with the *Addendum for Release of Liability on Assumed Loan* (TREC 12-3), which will often be required in conjunction with the *Loan Assumption Addendum* (TREC 41-3).

VA and FHA loans are generally assumable. The terms and conditions of a loan assumption are up to the loan servicer. VA requires a .5% assumption fee and FHA allows a \$900 assumption fee. Other fees, interest rates, and terms would need to be obtained from the loan servicer. Loans backed by government sponsored enterprises (GSEs), like Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, generally do not allow assumptions of their loans. As a listing agent, be prepared to discuss this possibility with the seller. The first action the seller should take is contacting the current mortgage company and obtaining in writing information about whether the loan can be assumed and under what terms and conditions. While a mortgage statement the seller receives may provide loan information, this statement likely does not have an accurate payoff amount, and rarely do statements show any forbearance a seller may have taken in years past. Forbearance should show up on a payoff letter, so the seller needs to request one. Another task for the listing agent is to ensure the seller obtains a copy of the note(s), the deed(s) of trust, and a payoff quote from the lender. These documents must be provided to the buyer within seven days of the effective date of the contract.

The form contemplates requirements for whether there is an escrow account. If there is no escrow account, the amount of property taxes will be prorated to the closing date. If there is an escrow account, the balance will be transferred to the buyer "with no deficiency" and the buyer will reimburse the seller for the amount transferred. "With no deficiency" requires some effort to ensure all fees and taxes being escrowed are calculated properly.

How will the buyer make up the difference between the sales price and the assumed loan? Will they be paying cash, or will they require a lender who will loan them a second mortgage? A prudent agent will have a list of lenders who perform this type of lending. The lenders will have their own fees, which will be required. In some cases, each lender (the assumption lender and the second lender) do not share appraisals, therefore two appraisals may be ordered at the expense of either the seller or the buyer. The original loan service provider must approve the second lien.

Generally, all these tasks cause an assumption transaction to take longer than a new loan process. Parties should be prepared for the assumption process to take 60 to 90 days or longer.

How is this tool being used as a mortgage fraud? The market has produced a series of potential "creative" financing ideas. For example, the seller contacts the mortgage service provider to inform it that the seller is going to move the property into an LLC, LP, corporation, or trust. After that is complete, the seller sells the interest in the entity to another person without informing the mortgage service provider of this change. Ask your favorite lender if this action would constitute a mortgage fraud.

Another example is when the seller and buyer agree to have an attorney draft a "wrap" note instead of an assumption. If you are wondering what that means, let's say the seller owes a mortgage service provider \$275,000 on a property whose value is \$525,000. The buyer has \$50,000 to put down. In spite of the fact that the loan has a "due on sale" clause, an attorney drafts a note for \$475,000 which "wraps" the \$275,000 and the \$200,000 additional money required to purchase the property. The buyer will then be paying the mortgage service provider on the \$275,000 note and paying the seller on the \$200,000 note. Sounds like an amazing way to close some transactions, but maybe not. Due on sale clauses are in most deeds of trust written in Texas for the last 25 years, so that means if the lender finds out the seller sold the property without paying off the loan, the lender may call the note due and payable within 30 days of learning of the sale. This is a hard secret to keep. Don't do it.

Appendix C - Fair Housing Poster

U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development





We Do Business in Accordance With the Federal Fair Housing Law

(The Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988)

It is illegal to Discriminate Against Any Person Because of Race, Color, Religion, Sex, Handicap, Familial Status, or National Origin

- In the sale or rental of housing or residential lots
 - In advertising the sale or rental of housing
- In the financing of housing

- In the provision of real estate brokerage services
- In the appraisal of housing
- Blockbusting is also illegal

Anyone who feels he or she has been discriminated against may file a complaint of housing discrimination:

1-800-669-9777 (Toll Free) 1-800-927-9275 (TTY) www.hud.gov/fairhousing U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Assistant Secretary for Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Washington, D.C. 20410

Previous editions are obsolete form HUD-928.1 (6/2011)

Appendix D – 2025 Form Changes

Initialed for identification by Buyer_____ and Seller

TREC

PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC)

ONE TO FOUR FAMILY RESIDENTIAL CONTRACT (RESALE)



11-04-2024

NOTICE: Not For Use For Condominium Transactions

1	PARTIES: The parties to this contract are
Τ.	(Seller) and(Buyer).
	(Seller) and
2.	PROPERTY: The land, improvements and accessories are collectively referred to as the Property
	(Property).
	A. LAND: Lot Block,, County of,
	Texas known as
	Texas, known as(address/zip code), or as described on attached exhibit. B. IMPROVEMENTS: The house, garage and all other fixtures and improvements attached to the above-described real property, including without limitation, the following permanently installed and built-in items, if any: all equipment and appliances, valances, screens, shutters, awnings, wall-to-wall carpeting, mirrors, ceiling fans, attic fans, mail boxes, television
	antennas, mounts and brackets for televisions and speakers, heating and air-conditioning units, security and fire detection equipment, wiring, plumbing and lighting fixtures, chandeliers, water softener system, kitchen equipment, garage door openers, cleaning equipment, shrubbery, landscaping, outdoor cooking equipment, and all other property attached to the above described real property. C. ACCESSORIES: The following described related accessories, if any: window air conditioning units, stove, fireplace screens, curtains and rods, blinds, window shades, draperies and rods,
	door keys, mailbox keys, above ground pool, swimming pool equipment and maintenance accessories, artificial fireplace logs, security systems that are not fixtures, and controls for: (i) garage doors, (ii) entry gates, and (iii) other improvements and accessories. "Controls" includes Seller's transferable rights to the (i) software and applications used to access and control improvements or accessories, and (ii) hardware used solely to control improvements or accessories.
	D. EXCLUSIONS: The following improvements and accessories will be retained by Seller and must be removed prior to delivery of possession:
	E. RESERVATIONS: Any reservation for oil, gas, or other minerals, water, timber, or other interests is made in accordance with an attached addendum.
3.	SALES PRICE:
	A. Cash portion of Sales Price payable by Buyer at closing\$ The term "Cash portion of the Sales Price" does not include proceeds from borrowing of any kind or selling other real property except as disclosed in this contract.
	B. Sum of all financing described in the attached: \square Third Party Financing Addendum,
	☐ Loan Assumption Addendum, ☐ Seller Financing Addendum\$ C. Sales Price (Sum of A and B)\$
4.	LEASES: Except as disclosed in this contract, Seller is not aware of any leases affecting the Property. After the Effective Date, Seller may not, without Buyer's written consent, create a new lease, amend any existing lease, or convey any interest in the Property. (Check all applicable boxes)
	A. RESIDENTIAL LEASES: The Property is subject to one or more residential leases and the Addendum Regarding Residential Leases is attached to this contract.
	B. FIXTURE LEASES: Fixtures on the Property are subject to one or more fixture leases (for example, solar panels, propane tanks, water softener, security system) and the Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases is attached to this contract.
	C. NATURAL RESOURCE LEASES: "Natural Resource Lease" means an existing oil and gas, mineral, geothermal, water, wind, or other natural resource lease affecting the Property to which Seller is a party.
	(1) Seller has delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases.
	(2) Seller has not delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases. Seller shall provide to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases within 3 days after the Effective Date. Buyer may terminate the contract within days after the date the Buyer receives all the Natural Resource Leases and the earnest money shall be refunded to Buyer.

Contract Concerning	[11-07-2022] (Address of Property)	Page 2 of 11 <u>11-04-2024</u>
5. EARNEST MONEY AND TERMIN A. DELIVERY OF EARNEST MONEY	AND OPTION FEE: Within 3 day	ys after the Effective Date, Buyer
must deliver to((Escrow Agent) address): \$ as ea	at arnest money and \$ e made payable to Escrow Agent
and may be paid separately or	combined in a single payment.	
	ive Date of this contract.	to Escrow Agent within
falls on a Saturday, Sunday	, or legal holiday, the time to our street of the time to our street in the time tour street in the time to our street in the time to our street in	or the additional earnest money deliver the earnest money, Option anded until the end of the next day
(3) The amount(s) Escrow AgeOption Fee, then to the earr(4) Buyer authorizes Escrow Agewithout further notice to ordelivery of the Option Fee	ent receives under this paragr lest money, and then to the ad- lent to release and deliver the consent from Buyer, and release	ditional earnest money. Option Fee to Seller at any time ses Escrow Agent from liability for be credited to the Sales Price at
unrestricted right to terminate days after the Effectiv paragraph must be given by 5	the Option Fee within the time this contract by giving notice to Date of this contract (Op :00 p.m. (local time where the	pt of which Seller acknowledges, required, Seller grants Buyer the se of termination to Seller within tion Period). Notices under this Property is located) by the date prescribed: (i) the Option Fee will
not be refunded and Escrow Ag Seller; and (ii) any earnest mor C. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER	ent shall release any Option Fency will be refunded to Buyer. EARNEST MONEY: If Buyer for	ee remaining with Escrow Agent to
Paragraph 15, or both, by provi D. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER C Buyer fails to deliver the Op	ding notice to Buyer before Buy PTION FEE: If no dollar amour tion Fee within the time req	yer delivers the earnest money. It is stated as the Option Fee or if uired, Buyer shall not have the
		ct compliance with the time for
performance is required. 6. TITLE POLICY AND SURVEY:		
A. TITLE POLICY: Seller shall furn title insurance (Title Policy) in the amount of the Sales Price	ssued by e, dated at or after closing, insu bject to the promulgated excl	uyer's expense an owner policy of (Title Company) uring Buyer against loss under the usions (including existing building
(1) Restrictive covenants comm(2) The standard printed except	on to the platted subdivision in	assessments.
(4) Utility easements created in Property is located.	by the dedication deed or pla	ontract or as may be approved by
Buyer in writing. (6) The standard printed except	ion as to marital rights.	, beaches, streams, and related
matters.		ets, shortages in area or boundary
lines, encroachments or pro (i) will not be amended or d (ii) will be amended to read, (9) The exception or exclusion	trusions, or overlapping improv eleted from the title policy; or "shortages in area" at the exp	rements:
Insurance. B. COMMITMENT: Within 20 days shall furnish to Buyer a commit legible copies of restrictive cove (Exception Documents) other to Company to deliver the Command shown in Paragraph 21. If the Buyer within the specified time days or 3 days before the Closi	after the Title Company receivement for title insurance (Companants and documents evidence han the standard printed exception become commitment and Exception become the time for delivery will be any Date, whichever is earlier.	ves a copy of this contract, Seller nitment) and, at Buyer's expense, ng exceptions in the Commitment ptions. Seller authorizes the Title ents to Buyer at Buyer's address Documents are not delivered to automatically extended up to 15 If the Commitment and Exception may terminate this contract and
itialed for identification by Buyer	and Seller	TREC NO. 20-18[17]

Contract Concerning		Page 3 of 11	<u>11-04-2024</u>
	[11 07 2022] (Address of Property)		
	made by a registered professional land s	urveyor acceptab	ole to the
Title Company and Buyer's ler			
(1) Within days after the	ne Effective Date of this contract, Seller	shall furnish to E	Buyer and
Affidavit or Doclaration of	xisting survey of the Property and a omulgated by the Texas Department of	Kesiuentiai Keal	rroperty
or T-47 1 Declaration)	Seller fails to furnish the existing st	Trisurance (1-47	Alliuavit
the time prescribed. If	Buyer shall obtain a new survey at Seller	's expense no lat	er than 3
days prior to Closing Date	e if Seller fails to furnish within the time	e prescribed bot	h the: (i)
existing survey; and (ii) at	fidavit or declaration. If the <u>Title Compa</u>	<u>ny or Buyer's len</u>	der doès
<u>not accept the</u> existing s	urvey, or <u>the</u> affidavit <u>or declaration,</u> [is not acceptabl e	e to Title
Company or Buyer's lende	r(s),] Buyer shall obtain a new survey at	☐ Seller's ☐	Buyer's
expense no later than 3 days after the	hys prior to Closing Date.	may [chall] obt:	nin a now
(2) Within days after t	he Effective Date of this contract, Buyer e. Buyer is deemed to receive the surv	ov on the date	of actual
receipt or the date specifi	ed in this paragraph, whichever is earlie	er. If Buver fails	to obtain
the survey, Buyer may n	ot terminate the contract under Paragra	ph 2B of the Th	nird Party
<u>Financing Addendum beca</u>	use the survey was not obtained.		•
	the Effective Date of this contract, Seller	, at Seller's expe	nse shall
furnish a new survey to Bu			_
	ject in writing to defects, exceptions, o		
disclosed on the survey of	ther than items $6A(1)$ through (7)	bove; disclosed	l in the
	s 6A(1) through (9) above; or which pro	nibit the followin	ig use or
activity:	of (i) the Closing Date or (ii)	ofter Division in a	oivos the
Commitment Exception Docu	of (i) the Closing Date or (ii) days ments, and the survey. Buyer's failure	aller Buyer rece	the time
allowed will constitute a wai	ver of Buyer's right to object; except	that the require	ments in
Schedule C of the Commitme	ent are not waived by Buyer. Provided	Seller is not obli	gated to
incur any expense, Seller sha	all cure any timely objections of Buyer (or any third part	ty lender
within 15 days after Seller re	ceives the objections (Cure Period) and	the Closing Dat	e will be
extended as necessary. If of	pjections are not cured within the Cure thin 5 days after the end of the Cure I	Period, Buyer	may, by
contract and the earnest mo	nev will be refunded to Buver, or (ii)	waive the object	rions If
Buver does not terminate wit	ney will be refunded to Buyer; or (ii) hin the time required, Buyer shall be de	emed to have wa	aived the
l objections. If the Commitm	ent or survey is revised or any new E	xception Docum	ent(s) is l
delivered, Buyer may object t	to any new matter revealed in the revise	d Commitment o	r sùrvey
or new Exception Document	c(s) within the same time stated in	this paragraph t	to make
delivered to Buyer.	he revised Commitment, survey, or E	xception Docum	ent(s) is
E. TITLE NOTICES:			
(1) ABSTRACT OR TITLE POLI	CY: Broker advises Buyer to have an abs	stract of title cove	ering the
Property examined by an	attorney of Buyer's seléction, or Buyer sh a Title Policy is furnished, the Commitm	ould be furnished	d with or
reviewed by an attorney	of Buyer's choice due to the time limita	itions on Buver's	right to
object.	or Dayer's choice due to the time innite	cions on bayers	rigite to
	Y OWNERS ASSOCIATION(S): The Prop	erty 🗖 is 🗖 is no	t subject
` to mandatory membership	o in a property owners association(s). If a property owners association(s), Se	thé Property is s	ubject to
mandatory membership i	1 a property owners association(s), Se	ller notifies Buy	er under
identified in Paragraph 2	ode, that, as a purchaser of property in t A in which the Property is located, yo	ne residential col	to be a
member of the property o	wners association(s). Restrictive covenar	its governing the	use and
occupancy of the Propert	y and all dedicatory instruments gove	rning the establ	ishment, l
maintenance, or operation	n' of this residential community have be	en or will be rec	corded in
restrictive covenants and	s of the county in which the Property dedicatory instruments may be obtaine	d from the coun	tv clerk
You are obligated to pa	y assessments to the property own	ers association	(s). The
amount of the assess	y assessments to the property own ments is subject to change. You	<u>r failure to r</u>	bay the
assessments could res foreclosure of the Prope	ult in enforcement of the associat	<u>ion's lien on a</u>	and the
Section 207,003, Property	Code, entitles an owner to receive cop	ies of any docum	nent that
governs the establishmen	t, maintenance, or operation of a subdi	vision, including,	, but not
limited to, restrictions, b	ylaws, rules and regulations, and a i	resale certificate	from a
property owners' associat	ion. A resale certificate contains inforr cifying the amount and frequency of reg	nation including,	put not
style and cause number of	of lawsuits to which the property owner	s' association is	a party
other than lawsuits relati	ng to unpaid ad valorem taxes of an i	ndividual membe	er of the
association. These docur	ments must be made available to you	by the property	owners'
association or the association of the association o	ition's agent on your request. If Buye REC promulgated Addendum for	Property Sub	a apout
Mandatory Membershin	in a Property Owners Association(s)	should be used].
(3) STATUTORY TAX DISTRIC	CTS: If the Property is situated in a u	tility or other st	tatutorily
created district providing	water, sewer, drainage, or flood control	ol facilities and	services,
Chapter 49, Texas Water	Code, requires Seller to deliver and Bu	yer to sign the	statutory
	rate, bonded indebtedness, or standby f		
Initialed for identification by Buyer	and Seller	TREC NC). 20- <u>18[17]</u>

final execution of this contract.

(4) TIDE WATERS: If the Property abuts the tidally influenced waters of the state, §33.135, Texas Natural Resources Code, requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or required by the parties must be used.

(5) ANNEXATION: If the Property is located outside the limits of a municipality, Seller notifies Buyer under §5.011, Texas Property Code, that the Property may now or later be included in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality and may now or later be subject to annexation by the municipality. Each municipality maintains a map that depicts its boundaries and extraterritorial jurisdiction. To determine if the Property is located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction contact all municipalities located in the general provimity of the extraterritorial jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the

Property for further information.
PROPERTY LOCATED IN A CERTIFICATED SERVICE AREA OF A UTILITY SERVICE PROVIDER:
Notice required by §13.257, Water Code: The real property, described in Paragraph 2, that you are about to purchase may be located in a certificated water or sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the properties in the certificated area. If your property is located in a certificated area there may be special costs or charges that you will be required to pay before you can receive water or sewer service. There may be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide There may be a period required to pay before you can receive water or sewer service. There may be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide water or sewer service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a certificated area and contact the utility service provider to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to provide water or sewer service to your property. The undersigned Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice at or before the execution of a binding contract for the purchase of the real property described in Paragraph 2 or at closing of purchase of the real property.

(7) PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS: If the Property is in a public improvement district, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §5.014, Property Code. An addendum containing the required notice shall be attached to this contract.

(8) TRANSFER FEES: If the Property is subject to a private transfer fee obligation, §5.205, Property Code, requires Seller to notify Buyer as follows: The private transfer fee obligation may be governed by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code.

(9) PROPANE GAS SYSTEM SERVICE AREA: If the Property is located in a propane gas system service area owned by a distribution system retailer, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §141.010, Texas Utilities Code. An addendum containing the notice approved by TREC or required by the parties should be used.

(10) NOTICE OF WATER LEVEL FLUCTIVATIONS. If the Property adjoins an impoundment of water, including a reservoir or lake, constructed and maintained under Chapter 11, Water Code, that has a storage capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet at the impoundment's normal operating level, Seller hereby notifies Buyer: "The water level of the impoundment of water adjoining the Property fluctuates for various reasons, including as a result of: (1) an entity lawfully exercising its right to use the water stored in the

- flood conditions."
- (11) CERTIFICATE OF MOLD REMEDIATION: If the Property has been remediated for mold, Seller must provide to Buyer each certificate of mold damage remediation issued under §1958.154, Occupations Code, during the 5 years preceding the sale of the Property.
- (12)[(11)]REQUIRED NOTICES: The following notices have been given or are attached to this contract (for example, utility, water, drainage, and public improvement districts [MUD, WCID, PID notices]): Seller's failure to provide applicable statutory notices may provide Buyer with remedies or rights to terminate the contract.

7. PROPERTY CONDITION:

- A. ACCESS, INSPECTIONS AND UTILITIES: Seller shall permit Buyer and Buyer's agents access to the Property at reasonable times. Buyer may have the Property inspected by inspectors selected by Buyer and licensed by TREC or otherwise permitted by law to make inspections. Any hydrostatic testing must be separately authorized by Seller in writing. Seller at Seller's expense shall immediately cause existing utilities to be turned on and shall keep the utilities on during the time this contract is in effect.
- B. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE NOTICE PURSUANT TO §5.008, TEXAS PROPERTY CODE (Notice): (Check one box only)

┙	(1) Buyer has received the Notice.
	(1) Buyer has received the Notice.(2) Buyer has not received the Notice. Within days after the Effective Date of this
	contract, Seller shall deliver the Notice to Buyer. If Buyer does not receive the Notice,
	Buyer may terminate this contract at any time prior to the closing and the earnest money
	will be refunded to Buyer. If Seller delivers the Notice, Buyer may terminate this contract
	for any reason within 7 days after Buyer receives the Notice or prior to the closing,
_	whichever first occurs, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.

(3) The Seller is not required to furnish the notice under the Texas Property Code. C. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE OF LEAD-BASED PAINT AND LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS is required by Federal law for a residential dwelling constructed prior to 1978.

D. ACCEPTANCE OF PROPERTY CONDITION: "As Is" means the present condition of the Property

Contract Concerning	[11-07-2022] (Address of Property)	Page 5 of 11 <u>11-04-2024</u>
warranties in this contract. Bu 7D(1) or (2) does not preclu from negotiating repairs or tre contract during the Option Per (Check one box only)	without warranty except for the warranty except for the warranty except the Property ide Buyer from inspecting the Property eatments in a subsequent amendment, or iod, if any.	As Is under Paragraph under Paragraph 7A,
(1) Buyer accepts the Property (2) Buyer accepts the Property following specific repairs a	ry As Is provided Seller, at Seller's exp	ense, shall complete the
	ases, such as "subject to inspections" th	at do not identify specific
party is obligated to pay fo destroying insects. If the patreatments, this contract will the cost of lender required reterminate this contract and the F. COMPLETION OF REPAIRS AND complete all agreed repairs and permits. The repairs and treprovide such repairs or treatengaged in the trade of provious with copies of documentation payment for the work complete transferable warranties with refails to complete any agreed exercise remedies under Paragonal Seller to complete the repairs G. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS: E	AND TREATMENTS: Unless otherwise a r lender required repairs, which includenties do not agree to pay for the lender terminate and the earnest money will be pairs and treatments exceeds 5% of the e earnest money will be refunded to Buy D TREATMENTS: Unless otherwise agreed treatments prior to the Closing Date eatments must be performed by personal treatments or, if no license is required by ding such repairs or treatments. Seller in from the repair person(s) showing ted; and (ii) at Seller's expense, arranguespect to the repairs and treatments to be repairs and treatments to be graph 15 or extend the Closing Date up and treatments. Buyer is advised that the presence of we or other environmental hazards, or the	des treatment for wood nder required repairs or be refunded to Buyer. If e Sales Price, Buyer may ver. ed in writing, Seller shall and obtain any required ons who are licensed to y law, are commercially r shall: (i) provide Buyer the scope of work and ge for the transfer of any Buyer at closing. If Seller Closing Date, Buyer may to 5 days if necessary for etlands, toxic substances,
or endangered species or its h	nabitat may affect Buyer's intended use atters, an addendum promulgated by T	of the Property. If Buyer
parties should be used. H. RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTERIOR provider or administrator lice Buyer purchases a residential cost of the residential service should review any residential limitations. The purchase of may be purchased from var	RACTS: Buyer may purchase a residentiansed by the Texas Department of Lice service contract, Seller shall reimburse contract in an amount not exceeding \$_ il service contract for the scope of contract is optical service contract is optical service contract is optical service contract is optical service contract is optical service.	al service contract from a shaing and Regulation. If Buyer at closing for the Buyer overage, exclusions and ional. Similar coverage
agent who is a party to a tra entity in which the broker broker or sales agent acts a sales agent's spouse, parer before entering into a contra	DISCLOSURE: Texas law requires a real ansaction or acting on behalf of a spous or sales agent owns more than 10%, is a trustee or of which the broker or sale or child is a beneficiary, to notify that of sale. Disclose if applicable:	e, parent, child, business or a trust for which the es agent or the broker or ne other party in writing
separate written agreements	ions of the parties for payment of broke s.	ers' fees are contained in
(Closing Date). If either party	on or before, Paragraph 6D have been cured or waived y fails to close the sale by the Closing ies contained in Paragraph 15.	20, or within 7 days d, whichever date is later Date, the non-defaulting
(1) Seller shall execute and do Buyer and showing no add tax statements or certificate (2) Buyer shall pay the Sales Fellows (3) Seller and Buyer shall exertleases, loan documents required for the closing of (4) There will be no liens, as not be satisfied out of the statements of the satisfied out of t	eliver a general warranty deed conveying ditional exceptions to those permitted in tes showing no delinquent taxes on the Forice in good funds acceptable to the Esception and deliver any notices, statement and the sale and the issuance of the Title Polysessments, or security interests against the sales proceeds unless securing the sumed loans will not be in default.	Paragraph 6 and furnish Property. crow Agent. ts, certificates, affidavits, r documents reasonably licy. the Property which will
Initialed for identification by Buyer	and Seller	TREC NO. 20- <u>18[17]</u>

(5) Private transfer fees (as defined by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code) will be the obligation of Seller unless provided otherwise in this contract. Transfer fees assessed by a property owners' association are governed by the Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association.

10. POSSESSION:

- A. BUYER'S POSSESSION: Seller shall deliver to Buyer possession of the Property in its present or required condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted: Qupon closing and funding Qaccording to a temporary residential lease form promulgated by TREC or other written lease required by the parties. Any possession by Buyer prior to closing or by Seller after closing which is not authorized by a written lease will establish a tenancy at sufferance relationship between the parties. Consult your insurance agent prior to change of ownership and possession because insurance coverage may be limited or terminated. The absence of a written lease or appropriate insurance coverage may expose the parties to economic loss.
- B. SMART DEVICES: "Smart Device" means a device that connects to the internet to enable remote use, monitoring, and management of: (i) the Property; (ii) items identified in any Non-Realty Items Addendum; or (iii) items in a Fixture Lease assigned to Buyer. At the time Seller delivers possession of the Property to Buyer, Seller shall:
 - (1) deliver to Buyer written information containing all access codes, usernames, passwords, and applications Buyer will need to access, operate, manage, and control the Smart Devices; and
 - (2) terminate and remove all access and connections to the improvements and accessories from any of Seller's personal devices including but not limited to phones and computers.
- 11. SPECIAL PROVISIONS: (This paragraph is intended to be used only for additional informational items. An informational item is a statement that completes a blank in a contract form, discloses factual information, or provides instructions. Real estate brokers and sales agents are prohibited from practicing law and shall not add to, delete, or modify any provision of this contract unless drafted by a party to this contract or a party's attorney.)

12. SETTLEMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES:

- A. The following expenses must be paid at or prior to closing:
 - (1) Seller shall pay the following expenses [Expenses payable by Seller] (Seller's Expenses):
 - (a) releases [Releases] of existing liens, including prepayment penalties and recording fees; release of Seller's loan liability; tax statements or certificates; preparation of deed; onehalf of escrow fee; brokerage fees that Seller has agreed to pay; and other expenses payable by Seller under this contract; [-]

 - (b) the following amount to be applied to brokerage fees that Buyer has agreed to pay:

 | Seller shall also pay an | an amount not to exceed \$ ______ to be applied [in the following order: Buyer's Expenses which Buyer is prohibited from paying by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan programs, and then | to other Buyer's Expenses [as allowed by the lender].

 | Buyer's Expenses [as allowed by the lender] | Chapter | Cha
 - (2) <u>Buyer shall pay the following expenses [Expenses payable by Buyer</u>] (Buyer's Expenses): Appraisal fees; loan application fees; origination charges; credit reports; preparation of loan documents; interest on the notes from date of disbursement to one month prior to dates of first monthly payments; recording fees; copies of easements and restrictions; loan title policy with endorsements required by lender; loan-related inspection fees; photos; amortization schedules; one-half of escrow fee; all prepaid items, including required premiums for flood and hazard insurance, reserve deposits for insurance, ad valorem taxes and special governmental assessments; final compliance inspection; courier fee; repair inspection; underwriting fee; wire transfer fee; expenses incident to any loan; Private Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium (MIP) as required by the lender; brokerage fees that Buyer has agreed to pay; and other expenses payable by Buyer under this contract.
- B. If any expense exceeds an amount expressly stated in this contract for such expense to be paid by a party, that party may terminate this contract unless the other party agrees to pay such excess. Buyer may not pay charges and fees expressly prohibited by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan program regulations.
- 13. PRORATIONS: Taxes for the current year, interest, rents, and regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, and dues (including prepaid items) will be prorated through the Closing Date. The tax proration may be calculated taking into consideration any change in exemptions that will affect the current year's taxes. If taxes for the current year vary from the amount prorated at closing, the parties shall

nitialed for identification by	v Buver	and Seller	TREC NO. 20-18[4	7 1

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adjust the prorations when tax statements for the current year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing, Buyer shall pay taxes for the current year.

- 14. CASUALTY LOSS: If any part of the Property is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall restore the Property to its previous condition as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event by the Closing Date. If Seller fails to do so due to factors beyond Seller's control, Buyer may (a) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer (b) extend the time for performance up to 15 days and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary or (c) accept the Property in its damaged condition with an assignment of insurance proceeds, if permitted by Seller's insurance carrier, and receive credit from Seller at closing in the amount of the deductible under the insurance policy. Seller's obligations under this paragraph are independent of any other obligations of Seller under this contract.
- **15. DEFAULT:** If Buyer fails to comply with this contract, Buyer will be in default, and Seller may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money as liquidated damages, thereby releasing both parties from this contract. If Seller fails to comply with this contract, Seller will be in default and Buyer may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money, thereby releasing both parties from this contract.
- **16. MEDIATION:** It is the policy of the State of Texas to encourage resolution of disputes through alternative dispute resolution procedures such as mediation. Any dispute between Seller and Buyer related to this contract which is not resolved through informal discussion will be submitted to a mutually acceptable mediation service or provider. The parties to the mediation shall bear the mediation costs equally. This paragraph does not preclude a party from seeking equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- **17. ATTORNEY'S FEES:** A Buyer, Seller, Listing Broker, Other Broker, or Escrow Agent who prevails in any legal proceeding related to this contract is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and all costs of such proceeding.

18. ESCROW:

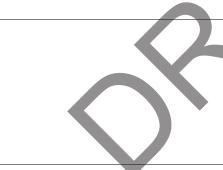
- A. ESCROW: The Escrow Agent is not (i) a party to this contract and does not have liability for the performance or nonperformance of any party to this contract, (ii) liable for interest on the earnest money and (iii) liable for the loss of any earnest money caused by the failure of any financial institution in which the earnest money has been deposited unless the financial institution is acting as Escrow Agent. Escrow Agent may require any disbursement made in connection with this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent's collection of good funds acceptable to Escrow Agent.
- B. EXPENSES: At closing, the earnest money must be applied first to any cash down payment, then to Buyer's Expenses and any excess refunded to Buyer. If no closing occurs, Escrow Agent may: (i) require a written release of liability of the Escrow Agent from all parties before releasing any earnest money; and (ii) require payment of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of a party. Escrow Agent may deduct authorized expenses from the earnest money payable to a party. "Authorized expenses" means expenses incurred by Escrow Agent on behalf of the party entitled to the earnest money that were authorized by this contract or that party.
- C. DEMAND: Upon termination of this contract, either party or the Escrow Agent may send a release of earnest money to each party and the parties shall execute counterparts of the release and deliver same to the Escrow Agent. If either party fails to execute the release, either party may make a written demand to the Escrow Agent for the earnest money. If only one party makes written demand for the earnest money, Escrow Agent shall promptly provide a copy of the demand to the other party. If Escrow Agent does not receive written objection to the demand from the other party within 15 days, Escrow Agent may disburse the earnest money to the party making demand reduced by the amount of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of the party receiving the earnest money and Escrow Agent may pay the same to the creditors. If Escrow Agent complies with the provisions of this paragraph, each party hereby releases Escrow Agent from all adverse claims related to the disbursal of the earnest money.
- D. DAMAGES: Any party who wrongfully fails or refuses to sign a release acceptable to the Escrow Agent within 7 days of receipt of the request will be liable to the other party for (i) damages; (ii) the earnest money; (iii) reasonable attorney's fees; and (iv) all costs of suit.
- E. NOTICES: Escrow Agent's notices will be effective when sent in compliance with Paragraph 21. Notice of objection to the demand will be deemed effective upon receipt by Escrow Agent.
- **19. REPRESENTATIONS:** All covenants, representations and warranties in this contract survive closing. If any representation of Seller in this contract is untrue on the Closing Date, Seller will be in default. Unless expressly prohibited by written agreement, Seller may continue to show the Property and receive, negotiate and accept back up offers.
- 20. FEDERAL [TAX] REQUIREMENTS: If Seller is a "foreign person," as defined by Internal Revenue Code and its regulations, or if Seller fails to deliver an affidavit or a certificate of non-foreign status to Buyer that Seller is not a "foreign person," then Buyer shall withhold from the sales proceeds an amount sufficient to comply with applicable tax law and deliver the same to the

Initialed for identification by Buyer	and Seller	TREC NO. 20-18[17]

Internal Revenue Service together with appropriate tax forms. Internal Revenue Service regulations require filing written reports if currency in excess of specified amounts is received in the transaction. 21. NOTICES: All notices from one party to the other must be in writing and are effective when mailed to, hand-delivered at, or transmitted by fax or electronic transmission as follows: To Buyer at: Phone:	Contract Concerning	Page 8 of 11 <u>11-04-2024</u> [Address of Property]
mailed to, hand-delivered at, or transmitted by fax or electronic transmission as follows: To Buyer at: Phone:	Internal Revenue Service together wit regulations require filing written reports i	th appropriate tax forms. Internal Revenue Service
mailed to, hand-delivered at, or transmitted by fax or electronic transmission as follows: To Buyer at: Phone:	21. NOTICES: All notices from one party to	the other must be in writing and are effective when
Phone: ()	mailed to, hand-delivered at, or transmitte	ed by fax or electronic transmission as follows:
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E-mail/Fax:	Phone	Phonos
E-mail/Fax: With a copy to Buyer's agent at: With a copy to Seller's Discharge and Charles and Charles and Seller's Discharge and Charles an		Phone: ()
With a copy to Buyer's agent at: With a copy to Seller's agent at: With a copy to Seller's agent at: With a copy to Seller's agent at: 22. AGREEMENT OF PARTIES: This contract contains the entire agreement of the parties and cannot be changed except by their written agreement. Addenda which are a part of this contract are (Check all applicable boxes): Third Party Financing Addendum Seller Financing Addendum Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association Buyer's Temporary Residential Lease Coan Assumption Addendum Addendum for Seller of Other Property by Buyer Addendum for Sale of Other Property by Buyer Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas and Other Minerals Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas and Other Minerals Addendum for Coastal Area Property Addendum for Coastal Area Property Addendum for Authorizing Hydrostatic Esting Addendum Concerning Right to Tendangered Species and Wetlands Addendum Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Environmental		
22. AGREEMENT OF PARTIES: This contract contains the entire agreement of the parties and cannot be changed except by their written agreement. Addenda which are a part of this contract are (Check all applicable boxes): Third Party Financing Addendum Seller inancing Addendum Seller inancing Addendum Seller inancing Addendum Short Sale Addendum Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association Addendum for Property Located Seaward of the Gulf Intra postal Waterway Addendum for Sale of Other Property by Buyer Addendum for Sale of Other Property by Buyer Addendum for Sale of Other Property by Buyer Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas and Other Minerals Addendum for Property in a Propane Gas System Service Area Addendum Regarding Residential Lease Addendum Regarding Residential Lease Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases Addendum Concerning Right to Tersting Addendum Concerning Right to Terminate Due to Lender's Appraisal Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum Attorney is: Addendum for Section 1031 Exchange Other (list): Ot	-	
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□ Loan Assumption Addendum □ Addendum for Sale of Other Property by Buyer □ Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas and Other Minerals □ Addendum for Back-Up" Contract □ Addendum for Coastal Area Property □ Addendum for Coastal Area Property □ Addendum for Authorizing Hydrostatic Testing □ Addendum Concerning Right to Terminate Due to Lender's Appraisal □ Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum 23. CONSULT AN ATTORNEY BEFORE SIGNING: TREC rules prohibit real estate brokers and sales agents from giving legal advice. READ THIS CONTRACT CAREFULLY. Buyer's Attorney is:		☐ Addendum for Seller's Disclosure of
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□ Addendum for Coastal Area Property □ Addendum for Authorizing Hydrostatic Testing □ Addendum containing Notice of Obligation to Pay Improvement District Assessment □ Addendum Concerning Right to Terminate Due to Lender's Appraisal □ Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum □ Other (list):		☐ Addendum Regarding Residential Leases
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Attorney is: Phone: () Phone: () Fax: () Fax: () E-mail: E-mail: E-mail: E-mail:	 Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum 	ed Other (list):
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[11-07-2022] (Address of Property)

EXECUTED the ____day of _____, 20____ (Effective Date). (BROKER: FILL IN THE DATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE.)



Seller

Seller



Buyer

Buyer

The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC NO. 20-18[17]. This form replaces TREC NO. 20-17[16].

	SINFORMATION (s) only. Do not sign)
Other Broker Firm License No.	Listing Broker Firm License No.
represents	represents
Associate's Name License No.	Listing Associate's Name License No.
Team Name	Team Name
Associate's Email Address Phone	Listing Associate's Email Address Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Associate License No.	Licensed Supervisor of Listing Associate License No.
Other Broker's Address Phone	Listing Broker's Office Address Phone
City State Zip	City State Zip
	Selling Associate's Name License No. Team Name
	Selling Associate's Email Address Phone
	Licensed Supervisor of Selling Associate License No.
	Selling Associate's Office Address
	City State Zip
Disclosure: Pursuant to a previous, separate ag agreement between brokers)], Listing Broker has a of the Sales Price [not change the previous agreement between broker	reement [(such as a MLS offer of compensation or other agreed to pay Other Broker a fee (sor some some some some some some some some

Contract Concerning _	Pa	age 11 of 11	11-04-2024
<u> </u>	[11 07 2022] (Address of Property)		

[11 07 2022] ((Address of Property

	OPTION FE	EE RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	(Option Fee) in the	form of	
Escrow Agent			Date
	EARNEST MO	NEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	Earnest Money in	the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
Receipt of the Contract is ack		T RECEIPT	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip -	Fax
	ADDITIONAL EARNI	EST MONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	additional Earnest N	Money in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax

11-04-2024



UNIMPROVED PROPERTY CONTRACT

NOTICE: Not For Use For Condominium Transactions



1.		ARTIES: The parties to this contract are	(Seller)
	and	d(Buyer). Seller agrees
	to:	sell and convey to Buyer and Buyer agrees to buy from Seller the Property def	ined below.
2.	PR	ROPERTY: Lot, Block	
		ry of, County of	Addition,
	Cit	ry of, County of	
	rex	xas, known as	
		ddress/zip code), or as described on attached exhibit together with all right	its, privileges and
		purtenances pertaining thereto (Property).	
	RE:	SERVATIONS: Any reservation for oil, gas, or other minerals, water, timber, or	other interests is
_		ade in accordance with an attached addendum.	
ა.		LES PRICE:	
	Α.	Cash portion of Sales Price payable by Buyer at closing\$ The term "Cash portion of the Sales Price" does not include proceeds from both	rrowing of any
		kind or selling other real property except as disclosed in this contract.	nowing or any
	B.	Sum of all financing described in the attached: Third Party Financing Adder	ndum.
	٥.	☐ Loan Assumption Addendum, ☐ Seller Financing Addendum\$	
	C	Sales Price (Sum of A and B)	
		The Sales Price will will not be adjusted based on the survey required by	
	υ.	If the Sales Price is adjusted, the Sales Price will be adjusted based on the o	lifference between
		If the Sales Price is adjusted, the Sales Price will be adjusted based on the cacres and the acreage set forth in the survey required by Pa	aragraph 6C. The
		difference in acreage (either increased or decreased) shall be multiplied per acre and either added to or subtracted from the Sales Price states.	d by the sum of
		3C. If the Sales Price is adjusted by more than 10%, either party may term	inate this contract
		by providing written notice to the other party within days after	er the terminating
		by providing written notice to the other party within days after party receives the survey. If neither party terminates this contract or if the vor less, the adjustment will be made to the amount in 3A 3B	ariance is 10%
		or less, the adjustment will be made to the amount in \(\begin{array}{c} 3A \bullet 3B \\ \begin{array}{c} 3A \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	<u>proportionately to</u>
1	ıE	3A and 3B. ASES:	
Т.		Except as disclosed in this contract, Seller is not aware of any leases affect	ting the Property.
		After the Effective Date, Seller may not, without Buyer's written consent, co	
		amend any existing lease, or convey any interest in the Property.	
	В.	NATURAL RESOURCE LEASES: "Natural Resource Lease" means an exis	ting oil and gas,
		mineral, geothermal, water, wind, or other natural resource lease affecting	
		which Seller is a party. Seller \square is \square is not a party to a Natural Resource	rce Lease. If Seller
		is a party to a Natural Resource Lease, check one of the following:	
		(1) Seller has delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases.	
		(2) Seller has not delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Le	ases. Seller shall
		provide to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases within 3 days	
		Date. Buyer may terminate the contract within days after the	date the Buyer
		receives all the Natural Resource Leases and the earnest money shall be re	
5.		RNEST MONEY AND TERMINATION OPTION:	
	Α.	DELIVERY OF EARNEST MONEY AND OPTION FEE: Within 3 days after the Eff	
		must deliver to (Escrow Age	ent) at
		(address): \$	money and Ontion
		as earnest money and \$ as the Option Fee. The earnest ree shall be made payable to Escrow Agent and may be paid separately or co	mhined in a single
		payment.	mbined in a single
		(1) Buyer shall deliver additional earnest money of \$ to Es	scrow Agent within
		days after the Effective Date of this contract.	
		(2) If the last day to deliver the earnest money, Option Fee, or the addition	nal earnest money
		falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the time to deliver the earn	
		Fee, or the additional earnest money, as applicable, is extended until the day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.	ie enu oi the next
		(3) The amount(s) Escrow Agent receives under this paragraph shall be a	pplied first to the
		Option Fee, then to the earnest money, and then to the additional earnest	money.
		(4) Buyer authorizes Escrow Agent to release and deliver the Option Fee to	Seller at any time
		without further notice to or consent from Buyer, and releases Escrow Age	nt from liability for
		delivery of the Option Fee to Seller. The Option Fee will be credited to	tne Sales Price at
		closing.	

Initialed for identification by Buyer____

a special flood hazard area (Zone V or A) as shown on the current Federal Emergency Management Agency map; or (iii) any exceptions which prohibit the following use or activity:

Buyer must object the earlier of (i) the Closing Date or (ii) _____ days after Buyer receives the Commitment, Exception Documents, and the survey. Buyer's failure to object within the time allowed will constitute a waiver of Buyer's right to object; except that the requirements in Schedule C of the Commitment are not waived. Provided Seller is not obligated to incur any expense, Seller shall cure any timely objections of Buyer or any third party lender within 15 days after Seller receives the objections (Cure Period) and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary. If objections are not cured within the Cure Period, Buyer may, by delivering notice to Seller within 5 days after the end of the Cure Period: (i) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer; or (ii) waive the objections. If Buyer does not terminate within the time required, Buyer shall be deemed to have waived the objections. If the Commitment or survey is revised or any new Exception Document(s) is delivered, Buyer may object to any new matter revealed in the revised Commitment or survey or new Exception Document(s) within the same time stated in this paragraph to make objections beginning when the revised Commitment, survey, or Exception Document(s) is delivered to Buyer.

E. TITLE NOTICES:

(1) ABSTRACT OR TITLE POLICY: Broker advises Buyer to have an abstract of title covering the Property examined by an attorney of Buyer's selection, or Buyer should be furnished with or obtain a Title Policy. If a Title Policy is furnished, the Commitment should be promptly reviewed by an attorney of Buyer's choice due to the time limitations on Buyer's right to

(2) MEMBERSHIP IN PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION(S): The Property ☐ is ☐ is not subject to mandatory membership in a property owners association(s). If the Property is subject to mandatory membership in a property owners association(s), Seller notifies Buyer under §5.012, Texas Property Code, that, as a purchaser of property in the residential community identified in Paragraph 2 in which the Property is located, you are obligated to be a member of the property owners association(s). Restrictive covenants governing the actablishment occupancy of the Property and all dedicatory instruments governing the establishment, maintenance, and operation of this residential community have been or will be recorded in the Real Property Records of the county in which the Property is located. Copies of the restrictive covenants and dedicatory instruments may be obtained from the county clerk. You are obligated to pay assessments to the property owners association(s). The amount of the assessments is subject to change. Your failure to pay the assessments could result in enforcement of the association's lien on and the foreclosure of the Property.

Section 207.003, Property Code, entitles an owner to receive copies of any document that governs the establishment, maintenance, or operation of a subdivision, including, but not limited to, restrictions, bylaws, rules and regulations, and a resale certificate from a property owners' association. A resale certificate contains information including, but not limited to, statements specifying the amount and frequency of regular assessments and the style and cause number of lawsuits to which the property owners' association is a party, other than lawsuits relating to unpaid ad valorem taxes of an individual member of the association lawsuits relating to unpaid ad valorem taxes of an individual member of the association. These documents must be made available to you by the property owners' association or the association's agent on your request.

If Buyer is concerned about these matters, the TREC promulgated Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association should be used.

(3) STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS: If the Property is situated in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services, Chapter 49, Texas Water Code, requires Seller to deliver and Buyer to sign the statutory notice relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness, or standby fee of the district prior to final execution of this contract.

(4) TIDE WATERS: If the Property abuts the tidally influenced waters of the state, §33.135, Texas Natural Resources Code, requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or

required by the parties must be used.
(5) ANNEXATION: If the Property is located outside the limits of a municipality, Seller notifies Buyer under §5.011, Texas Property Code, that the Property may now or later be included in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality and may now or later be subject to annexation by the municipality. Each municipality maintains a map that depicts its boundaries and extraterritorial jurisdiction. To determine if the Property is located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information.

(6) PROPERTY LOCATED IN A CERTIFICATED SERVICE AREA OF A UTILITY SERVICE PROVIDER: Notice required by §13.257, Water Code: The real property, described in Paragraph 2, that you are about to purchase may be located in a certificated water or sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the properties in the certificated area. If your property is located in a certificated area there may be special costs

(Address of Property)

or charges that you will be required to pay before you can receive water or sewer service. There may be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide water or sewer service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a certificated area and contact the utility service provider to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to provide water or sewer service to your property. The undersigned Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice at or before the execution of a binding contract for the purchase of the real property

described in Paragraph 2 or at closing of purchase of the real property.

(7) PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS: If the Property is in a public improvement district, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §5.014, Property Code. An addendum

containing the required notice shall be attached to this contract.

(8) TEXAS AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT: The Property Dis Dis not located in a Texas Agricultural Development District. For additional information, contact the Texas

Texas Agricultural Development District. For additional information, contact the Texas Department of Agriculture.

(9) TRANSFER FEES: If the Property is subject to a private transfer fee obligation, §5.205, Property Code requires Seller to notify Buyer as follows: The private transfer fee obligation may be governed by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code.

(10) PROPANE GAS SYSTEM SERVICE AREA: If the Property is located in a propane gas system service area owned by a distribution system retailer, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §141.010, Texas Utilities Code. An addendum containing the notice approved by TREC or required by the parties should be used.

(11) NOTICE OF WATER LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS: If the Property adjoins an impoundment of water, including a reservoir or lake, constructed and maintained under Chapter 11, Water Code, that has a storage capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet at the impoundment's normal operating level, Seller hereby notifies Buyer: "The water level of the impoundment of water adjoining the Property fluctuates for various reasons, including as a result of: (1) an entity lawfully exercising its right to use the water stored in the impoundment; or (2) drought or flood conditions."

flood conditions."

(12)REQUIRED NOTICES: The following notices have been given or are attached to this contract (for example, utility, water, drainage, and public improvement districts [MUD, WCID, PID]

hotices]):
Seller's failure to provide applicable statutory notices may provide Buyer with remedies or rights to terminate the contract.

7. PROPERTY CONDITION:

A. ACCESS, INSPECTIONS AND UTILITIES: Seller shall permit Buyer and Buyer's agents access to the Property at reasonable times. Buyer may have the Property inspected by inspectors selected by Buyer and licensed by TREC or otherwise permitted by law to make inspections. Seller at Seller's expense shall immediately cause existing utilities to be turned on and shall keep the utilities on during the time this contract is in effect.

NOTICE: Buyer should determine the availability of utilities to the Property suitable to satisfy Buyer's needs

B. ACCEPTANCE OF PROPERTY CONDITION: "As Is" means the present condition of the Property with any and all defects and without warranty except for the warranties of title and the warranties in this contract. Buyer's agreement to accept the Property As Is under Paragraph 7B (1) or (2) does not preclude Buyer from inspecting the Property under Paragraph 7A, from negotiating repairs or treatments in a subsequent amendment, or from terminating this contract during the Option Period, if any. (Check one box only)

(1) Buyer accepts the Property As Is.

(2) Buyer accepts the Property As Is provided Seller, at Seller's expense, shall complete the following specific repairs and treatments:

(Do not insert general phrases, such as "subject to inspections" that do not identify specific repairs and treatments.)

- repairs and treatments.)

 C. COMPLETION OF REPAIRS AND TREATMENTS: Unless otherwise agreed in writing, Seller shall complete all agreed repairs and treatments prior to the Closing Date and obtain any required permits. The repairs and treatments must be performed by persons who are licensed to provide such repairs or treatments or, if no license is required by law, are commercially engaged in the trade of providing such repairs or treatments. Seller shall: (i) provide Buyer with copies of documentation from the repair person(s) showing the scope of work and payment for the work completed; and (ii) at Seller's expense, arrange for the transfer of any transferable warranties with respect to the repairs and treatments to Buyer at closing. If Seller fails to complete any agreed repairs and treatments prior to the Closing Date, Buyer may exercise remedies under Paragraph 15 or extend the Closing Date up to 5 days, if necessary, for Seller to complete repairs and treatments.

 D. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS: Buyer is advised that the presence of wetlands, toxic substances, including asbestos and wastes or other environmental hazards, or the presence of a threatened
- including asbestos and wastes or other environmental hazards, or the presence of a threatened or endangered species or its habitat may affect Buyer's intended use of the Property. If Buyer is concerned about these matters, an addendum promulgated by TREC or required by the parties

E. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE:

(1) Seller is is not aware of any flooding of the Property which has had a material adverse effect on the use of the Property.

(2) Seller is is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, condemnation, or special assessment affecting the Property.

(3) Seller is is not aware of any environmental hazards that materially and adversely and for identification by Ruyer and Seller TREC NO. 9-17[1]

ÍREC NO. 9-<u>17</u>[16] Initialed for identification by Buyer___ $_$ and Seller $__$

Contract Concerning	Page 5 of 10 <u>11-04-2024</u>
[11-07-2022]	(Address of Property)
now or previousl (5) Seller is regulation, affecting the Pro	is not aware of any dumpsite, landfill, or underground tanks or containers ly located on the Property. is not aware of any wetlands, as defined by federal or state law or ting the Property. is not aware of any threatened or endangered species or their habitat operty.
`´floodpl <u>ai</u> n	is not aware that the Property is located $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
If Seller is aware of	any of the items above, explain (attach additional sheets if necessary):
agent who is a par entity in which the	ES AGENTS: S AGENT DISCLOSURE: Texas law requires a real estate broker or sales rety to a transaction or acting on behalf of a spouse, parent, child, business broker or sales agent owns more than 10%, or a trust for which the broker is as a trustee or of which the broker or sales agent or the broker or sales arent or child is a beneficiary, to notify the other party in writing before tract of sale. Disclose if applicable:
separate written a	All obligations of the parties for payment of brokers' fees are contained in greements.
(Closing Date). If party may exercise B. At closing:	sale will be on or before
(1) Seller shall exe Buyer and show tax statements (2) Buyer shall pay (3) Seller and Buyer releases, loan required for the (4) There will be not be satisfie assumed by Bu (5) Private transfer will be the obl assessed by a	cute and deliver a general warranty deed conveying title to the Property to wing no additional exceptions to those permitted in Paragraph 6 and furnish or certificates showing no delinquent taxes on the Property. The Sales Price in good funds acceptable to the Escrow Agent. The Sales Price in good funds acceptable to the Escrow Agent. The Sales Price in good funds acceptable to the Escrow Agent. The Sales Price in good funds acceptable to the Escrow Agent. The Sales Price in good funds acceptable to the Escrow Agent. The Sales Property warranties, and other documents reasonably according to the sale and the issuance of the Title Policy. The Sales proceeds unless securing the payment of any loans yer and assumed loans will not be in default. The Sales Property Code igation of Seller unless provided otherwise in this contract. Transfer fees property owners, association are governed by the Addendum for Property
<u> </u>	datory Membership in a Property Owners Association. r shall deliver to Buyer possession of the Property in its present or required
11. SPECIAL PROVISION items. An information, of from practicing law a	ONS: (This paragraph is intended to be used only for additional informational nal item is a statement that completes a blank in a contract form, discloses or provides instructions. Real estate brokers and sales agents are prohibited and shall not add to, delete, or modify any provision of this contract unless this contract or a party's attorney.)
(1) Seller shall pay (a) releases [R fees; releas deed; one-h expenses pa (b) the following [Seller shall]	nses must be paid at or prior to closing: the following expenses [Expenses payable by Seller] (Seller's Expenses): eleases] of existing liens, including prepayment penalties and recording se of Seller's loan liability; tax statements or certificates; preparation of half of escrow fee; brokerage fees that Seller has agreed to pay; and other ayable by Seller under this contract; [-] g amount to be applied to brokerage fees that Buyer has agreed to pay: or
FHA, VA, To to other Buy	owing order: Buyer's Expenses which Buyer is prohibited from paying by exas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan programs, and then yer's Expenses [as allowed by the lender].
(2) Buyer shall pay Appraisal fees; loan documents dates of first m title policy with amortization so premiums for fl and special go inspection; und	the following expenses [Expenses payable by Buyer] (Buyer's Expenses): loan application fees; origination charges; credit reports; preparation of s; interest on the notes from date of disbursement to one month prior to onthly payments; recording fees; copies of easements and restrictions; loan endorsements required by lender; loan-related inspection fees; photos; chedules; one-half of escrow fee; all prepaid items, including required lood and hazard insurance, reserve deposits for insurance, ad valorem taxes evernmental assessments; final compliance inspection; courier fee; repair derwriting fee; wire transfer fee; expenses incident to any loan; Private
Mortgage Insur	rance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or FHA Mortgage Insurance y Buyer and Seller TREC NO. 9- <u>17</u> [16]

(Address of Property)

Premium (MIP) as required by the lender; brokerage fees that Buyer has agreed to pay; and other expenses payable by Buyer under this contract.

B. If any expense exceeds an amount expressly stated in this contract for such expense to be paid by a party, that party may terminate this contract unless the other party agrees to pay such excess. Buyer may not pay charges and fees expressly prohibited by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan program regulations.

13. PRORATIONS AND ROLLBACK TAXES:

A. PRORATIONS: Taxes for the current year, interest, rents, and regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, and dues (including prepaid items) will be prorated through the Closing Date. The tax proration may be calculated taking into consideration any change in exemptions that will affect the current year's taxes. If taxes for the current year vary from the amount prorated at closing, the parties shall adjust the prorations when tax statements for the current year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing. Buyer shall pay taxes for the year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing, Buyer shall pay taxes for the

current year.

B. ROLLBACK TAXES: If this sale or Buyer's use of the Property after closing results in the assessment of additional taxes, penalties or interest (Assessments) for periods prior to closing, the Assessments will be the obligation of Buyer. If Assessments are imposed because of Seller's use or change in use of the Property prior to closing, the Assessments will be the obligation of Seller. Obligations imposed by this paragraph will survive closing.

- 14. CASUALTY LOSS: If any part of the Property is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall restore the Property to its previous condition as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event by the Closing Date. If Seller fails to do so due to factors beyond Seller's control, Buyer may (a) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer (b) extend the time for performance up to 15 days and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary or (c) accept the Property in its damaged condition with an assignment of insurance proceeds, if permitted by Seller's insurance carrier, and receive credit from Seller at closing in the amount of the deductible under the insurance policy. Seller's obligations under this paragraph are independent of any other obligations of Seller under this contract.
- 15. **DEFAULT:** If Buyer fails to comply with this contract, Buyer will be in default, and Seller may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money as liquidated damages, thereby releasing both parties from this contract. If Seller fails to comply with this contract, Seller will be in default and Buyer may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money, thereby releasing both parties from this contract.
- 16. MEDIATION: It is the policy of the State of Texas to encourage resolution of disputes through alternative dispute resolution procedures such as mediation. Any dispute between Seller and Buyer related to this contract which is not resolved through informal discussion will be submitted to a mutually acceptable mediation service or provider. The parties to the mediation shall bear the mediation costs equally. This paragraph does not preclude a party from seeking equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 17. ATTORNEY'S FEES: A Buyer, Seller, Listing Broker, Other Broker, or Escrow Agent who prevails in any legal proceeding related to this contract is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and all costs of such proceeding.

18. ESCROW:

- A. ESCROW: The Escrow Agent is not (i) a party to this contract and does not have liability for the performance or nonperformance of any party to this contract, (ii) liable for interest on the earnest money and (iii) liable for the loss of any earnest money caused by the failure of any financial institution in which the earnest money has been deposited unless the financial institution is acting as Escrow Agent. Escrow Agent may require any disbursement made in connection with this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent's collection of good funds acceptable to Escrow Agent acceptable to Escrow Agent.
- B. EXPENSES: At closing, the earnest money must be applied first to any cash down payment, then to Buyer's Expenses and any excess refunded to Buyer. If no closing occurs, Escrow Agent may: (i) require a written release of liability of the Escrow Agent from all parties before releasing any earnest money; and (ii) require payment of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of a party. Escrow Agent may deduct authorized expenses from the earnest money payable to a party. "Authorized expenses" means expenses incurred by Escrow Agent on behalf of the party
- party. "Authorized expenses" means expenses incurred by Escrow Agent on behalf of the party entitled to the earnest money that were authorized by this contract or that party.

 C. DEMAND: Upon termination of this contract, either party or the Escrow Agent may send a release of earnest money to each party and the parties shall execute counterparts of the release and deliver same to the Escrow Agent. If either party fails to execute the release, either party may make a written demand to the Escrow Agent for the earnest money. If only one party makes written demand for the earnest money, Escrow Agent shall promptly provide a copy of the demand to the other party. If Escrow Agent does not receive written objection to the demand from the other party within 15 days, Escrow Agent may disburse the earnest money to the party making demand reduced by the amount of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of the party receiving the earnest money and Escrow Agent may pay the same to the creditors. If Escrow Agent complies with the provisions of this paragraph, each party hereby releases Escrow Agent from all adverse claims related to the disbursal of the earnest money. releases Escrow Agent from all adverse claims related to the disbursal of the earnest money.
- D. DAMAGES: Any party who wrongfully fails or refuses to sign a release acceptable to the Escrow Agent within 7 days of receipt of the request will be liable to the other party for (i) damages; (ii) the earnest money; (iii) reasonable attorney's fees; and (iv) all costs of suit.

Fax:

E-mail:

Fax:

E-mail:

Contract Concerning [11 07 2022]	(Address of Property)		_ Page 8 of 10 <u>11-04-2024</u>
EVECUTED 4b a	J.,, of	20	(Effective Date)
(BROKER: FILL IN	day of THE DATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE.)	, 20	(Effective Date).
Buyer	Seller		
Buyer	Seller		
	·		



The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC NO. 9-17[16]. This form replaces TREC NO. 9-16[15].

Contract Concerning		Page 9 of 10	11-04-2024
[11-07-2022]	(Address of Property)	-	

		BROKER II (Print name(s)	NFORMATION only. Do not s		
Other Broker	· Firm	License No.	Listing Broke	r Firm	License No.
represents	☐ Buyer only as Buyer's ☐ Seller as Listing Broke	_	represents	Seller and Buyer as an Seller's a	
Associate's N	lame	License No.	Listing Associ	ate's Name	License No.
Team Name			Team Name		
Associate's E	mail Address	Phone	Listing Associ	ate's Email Address	Phone
Licensed Sup	pervisor of Associate	License No.	Licensed Sup	ervisor of Listing Associate	License No.
Other Broker	's Address	Phone	Listing Broke	r's Office Address	Phone
City	State	e Zip	City		State Zip
			Selling Assoc	iate's Name	License No.
			Team Name		
			Selling Assoc	iate's Email Address	Phone
			Licensed Sup	ervisor of Selling Associate	License No.
			Selling Assoc	iate's Office Address	
			City	Sta	ate Zip
agreement	Pursuant to a previous between brokers)], Lists Price [ting Broker has agı	reed to pay Ot	as a MLS offer of cor her Broker a fee (□\$ osure is for informationa e a commission.	npensation or other or \(\sum_{\text{or}} \sum_{\text{w}} \)

	OPTION F	EE RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	(Option Fee) in the f	orm of	
Escrow Agent			Date
	EARNEST MO	ONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	Earnest Money in the	e form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	CONTRAC	T RECEIPT	
Receipt of the Contract is a	cknowledged.		
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date
Address	•		Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	ADDITIONAL EARN	EST MONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$	additional Earnest Mo	ney in the form of	
is acknowledged.			
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax







1.	PARTIES: The parties to this contract are
	(Seller) and(Buyer). Seller agrees
	to sell and convey to Buyer and Buyer agrees to buy from Seller the Property defined below.
2.	PROPERTY: Lot,Block,
	City of, County of, Texas, known as, City of, County of, Texas, known as, Texas, known as
	Texas known as
	fixtures and all other property located thereon; and (ii) all rights, privileges and appurtenances thereto. All property sold by this contract is called the Property (Property).
	RESERVATIONS: Any reservation for oil, gas, or other minerals, water, timber, or other interests is made in accordance with an attached addendum.
	SALES PRICE:
	 A. Cash portion of Sales Price payable by Buyer at closing
	LEASES: Except as disclosed in this contract, Seller is not aware of any leases affecting the Property. After the Effective Date, Seller may not, without Buyer's written consent, create a new lease, amend any existing lease, or convey any interest in the Property. (Check all applicable boxes)
	A. RESIDENTIAL LEASES: The Property is subject to one or more residential leases and the Addendum Regarding Residential Leases is attached to this contract.
	B. FIXTURE LEASES: Fixtures on the Property are subject to one or more fixture leases (for example, solar panels, propane tanks, water softener, security system) and the Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases is attached to this contract.
	C. NATURAL RESOURCE LEASES: "Natural Resource Lease" means an existing oil and gas, mineral, geothermal, water, wind, or other natural resource lease affecting the Property to which Seller is a party.
	☐ (1) Seller has delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases.
	(2) Seller has not delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases. Seller shall provide to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases within 3 days after the Effective Date. Buyer may terminate the contract within days after the date the Buyer receives all the Natural Resource Leases and the earnest money shall be refunded to Buyer.
	EARNEST MONEY AND TERMINATION OPTION:
	A. DELIVERY OF EARNEST MONEY AND OPTION FEE: Within 3 days after the Effective Date, Buyer must deliver to(address): \$ as earnest money and
	\$ as the Option Fee. The earnest money and Option Fee shall be made
	payable to Escrow Agent and may be paid separately or combined in a single payment. (1) Buyer shall deliver additional earnest money of \$ to Escrow Agent within days after the Effective Date of this contract.
	(2) If the last day to deliver the earnest money, Option Fee, or the additional earnest money falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the time to deliver the earnest money, Option Fee, or the additional earnest money, as applicable, is extended until the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.
	(3) The amount(s) Escrow Agent receives under this paragraph shall be applied first to the Option Fee, then to the earnest money, and then to the additional earnest money.(4) Buyer authorizes Escrow Agent to release and deliver the Option Fee to Seller at any time without further notice to or consent from Buyer, and releases Escrow Agent from liability
	for delivery of the Option Fee to Seller. The Option Fee will be credited to the Sales Price at closing. B. TERMINATION OPTION: For nominal consideration, the receipt of which Seller acknowledges, and Buyer's agreement to pay the Option Fee within the time required, Seller grants Buyer the unrestricted right to terminate this contract by giving notice of termination to Seller within days after the Effective Date of this contract (Option Period). Notices under this paragraph must be given by 5:00 p.m. (local time where the Property is located) by the date

(Address of Property)

specified. If Buyer gives notice of termination within the time prescribed: (i) the Option Fee will not be refunded and Escrow Agent shall release any Option Fee remaining with Escrow Agent to Seller; and (ii) any earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.

C. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER EARNEST MONEY: If Buyer fails to deliver the earnest money within the time required, Seller may terminate this contract or exercise Seller's remedies under Paragraph 15, or both, by providing notice to Buyer before Buyer delivers the earnest money

D. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER OPTION FEE: If no dollar amount is stated as the Option Fee or if Buyer fails to deliver the Option Fee within the time required, Buyer shall not have the unrestricted right to terminate this contract under this Paragraph 5.

6

E. TIME: Time is of the essence for this paragraph and strict compliance with the time for performance is required.
. TITLE POLICY AND SURVEY:
A. TITLE POLICY: Seller shall furnish to Buyer at \(\begin{align*} \text{Seller's} \\ \text{DBuyer's expense an owner policy} \end{align*}
of title insurance (Title Policy) issued by
(Title Company) in the amount of the Sales Price, dated at or after closing, insuring Buyer
against loss under the provisions of the Title Policy, subject to the promulgated exclusions
(including existing building and zoning ordinances) and the following exceptions:
(1) Restrictive covenants common to the platted subdivision in which the Property is located.
(2) The standard printed exception for standby fees, taxes and assessments.(3) Liens created as part of the financing described in Paragraph 3.
(4) Utility easements created by the dedication deed or plat of the subdivision in which the
Property is located.
(5) Reservations or exceptions otherwise permitted by this contract or as may be approved
by Buyer in writing.
(6) The standard printed exception as to marital rights.
(7) The standard printed exception as to waters, tidelands, beaches, streams, and related matters.
(8) The standard printed exception as to discrepancies, conflicts, shortages in area or boundary
lines, encroachments or protrusions, or overlapping improvement:
(i) will not be amended or deleted from the title policy; or
\Box (ii) will be amended to read, "shortages in area" at the expense of \Box Buyer \Box Seller.
(9) The exception or exclusion regarding minerals approved by the Texas Department of
Insurance.
B. COMMITMENT: Within 20 days after the Title Company receives a copy of this contract, Seller shall furnish to Buyer a commitment for title insurance (Commitment) and, at Buyer's
expense, legible copies of restrictive covenants and documents evidencing exceptions in the
expense, legible copies of restrictive covenants and documents evidencing exceptions in the Commitment (Exception Documents) other than the standard printed exceptions. Seller
authorizes the Title Company to deliver the Commitment and Exception Documents to Buyer at Buyer's address shown in Paragraph 21. If the Commitment and Exception Documents
at Buyer's address snown in Paragraph 21. If the Commitment and Exception Documents
are not delivered to Buyer within the specified time, the time for delivery will be automatically extended up to 15 days or 3 days before the Closing Date, whichever is earlier.
If the Commitment and Exception Documents are not delivered within the time required,
Buyer may terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.
C. SURVEY: The survey must be made by a registered professional land surveyor acceptable to
the Title Company and Buyer's lender(s). (Check one box only) (1) Within days after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall furnish to Buyer
and Title Company Seller's existing survey of the Property and a Residential Real
Property Affidavit or Declaration promulgated by the Texas Department of Insurance (T-
47 Affidavit or T-47.1 Declaration). [If Seller fails to furnish the existing survey or
affidavit within the time prescribed, Buyer shall obtain a new survey at Seller's
expense no later than 3 days prior to Closing Date if Seller fails to furnish within the time prescribed both the: (i) existing survey; and (ii) affidavit or declaration. If the Title
Company or Buyer's lender does not accept the existing survey, or the affidavit or
<u>declaration</u> , [is not acceptable to Title Company or Buyer's lender(s),] Buyer shall obtain
a new survey at 🖵 Seller's 🖵 Buyer's expense no later than 3 days prior to Closing
Date.
(2) Within days after the Effective Date of this contract, Buyer may [shall] obtain a new survey at Buyer's expense. Buyer is deemed to receive the survey on the date of
actual receipt or the date specified in this paragraph, whichever is earlier. If Buyer fails
to obtain the survey, Buyer may not terminate the contract under Paragraph 2B of the
Third Party Financing Addendum because the survey was not obtained.
☐ (3) Within days after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller, at Seller's expense

or activity:

shall furnish a new survey to Buyer.

Buyer must object the earlier of (i) the Closing Date or (ii)

days after Buyer receives

the Commitment, Exception Documents, and the survey. Buyer's failure to object within the

D. OBJECTIONS: Buyer may object in writing to defects, exceptions, or encumbrances to title: disclosed on the survey other than items 6A(1) through (7) above; disclosed in the Commitment other than items 6A(1) through (9) above; or which prohibit the following use

time allowed will constitute a waiver of Buyer's right to object; except that the requirements in Schedule C of the Commitment are not waived by Buyer. Provided Seller is not obligated to incur any expense, Seller shall cure any timely objections of Buyer or any third party lender within 15 days after Seller receives the objections (Cure Period) and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary. If objections are not cured within the Cure Period, Buyer may, by delivering notice to Seller within 5 days after the end of the Cure Period: (i) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer; or (ii) waive the objections. If Buyer does not terminate within the time required, Buyer shall be deemed to have waived the objections. If the Commitment or survey is revised or any new Exception Document(s) the objections. If the Commitment or survey is revised or any new Exception Document(s) is delivered, Buyer may object to any new matter revealed in the revised Commitment or survey or new Exception Document(s) within the same time stated in this paragraph to make objections beginning when the revised Commitment, survey, or Exception Document(s) is delivered to Buyer. E. TITLE NOTICES:

- - (1) ABSTRACT OR TITLE POLICY: Broker advises Buyer to have an abstract of title covering the Property examined by an attorney of Buyer's selection, or Buyer should be furnished with or obtain a Title Policy. If a Title Policy is furnished, the Commitment should be promptly reviewed by an attorney of Buyer's choice due to the time limitations on Buyer's right to object.
 - (2) MEMBERSHIP IN PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION(S): The Property is using is not subject to mandatory membership in a property owners association(s). If the Property is subject to mandatory membership in a property owners association(s), Seller notifies Buyer under §5.012, Texas Property Code, that, as a purchaser of property in the residential community identified in Paragraph 2A in which the Property is located, you are obligated to be a member of the property owners association(s). Restrictive covenants governing the use and occupancy of the Property and all dedicatory instruments governing the establishment, maintenance, and operation of this residential community have been or will be recorded in the Real Property Records of the county in which the Property is located. Copies of the restrictive covenants and dedicatory instruments may Property is located. Copies of the restrictive covenants and dedicatory instruments may be obtained from the county clerk. You are obligated to pay assessments to the property owners association(s). The amount of the assessments is subject to change. Your failure to pay the assessments could result in enforcement of the association's lead on and the foreclosure of the Property.

Section 207.003, Property Code, entitles an owner to receive copies of any document that governs the establishment, maintenance, or operation of a subdivision, including, but not limited to, restrictions, bylaws, rules and regulations, and a resale certificate from a property owners' association. A resale certificate contains information including, but not limited to, statements specifying the amount and frequency of regular assessments and the style and cause number of lawsuits to which the property owners' association is a party, other than lawsuits relating to unpaid ad valorem taxes of an individual member of the association. These documents must be made available to you by the property owners' association or the association's agent on your request.

If Buyer is concerned about these matters, the TREC promulgated Addendum for

If Buyer is concerned about these matters, the TREC promulgated Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association

should be used.

(3) STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS: If the Property is situated in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services, Chapter 49, Texas Water Code, requires Seller to deliver and Buyer to sign the statutory notice relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness, or standby fee of the district prior to

final execution of this contract.

(4) TIDE WATERS: If the Property abuts the tidally influenced waters of the state, §33.135, Texas Natural Resources Code, requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or

included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or required by the parties must be used.

(5) ANNEXATION: If the Property is located outside the limits of a municipality, Seller notifies Buyer under §5.011, Texas Property Code, that the Property may now or later be included in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality and may now or later be subject to annexation by the municipality. Each municipality maintains a map that depicts its boundaries and extraterritorial jurisdiction. To determine if the Property is located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information.

(6) PROPERTY LOCATED IN A CERTIFICATED SERVICE AREA OF A UTILITY SERVICE PROVIDER: Notice required by §13.257, Water Code: The real property, described in Paragraph 2, that you are about to purchase may be located in a certificated water or sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the

sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the properties in the certificated area. If your property is located in a certificated area there may be special costs or charges that you will be required to pay before you can receive water or sewer service. There may be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide water or sewer service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a certificated area and contact the utility service provider to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to provide water or sewer service to your property. The undersigned Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice at or before the execution of a

____ inches which yields an R-Value of _

All stated R-Values are based on information provided by the manufacturer of the insulation.

E. LENDER REQUIRED REPAIRS AND TREATMENTS: Unless otherwise agreed in writing, neither party is obligated to pay for lender required repairs, which includes treatment for wood destroying insects. If the parties do not agree to pay for the lender required repairs or

(e) Other insulated areas: insulated with

thickness of

insulation to a

treatments, this contract will terminate and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If the cost of lender required repairs and treatments exceeds 5% of the Sales Price, Buyer may terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.

- F. COMPLETION OF REPAIRS, TREATMENTS, AND IMPROVEMENTS: Unless otherwise agreed in writing, Seller shall complete all agreed repairs, treatments, and improvements (Work) prior to the Closing Date and obtain any required permits. The Work must be performed by persons who are licensed to provide such Work or, if no license is required by law, are commercially engaged in the trade of providing such Work. Seller shall: (i) provide Buyer with copies of documentation from the repair person(s) showing the scope of work and payment for the work completed; and (ii) at Seller's expense, arrange for the transfer of any transferable warranties with respect to the Work to Buyer at closing. If Seller fails to complete any agreed Work prior to the Closing Date, Buyer may exercise remedies under Paragraph 15 or extend the Closing Date up to 5 days if necessary for Seller to complete Work. Work
- G. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS: Buyer is advised that the presence of wetlands, toxic substances, including asbestos and wastes or other environmental hazards or the presence of a threatened or endangered species or its habitat may affect Buyer's intended use of the
- Property. If Buyer is concerned about these matters, an addendum promulgated by TREC or required by the parties should be used.

 H. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE:

 (1) Seller is is not aware of any flooding of the Property which has had a material adverse effect on the use of the Property.

 (2) Seller is is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, condemnation, or special assessment affecting the Property. special assessment affecting the Property.

 (3) Seller \Box is \Box is not aware of any environmental hazards that materially and adversely affect the Property.

 (4) Seller is is not aware of any dumpsite, landfill, or underground tanks or containers now or previously located on the Property.

 (5) Seller is is not aware of any wetlands, as defined by federal or state law or regulation, affecting the Property.

 (6) Seller is is not aware of any threatened or endangered species or their habitat affecting the Property.

 (7) Seller \Box is \Box is not aware that the Property is located \Box wholly \Box partly in a (8) Seller is aware of any of the items above, explain (attach additional sheets if necessary):
- I. RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS: Buyer may purchase a residential service contract from a provider or administrator licensed by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation. If Buyer purchases a residential service contract, Seller shall reimburse Buyer at closing for the cost of the residential service contract in an amount not exceeding \$_______. Buyer should review any residential service contract for the scope of coverage, exclusions and limitations. The purchase of a residential service contract is optional. Similar coverage may be purchased from various companies authorized to do business in

8. BROKERS AND SALES AGENTS:

A. BROKER OR SALES AGENT DISCLOSURE: Texas law requires a real estate broker or sales agent who is a party to a transaction or acting on behalf of a spouse, parent, child, business entity in which the broker or sales agent owns more than 10%, or a trust for which the broker or sales agent acts as a trustee or of which the broker or sales agent or the broker or sales agent's spouse, parent or child is a beneficiary, to notify the other party in writing before entering into a contract of sale. Disclose if applicable:

B. BROKERS' FEES: All obligations of the parties for payment of brokers' fees are contained in separate written agreements.

- A. The closing of the sale will be on or before days after objections made under Paragraph 6D have been cured or waived, whichever date is later (Closing Date). If either party fails to close the sale by the Closing Date, the nondefaulting party may exercise the remedies contained in Paragraph 15. B. At closing:
 - (1) Seller shall execute and deliver a general warranty deed conveying title to the Property to Buyer and showing no additional exceptions to those permitted in Paragraph 6 and furnish tax statements or certificates showing no delinquent taxes on the Property.

 - (2) Buyer shall pay the Sales Price in good funds acceptable to the Escrow Agent.
 (3) Seller and Buyer shall execute and deliver any notices, statements, certificates, affidavits, releases, loan documents, transfer of any warranties, and other documents reasonably required for the closing of the sale and the issuance of the Title Policy.
 - (4) There will be no liens, assessments, or security interests against the Property which will not be satisfied out of the sales proceeds unless securing the payment of any loans assumed by Buyer and assumed loans will not be in default.
 - (5) Private transfer fees (as defined by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code)

- A. BUYER'S POSSESSION: Seller shall deliver to Buyer possession of the Property in its present or required condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted: upon closing and funding according to a temporary residential lease form promulgated by TREC or other written lease required by the parties. Any possession by Buyer prior to closing or by Seller after closing which is not authorized by a written lease will establish a tenancy at sufferance relationship between the parties. Consult your insurance agent prior to change of ownership and possession because insurance coverage may expose the parties to economic loss.
- coverage may expose the parties to economic loss.

 B. SMART DEVICES: "Smart Device" means a device that connects to the internet to enable remote use, monitoring, and management of: (i) the Property; (ii) items identified in any Non-Realty Items Addendum; or (iii) items in a Fixture Lease assigned to Buyer. At the time Seller delivers possession of the Property to Buyer, Seller shall:
 - (1) deliver to Buyer written information containing all access codes, usernames, passwords, and
- applications Buyer will need to access, operate, manage, and control the Smart Devices; and (2) terminate and remove all access and connections to the improvements and accessories from any of Seller's personal devices including but not limited to phones and computers.

 11. SPECIAL PROVISIONS: (This paragraph is intended to be used only for additional informational items. An informational item is a statement that completes a blank in a contract form, discloses factual information, or provides instructions. Real estate brokers and sales agents are prohibited from practicing law and shall not add to, delete, or modify any provision of this contract unless drafted by a party to this contract or a party's attorney.)

12. SETTLEMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES:

- SETTLEMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES:

 A. The following expenses must be paid at or prior to closing:

 (1) Seller shall pay the following expenses [Expenses payable by Seller] (Seller's Expenses):

 (a) releases [Releases] of existing liens, including prepayment penalties and recording fees; release of Seller's loan liability; tax statements or certificates; preparation of deed; one-half of escrow fee; brokerage fees that Seller has agreed to pay; and other expenses payable by Seller under this contract; l-]

 (b) the following amount to be applied to brokerage fees that Buyer has agreed to pay:

 \$ or % of the Sales Price (check one box only); and

 (c) [Seller shall also pay an] an amount not to exceed \$ to be applied [in the following order: Buyer's Expenses which Buyer is prohibited from paying by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan programs, and then] to other Buyer's Expenses [as allowed by the lender].

 (2) Buyer shall pay the following expenses i Expenses payable by Buyer] (Buyer's Expenses): Appraisal fees; loan application fees; origination charges; credit reports; preparation of loan documents; interest on the notes from date of disbursement to one month prior to dates of first monthly payments, recording fees; copies of easements and restrictions; loan title policy with endorsements required by lender; loan-related inspection fees; photos; amortization schedules; one-half of escrow fee; all prepaid items, including required premiums for flood and hazard insurance, reserve deposits for insurance, ad valorem taxes and special governmental assessments; final compliance inspection; courier fee; repair inspection; underwriting fee; wire transfer fee; expenses incident to any loan; Private Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or

13. PRORATIONS AND ROLLBACK TAXES:

- A. PRORATIONS: Taxes for the current year, interest, rents, and regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, and dues (including prepaid items) will be prorated through the Closing Date. The tax proration may be calculated taking into consideration any change in exemptions that will affect the current year's taxes. If taxes for the current year vary from the amount prorated at closing, the parties shall adjust the prorations when tax statements for the current year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing, Buyer will be obligated to pay taxes for the
- current year.

 B. ROLLBACK TAXES: If additional taxes, penalties, or interest (Assessments) are imposed because of Seller's use or change in use of the Property prior to closing, the Assessments will be the obligation of Seller. Obligations imposed by this paragraph will survive closing.
- 14. CASUALTY LOSS: If any part of the Property is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall restore the Property to its previous condition as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event by the Closing Date. If Seller fails to do so due to factors beyond Seller's control, Buyer may (a) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer (b) extend the time for performance up to 15 days and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary or (c) accept the Property in its damaged condition with an assignment of insurance proceeds, if permitted by Seller's insurance carrier, and receive credit

from Seller at closing in the amount of the deductible under the insurance policy. obligations under this paragraph are independent of any other obligations of Seller under this

- 15. **DEFAULT:** If Buyer fails to comply with this contract, Buyer will be in default, and Seller may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money as liquidated damages, thereby releasing both parties from this contract. If Seller fails to comply with this contract Seller will be in default and Buyer may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money, thereby releasing both parties from this contract.
- **16. MEDIATION:** It is the policy of the State of Texas to encourage resolution of disputes through alternative dispute resolution procedures such as mediation. Subject to applicable law, any dispute between Seller and Buyer related to this contract which is not resolved through informal discussion will be submitted to a mutually acceptable mediation service or provider. The parties to the mediation shall bear the mediation costs equally. This paragraph does not preclude a party from seeking equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 17. ATTORNEY'S FEES: A Buyer, Seller, Listing Broker, Other Broker, or Escrow Agent who prevails in any legal proceeding related to this contract is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and all costs of such proceeding.

18. ESCROW:

- A. ESCROW: The Escrow Agent is not (i) a party to this contract and does not have liability for the performance or nonperformance of any party to this contract, (ii) liable for interest on the earnest money and (iii) liable for the loss of any earnest money caused by the failure of any financial institution in which the earnest money has been deposited unless the financial institution is acting as Escrow Agent. Escrow Agent may require any disbursement made in connection with this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent's collection of good funds acceptable to Escrow
- this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent's collection of good funds acceptable to Escrow Agent.

 B. EXPENSES: At closing, the earnest money must be applied first to any cash down payment, then to Buyer's Expenses and any excess refunded to Buyer. If no closing occurs, Escrow Agent may: (i) require a written release of liability of the Escrow Agent from all parties before releasing any earnest money; and (ii) require payment of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of a party. Escrow Agent may deduct authorized expenses from the earnest money payable to a party. "Authorized expenses" means expenses incurred by Escrow Agent on behalf of the party entitled to the earnest money that were authorized by this contract or that party.

 C. DEMAND: Upon termination of this contract, either party or the Escrow Agent may send a release of earnest money to each party and the parties shall execute counterparts of the release and deliver same to the Escrow Agent. If either party fails to execute the release, either party may make a written demand to the Escrow Agent for the earnest money. If only one party makes written demand for the earnest money, Escrow Agent shall promptly provide a copy of the demand to the other party. If Escrow Agent does not receive written objection to the demand from the other party within 15 days, Escrow Agent may disburse the earnest money to the party making demand reduced by the amount of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of the party receiving the earnest money and Escrow Agent may pay the same to the creditors. If Escrow Agent complies with the provisions of this paragraph, each party hereby releases Escrow Agent from all adverse claims related to the disbursal of the earnest money.

 D. DAMAGES: Any party who wrongfully fails or refuses to sign a release acceptable to the Escrow Agent within 7 days of receipt of the request will be liable to the other party for (i) damages; (ii) the earnest money; (iii) reasonable attorney's fees; and (iv) all costs of suit.
- the earnest money; (iii) reasonable attorney's fees; and (iv) all costs of suit.

 E. NOTICES: Escrow Agent's notices will be effective when sent in compliance with Paragraph 21.

 Notice of objection to the demand will be deemed effective upon receipt by Escrow Agent.
- 19. REPRESENTATIONS: All covenants, representations and warranties in this contract survive closing. If any representation of Seller in this contract is untrue on the Closing Date, Seller will be in default. Unless expressly prohibited by written agreement, Seller may continue to show the
- Property and receive, negotiate and accept back up offers.

 20. FEDERAL [TAX] REQUIREMENTS: If Seller is a "foreign person," as defined by Internal Revenue Code and its regulations, or if Seller fails to deliver an affidavit or a certificate of non-foreign status to Buyer that Seller is not a "foreign person," then Buyer shall withhold from the sales proceeds an amount sufficient to comply with applicable tax law and deliver the same to the Internal Revenue Comply with applicable tax law and deliver the same to the Internal Revenue Comply with applicable tax law and deliver the same to the Internal Revenue Comply with applicable tax law and deliver the same to the Internal Revenue Comply with a power of the same to the Internal Revenue Comply with a power of the same to the Internal Revenue Comply with a power of the same to the Internal Revenue Comply with a power of the same to the Internal Revenue Comply with the same to the Internal Revenue Comply Service together with appropriate tax forms. Internal Revenue Service regulations require filing written reports if currency in excess of specified amounts is received in the transaction.
- 21. NOTICES: All notices from one party to the other must be in writing and are effective when mailed to, hand-delivered at, or transmitted by fax or electronic transmission as follows:

To Buyer at:	To Seller at:
Phone: ()	Phone: ()
E-mail/Fax:	E-mail/Fax:
E-mail/Fax:	E-mail/Fax:
With a copy to Buyer's agent at:	With a copy to Seller's agent at:

Initialed for identification by Buyer_____ and Seller _____ TREC NO. 24-19[18]

Initialed for identification by Buyer_____ and Seller _____ TREC NO. 24-19[18]

(Address of Property)

EXECUTED the	day of	, 20_	(Effective Date).
(BROKER: FILL	IN THE DATE OF FINAL AC	CCEPTANCE.)	_ ` ,

This contract is subject to Chapter 27 of the Texas Property Code. The provisions of that chapter may affect your right to recover damages arising from a construction defect. If have complaint concerning a construction defect and that defect has not been corrected as may be required by law or by contract, you must provide the notice required by Chapter 27 of the Texas Property Code to the contractor by certified mail, return receipt requested, not later than the 60th day before the date you file suit to recover damages in a court of law or initiate arbitration. The notice must refer to Chapter 27 of the Texas Property Code and must describe the construction defect. If requested by the contractor, you must provide the contractor an opportunity to inspect and cure the defect as provided by Section 27.004 of the Texas Property Code.

	Buyer
,	Buyer
	Seller
	Seller



The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC NO. 24-19[18]. This form replaces TREC NO. 24-18[17].

Contract Concerning		Page 10 of 11 <u>11-04-2024</u>
[11 07 2022]	(Address of Property)	

Other Broker Firm	License No.	Listing Broker	Firm	License No.
represents	s agent	represents	Seller and Buyer as an in	ntermediary
Seller as Listing Broke	er's subagent		Seller only as Seller's ag	ent
Associate's Name	License No.	Associate's Na	ame	License No.
eam Name		Team Name		
Associate's Email Address	Phone	Listing Associ	ate's Email Address	Phone
icensed Supervisor of Associate	License No.	Licensed Supe	ervisor of Listing Associate	License No.
Other Broker's Address	Phone	Listing Broker	's Office Address	Phone
City Stat	e Zip	City	St	ate Zip
		Team Name Selling Associ	ate's Email Address	Phone
		Licensed Supe	ervisor of Selling Associate	License No.
		Selling Associ	ate's Office Address	
		City	Sta	te Zip
Disclosure: Pursuant to a previous previous previous previous process of the Sales Price [ous, separate agre sting Broker has ag	reed to pay O	as a MLS offer of control of the state of th	or 🖵

	OPTION FE	E RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$_ is acknowledged.	(Option Fee) in the fo	orm of	
Escrow Agent			Date
	EARNEST MO	NEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	Earnest Money in t	the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
Receipt of the Contract is a		T RECEIPT	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	ADDITIONAL EARNS	ST MONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$_ is acknowledged.	additional Earnest Mo	ney in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax

PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC)

NEW HOME CONTRACT
(Incomplete Construction)

NOTICE: Not For Use For Condominium Transactions or Closings Prior to Completion of Construction



	AS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION		OPPORTUNITY
1.F	Soller) and	arties to this contract are(Buyer). Seller and Buyer agrees to buy from Seller the Property defined be	r agrees to sell and
(onvey to Buyer a	ond Buver agrees to buy from Seller the Property defined be	low
))	DDODEDTY: 1 of	Rlock	
Α	Addition, City of	,Block,County of(addr	Texas, known as
•		,addr	ress/zip code), or as
u	iescribeu on atta	ichea exhibit, together with. (1) improvements, fixtures ai	nu an other property
d	described in the C	Construction Documents; and (ii) all rights, privileges and a	ppurtenances thereto
Α	All property sold b	by this contract is called the Property (Property).	
R	RESERVATIONS: A	Any reservation for oil, gas, or other minerals, water, timb	er, or other interests
		ance with an attached addendum.	
	SALES PRICE:	Calaa Diisa mayabla by Buyan at alasina	
μ	A. Cash portion of	f Sales Price payable by Buyer at closing\$_ n portion of the Sales Price" does not include proceeds from	horrowing of any
	kind or colling of	other real property except as disclosed in this contract.	borrowing or any
_		ncing described in the attached: \square Third Party Financing A	Addondum
_	Loan Assur	mption Addendum, Seller Financing Addendum \$_	
4 L	L. Sales Price (Sur	m of A and B)\$_	
	LEASES:	losed in this contract, Seller is not aware of any leases at	ffecting the Property
_	After the Effect	tive Date, Seller may not, without Buyer's written consent	create a new lease
	amend any exis	sting lease, or convey any interest in the Property.	, create a new lease,
В	3. NATURAL RESC	OURCE LEASES: "Natural Resource Lease" means an e	existing oil and gas.
_	mineral, geothe	ermal, water, wind, or other natural resource lease affective	cting the Property to
	which Seller is	a party. Seller \square is \square is not a party to a Natural Resource	e Lease. If Seller is a
		iral Resource Lease, check one of the following:	c 16456. 1. 56c. 15 4
Г	_ ' '	delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases.	
_	(2) Seller has h	not delivered to Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Buyer a copy of all the Natural Resource Leases within 3 da	Leases. Seller stidli
	Date Buyer	r may terminate the contract within days after the	ne date the Buyer
	receives all	the Natural Resource Leases and the earnest money	shall be refunded to
	Buyer.		
		Y AND TERMINATION OPTION:	
Α	A. DELIVERY OF E	EARNEST MONEY AND OPTION FEE: Within 3 days after the	Effective Date, Buyer
	must deliver to	(Escrow Agent (address): \$as the Option Fee. The earnest money an) at
		(address): \$	as earnest
	money and \$	as the Option Fee. The earnest money an	d Option Fee shall be
	made payable t	to Escrow Agent and may be paid separately or combined in	a single payment.
	(1) buyer shall	deliver additional earnest money of \$ to safter the Effective Date of this contract.	Escrow Agent within
	(2) If the last of	day to deliver the earnest money, Option Fee, or the addi	tional earnest money
	falls on a Sa	aturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the time to deliver the ea	arnest money. Ontion
	Fee, or the	additional earnest money, as applicable, is extended unti	I the end of the next
	day that is r	not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.	
	(3) The amount	ıt(s) Escrow Agent receives under this paragraph shall be	e applied first to the
	Option Fee,	then to the earnest money, and then to the additional earn	est money.
		orizes Escrow Agent to release and deliver the Option Fee ther notice to or consent from Buyer, and releases Escrow A	
	delivery of	the Option Fee to Seller. The Option Fee will be credited	to the Sales Price at
	closing.	the option ree to benefit the option ree will be created	to the Sales Trice at
В		OPTION: For nominal consideration, the receipt of which	Seller acknowledges,
	and Buver's agr	reement to pay the Option Fee within the time required. So	eller grants Buver the
	unrestricted rig	ght to terminate this contract by giving notice of termina	ation to Seller within
	days a	after the Effective Date of this contract (Option Period)	. Notices under this
	specified If R	st be given by 5:00 p.m. (local time where the Property is Buyer gives notice of termination within the time prescribe	d: (i) the Option Fee
	will not he refi	unded and Escrow Agent shall release any Option Fee re	emaining with Fscrow
	Agent to Seller:	: and (ii) any earnest money will be refunded to Buver.	
C	C. FAILURE TO TI	IMELY DELIVER EARNEST MONEY: If Buyer fails to delive	r the earnest money
	within the time	ϵ required, Seller may terminate this contract or exercise S ϵ	eller's remedies under
_	Paragraph 15, o	or both, by providing notice to Buyer before Buyer delivers t	the earnest money.
L	J. FAILUKE TO TI	MELY DELÍVER OPTION FEE: If no dollar amount is stated a	is the Option ree or if
	unrestricted rig	deliver the Option Fee within the time required, Buyer the terminate this contract under this Paragraph 5.	Silali Hot Have the
F	TIME: Time is	of the essence for this paragraph and strict compli	ance with the time
_	for performan	nce is required.	

Initialed for identification by Buyer_____ and Seller _____ TREC NO. 23-19[18]

11-04-2024

(Address of Property)

identified in Paragraph 2A in which the Property is located, you are obligated to be a member of the property owners association(s). Restrictive covenants governing the use and occupancy of the Property and all dedicatory instruments governing the establishment, maintenance, and operation of this residential community have been or will be recorded in the Real Property Records of the county in which the Property is located. Copies of the restrictive covenants and dedicatory instruments may be obtained from the county clerk. You are obligated to pay assessments to the property owners association(s). The amount of the assessments is subject to change. Your failure to pay the assessments could result in enforcement of the association's lien on and the foreclosure of the Property.

Section 207.003, Property Code, entitles an owner to receive copies of any document that governs the establishment, maintenance, or operation of a subdivision, including, but not limited to, restrictions, bylaws, rules and regulations, and a resale certificate from a property owners' association. A resale certificate contains information including, but not limited to, statements specifying the amount and frequency of regular assessments and the style and cause number of lawsuits to which the property owners' association is a party, other than lawsuits relating to unpaid ad valorem taxes of an individual member of the association. These documents must be made available to you by the property owners' association or the association's agent on your request.

If Buyer is concerned about these matters, the TREC promulgated Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association should be used.

(3) STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS: If the Property is situated in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services, Chapter 49, Texas Water Code, requires Seller to deliver and Buyer to sign the statutory notice relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness, or standby fee of the district prior to final execution of this contract.

(4) TIDE WATERS: If the Property abuts the tidally influenced waters of the state, §33.135, Texas Natural Resources Code, requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or required

by the parties must be used.

(5) ANNEXATION: If the Property is located outside the limits of a municipality, Seller notifies Buyer under §5.011, Texas Property Code, that the Property may now or later be included in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality and may now or later be subject to annexation by the municipality. Each municipality maintains a map that depicts its boundaries and extraterritorial jurisdiction. To determine if the Property is located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information further information

(6) PROPERTY LOCATED IN A CERTIFICATED SERVICE AREA OF A UTILITY SERVICE PROVIDER: Notice required by §13.257, Water Code: The real property, described in Paragraph 2, that you are about to purchase may be located in a certificated water or sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the properties in the certificated area. If your property is located in a certificated area there may be special costs or charges that you will be required to pay before you can receive water or sewer service. be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide water or sewer service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a certificated area and contact the utility service provider to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to

provide water or sewer service to your property. The undersigned Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice at or before the execution of a binding contract for the purchase of the real property described in Paragraph 2 or at closing of purchase of the real

property.

(7) PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS: If the Property is in a public improvement district, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §5.014, Property Code. An addendum

must give Buyer written notice as required by §5.014, Property Code. An addendum containing the required notice shall be attached to this contract.

(8) TRANSFER FEES: If the Property is subject to a private transfer fee obligation, §5.205, Property Code, requires Seller to notify Buyer as follows: The private transfer fee obligation may be governed by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code.

(9) PROPANE GAS SYSTEM SERVICE AREA: If the Property is located in a propane gas system service area owned by a distribution system retailer, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §141.010, Texas Utilities Code. An addendum containing the notice approved by TREC or required by the parties should be used.

(10) NOTICE OF WATER LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS: If the Property adjoins an impoundment of water, including a reservoir or lake, constructed and maintained under Chapter 11, Water Code, that

- has a storage capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet at the impoundment's normal operating level, Seller hereby notifies Buyer: "The water level of the impoundment of water adjoining the Property fluctuates for various reasons, including as a result of: (1) an entity lawfully exercising its right to use the water stored in the impoundment; or (2) drought or flood conditions." including a reservoir or lake, constructed and maintained under Chapter 11, Water Code, that
- (11)CERTIFICATE OF MOLD REMEDIATION: If the Property has been remediated for mold, Seller must provide to Buyer each certificate of mold damage remediation issued under §1958.154, Occupations Code, during the 5 years preceding the sale of the Property.

Contract Concerning	(Address of Property)	Page 4 of 10 <u>11-04-2024</u>
[11-07-2022] (<u>12)</u> [(11)]REQUIRED No (for example, utilit	(Address of Property) OTICES: The following notices have been giver ty, water, drainage, and public improvement d	or are attached to this contract istricts [MUD, WCID, PID
notices]):	provide applicable statutory notices may provide	·
to terminate the co	ontract.	de bayer with remedies of rights
at reasonable time and licensed by TR B. CONSTRUCTION D diligence in accord plans and specificato the plans and Documents have b C. COST ADJUSTMEN change orders or	PECTIONS: Seller shall permit Buyer and Buyer es. Buyer may have the Property inspected REC or otherwise permitted by law to make inspected with the Construction Documents. "Constrions, the finish out schedules, any change or specifications, finish out schedules, and charge in signed by the parties and are incorporated by a light of the selected by Buyer which exceed the ments will be paid by Buyer as follows:	by inspectors selected by Buyer pections. Ements to the Property with due struction Documents" means the ders, and any allowances related ange orders. The Construction d into this contract by reference. Increase in costs resulting from
Price, with propor	ts resulting from change orders and unused tionate adjustments to the amounts in Parag	
selections will cont will not, in Seller's required selections E. COMPLETION: Sell Date of this contra	ONS: If the Construction Documents perm form to Seller's normal standards as set out in a judgment, adversely affect the marketability is within days after notice from Seller. Her must commence construction no later than fact. The improvements will be substantially coments and ready for occupancy not later than	the Construction Documents or of the Property. Buyer will make days after the Effective ompleted in accordance with the
20 The improconstruction Document authorities and an God, fire or other substitute of completion extended appliances of completion. F. WARRANTIES: Excellent appliances appliances of completion.	ovements will be deemed to be substantially comments upon the final inspection and approvary lender (Substantial Completion Date). Consider casualty, strikes, boycotts or nonavailable parable quality and price is available will be etion of the construction. However, in no even beyond the Closing Date. Seller may substantially for those specified in the Construction as expressly set forth in this contract, a so no other express warranties. Seller shall required by Federal Trade Commission Regular	completed in accordance with the large process of all applicable governmental truction delays caused by acts of ility of materials for which not added to the time allowed for ent may the time for substantial stitute materials, equipment and ruction Documents. separate writing, or provided by assign to Buyer at closing all tions, the information relating to
hox helow)	alled or to be installed in the Improvements at e attached specifications.	the Property is: (check only one
(a) Exterior wa insulation t	lls of improved living areas: insulated with o a thickness of inches which yields	an R-Value of
insulation t	ner areas of the home: insulated with o a thickness of inches which yields	an R-Value of
insulation t	improved living areas: insulated with_ o a thickness of inches which yields	
(d) Floors of im	nproved living areas not applied to a slab found insulation to a th s an R-Value of	dation: insulated with ickness of inches
(e) Other insulation thickness of thickness of All stated R-Va H. ENVIRONMENTAL including asbestos or endangered spectoncerned about the should be used. I. SELLER'S DISCLOST (1) Seller □ is adverse effect (2) Seller □ is □	ated areas: insulated with f inches which yields an R-Value of lues are based on information provided by the MATTERS: Buyer is advised that the presence and wastes or other environmental hazards, exies or its habitat may affect Buyer's intended hese matters, an addendum promulgated by SURE: SURE: I is not aware of any flooding of the Propont on the use of the Property. I is not aware of any pending or threaten	manufacturer of the insulation. e of wetlands, toxic substances, or the presence of a threatened d use of the Property. If Buyer is TREC or required by the parties erty which has had a material
speciaLassessr (3) Seller ☐ is ☐ affect the Pror (4) Seller ☐ is ☐	nent affecting the Property. I is not aware of any environmental hazard perty. I is not aware of any dumpsite, landfill, or t	s that materially and adversely
now or previou	sly located on the Property.	

Contract Concerning Page 5 of 10 [11-07-2022] (Address of Property)	11-04-2024
(Address of Property) (5) Seller \square is \square is not aware of any wetlands, as defined by federal or	stato law or
regulation, affecting the Property. (6) Seller is is not aware of any threatened or endangered species or	state law of
(6) Seller $lacksquare$ is not aware of any threatened or endangered species or affecting the Property	their habitat
affecting the Property. (7) Seller \square is not aware that the Property is located \square wholly \square partly in	a floodplain.
(8) Seller \square is \square is not aware that a tree or trees located on the Property has oa If Seller is aware of any of the items above, explain (attach additional sheets	k wiit. if necessarv):
J. RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS: Buyer may purchase a residential service of provider or administrator licensed by the Texas Department of Licensing and	Regulation. If
Buver purchases a residential service contract. Seller shall reimburse Buver at o	closina for the
cost of the residential service contract in an amount not exceeding \$should review any residential service contract for the scope of coverage, elimitations. The purchase of a residential service contract is optional. Sim	xclusions and
limitations. The purchase of a residential service contract is optional. Sim may be purchased from various companies authorized to do business in T	ilar coverage
8.BROKERS AND SALES AGENTS:	
A. BROKER OR SALES AGENT DISCLOSURE: Texas law requires a real estate broker	or sales agent
who is a party to a transaction or acting on behalf of a spouse, parent, child, bus which the broker or sales agent owns more than 10%, or a trust for which the b	roker or sales
agent acts as a trustee or of which the broker or sales agent or the broker or spouse, parent or child is a beneficiary, to notify the other party in writing before	sales agent's
a contract of sale. Disclose if applicable:	entering into
D DROVEDCY FEEC. All abligations of the position for recovery of bushoust force	
B. BROKERS' FEES: All obligations of the parties for payment of brokers' fees are separate written agreements.	e contained in
9 CLOSING:	
A. The closing of the sale will be on or before, 20, or after objections made under Paragraph 6D have been cured or waived, whichever	within 7 days
(Closing Date). If either party falls to close the sale by the Closing Date, the I	non-defaulting
party may exércise the remedies contained in Paragraph 15. B. At closing:	
(1) Seller shall execute and deliver a general warranty deed conveying title to the Buyer and showing no additional exceptions to those permitted in Paragraph	ne Property to
tax statements or certificates showing no delinquent taxes on the Property.	o and runnish
tax statements or certificates showing no delinquent taxes on the Property. (2) Buyer shall pay the Sales Price in good funds acceptable to the Escrow Agent. (3) Seller and Buyer shall execute and deliver any notices, statements, certificates.	tes, affidavits,
releases, loan documents, transfer of any warranties, and other documen required for the closing of the sale and the issuance of the Title Policy.	ts reasonably
(4) There will be no liens, assessments, or security interests against the Property be satisfied out of the sales proceeds unless securing payment of any loan.	which will not
be satisfied out of the sales proceeds unless securing payment of any loan. Buyer and assumed loans will not be in default.	s assumed by
(5) Private transfer fees (as defined by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas P	roperty Code)
will be the obligation of Seller unless provided otherwise in this contract. assessed by a property owners' association are governed by the Addendun	Transfer fees Infor Property
Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association.	
10.POSSESSION: A. BUYER'S POSSESSION: Seller shall deliver to Buyer possession of the Property: □ u	oon closing and
funding $lacksquare$ according to a temporary residential lease form promulgated by TREC o	r other written
lease required by the parties. Any possession by Buyer prior to closing or by Selle which is not authorized by a written lease will establish a tenancy at sufferance relation	nship between
the parties. Consult your insurance agent prior to change of ownership an because insurance coverage may be limited or terminated. The absence of a	d possession
or appropriate insurance coverage may expose the parties to economic loss.	
B. SMART DEVICES: "Smart Device" means a device that connects to the inter remote use, monitoring, and management of: (i) the Property; (ii) items identified	net to enable
Realty Items Addendum; or (iii) items in a fixture lease assigned to Buyer. At t	he time Seller
delivers possession of the Property to Buyer, Seller shall: (1) deliver to Buyer written information containing all access codes, usernames, p	asswords, and
applications Buyer will need to access, operate, manage, and control the S	mart Devices;
and (2) terminate and remove all access and connections to the improvements and ac	cessories from
any of Seller's personal devices including but not limited to phones and compu	ters.
11.SPECIAL PROVISIONS: (This paragraph is intended to be used only for additional items. An informational item is a statement that completes a blank in a contract for	
factual information, or provides instructions. Real estate brokers and sales agents	are prohibited
from practicing law and shall not add to, delete, or modify any provision of this c drafted by a party to this contract or a party's attorney.)	
12.SETTLEMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES:	•
A. The following expenses must be paid at or prior to closing: (1) <u>Seller shall pay the following expenses</u> [Expenses payable by Seller] (Seller's E	xnenses).
(a) <u>releases</u> [Releases] of existing liens, including prepayment penalties and r	ecording fees;

(Address of Property)

release of Seller's loan liability; tax statements or certificates; preparation of deed; one-half of escrow fee; brokerage fees that Seller has agreed to pay; and other expenses

- release of Seller's loan liability; tax statements or certificates; preparation or deed; one-half of escrow fee; brokerage fees that Seller has agreed to pay; and other expenses payable by Seller under this contract; [-]

 (b) the following amount to be applied to brokerage fees that Buyer has agreed to pay:

 (c) Seller shall also pay and an amount not to exceed \$ to be applied lin the following order: Buyer's Expenses which Buyer is prohibited from paying by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan programs, and then] to other Buyer's Expenses [as allowed by the lender].

 (2) Buyer shall pay the following expenses [Expenses payable by Buyer] (Buyer's Expenses): Appraisal fees; loan application fees; origination charges; credit reports; preparation of loan documents; interest on the notes from date of disbursement to one month prior to dates of first monthly payments; recording fees; copies of easements and restrictions; loan title policy with endorsements required by lender; loan-related inspection fees; photos; amortization schedules; one-half of escrow fee; all prepaid items, including required premiums for flood and hazard insurance, reserve deposits for insurance, ad valorem taxes and special governmental assessments; final compliance inspection; courier fee; repair inspection; underwriting fee; wire transfer fee; expenses incident to any loan; Private Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium (MIP) as required by the lender; brokerage fees that Buyer has agreed to pay; and other expenses payable by Buyer under this contract.

 B. If any expense exceeds an amount expressly stated in this contract for such expense to be paid by a party, that party may terminate this contract unless the other party agrees to be paid by a party, that party may terminate this contract unless the other party agrees to pay such excess. Buyer may not pay charges and fees expressly prohibited by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan program r

- 13.PRORATIONS AND ROLLBACK TAXES:
 A. PRORATIONS: Taxes for the current year, interest, rents, and regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, and dues (including prepaid items) will be prorated through the Closing Date. The tax proration may be calculated taking into consideration any change in exemptions that will affect the current year's taxes. If taxes for the current year vary from the amount prorated at closing, the parties shall adjust the prorations when tax statements for the current year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing, Buyer will be obligated to pay taxes for the current year.
 B. ROLLBACK TAXES: If additional taxes, penalties, or interest (Assessments) are imposed because of Seller's use or change in use of the Property prior to closing, the Assessments will be the obligation of Seller. Obligations imposed by this paragraph will survive closing.
 14.CASUALTY LOSS: If any part of the Property is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall restore the Property to its previous condition as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event by the Closing Date. If Seller fails to do so due to factors beyond Seller's control, Buyer may (a) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer (b) extend the time for performance up to 45 days and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary or (c) accept the Property in its damaged condition with an assignment of insurance proceeds, if permitted by Seller's insurance carrier, and receive credit from Seller at closing in the amount of the deductible under the insurance policy. Seller's obligations under this paragraph are independent of any other obligations of Seller under this contract. contract.
- **15.DEFAULT:** If Buyer fails to comply with this contract, Buyer will be in default, and Seller may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money as liquidated damages, thereby releasing both parties from this contract. If Seller fails to comply with this contract Seller will be in default and Buyer may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money, thereby releasing both parties from this contract.
- **16.MEDIATION:** It is the policy of the State of Texas to encourage resolution of disputes through alternative dispute resolution procedures such as mediation. Subject to applicable law, any dispute between Seller and Buyer related to this contract which is not resolved through informal discussion will be submitted to a mutually acceptable mediation service or provider. The parties to the mediation shall bear the mediation costs equally. This paragraph does not preclude a party from seeking equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 17.ATTORNEY'S FEES: A Buyer, Seller, Listing Broker, Other Broker, or Escrow Agent who prevails in any legal proceeding related to this contract is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and all costs of such proceeding.

18.ESCROW:

- A. ESCROW: The Escrow Agent is not (i) a party to this contract and does not have liability for the performance or nonperformance of any party to this contract, (ii) liable for interest on the earnest money and (iii) liable for the loss of any earnest money caused by the failure of any financial institution in which the earnest money has been deposited unless the financial institution is acting as Escrow Agent. Escrow Agent may require any disbursement made in connection with this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent's collection of good funds
- connection with this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent's collection of good runus acceptable to Escrow Agent.

 B. EXPENSES: At closing, the earnest money must be applied first to any cash down payment, then to Buyer's Expenses and any excess refunded to Buyer. If no closing occurs, Escrow Agent may: (i) require a written release of liability of the Escrow Agent from all parties before releasing any earnest money; and (ii) require payment of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of a party. Escrow Agent may deduct authorized expenses from the earnest money payable to a party. "Authorized expenses" means expenses incurred by Escrow Agent on behalf of the party entitled to the earnest money that were authorized by this contract or that party.
- C. DEMAND: Upon termination of this contract, either party or the Escrow Agent may send a

Contract Concerning(Address of P	Page 7 of 10 <u>11-04-2024</u>					
the demand from the other party within 15 do to the party making demand reduced by the the party receiving the earnest money and E Escrow Agent complies with the provisions of Agent from all adverse claims related to the	ays, Escrow Agent may disburse the earnest money amount of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of scrow Agent may pay the same to the creditors. If this paragraph, each party hereby releases Escrow lisbursal of the earnest money.					
D. DAMAGES: Any party who wrongfully fails or Agent within 7 days of receipt of the request the earnest money; (iii) reasonable attorney's	refuses to sign a release acceptable to the Escrow will be liable to the other party for (i) damages (ii) is fees; and (iv) all costs of suit.					
E. NOTICES: Escrow Agent's notices will be effe Notice of objection to the demand will be dee	ective when sent in compliance with Paragraph 21. med effective upon receipt by Escrow Agent.					
closing. If any representation of Seller in this c	ntations and warranties in this contract survive contract is untrue on the Closing Date, Seller will be tten agreement, Seller may continue to show the cup offers.					
20.FEDERAL [TAX] REQUIREMENTS: If Seller is a "foreign person," as defined by Internal Revenue Code and its regulations, or if Seller fails to deliver an affidavit or a certificate of non-foreign status to Buyer that Seller is not a "foreign person," then Buyer shall withhold from the sales proceeds an amount sufficient to comply with applicable tax law and deliver the same to the Internal Revenue Service together with appropriate tax forms. Internal Revenue Service regulations require filing written reports if currency in excess of specified amounts is received in the transaction. 21.NOTICES: All notices from one party to the other must be in writing and are effective when mailed						
to, hand-delivered at, or transmitted by fax or e	lectronic transmission as follows:					
To Buyer at:	To Seller at:					
Phone: ()	Phone: ()					
E-mail/Fax:	E-mail/Fax:					
E-mail/Fax: E-mail/Fax:						
With a copy to Buyer's agent at:	With a copy to Seller's agent at:					
22.AGREEMENT OF PARTIES: This contract contract contract be changed except by their written agree are (check all applicable boxes):	ontains the entire agreement of the parties and ement. Addenda which are a part of this contract					
☐ Third Party Financing Addendum	Addendum for Coastal Area Property					
☐ Seller Financing Addendum	 Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum 					
 Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property 	Addendum Seller's Temporary Residential Lease					
Owners Association	Short Sale Addendum					
☐ Lean Assumption Addendum	Addendum for Property Located Seaward					
Loan Assumption AddendumAddendum for Sale of Other Property						
by Buyer	Addendum for Property in a Propane Gas System Service Area					
Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas and Other Minerals	 Addendum containing Notice of Obligation to Pay Improvement District Assessment 					
Addendum for "Back-Up" Contract	☐ Addendum for Section 1031 Exchange					
 Addendum Concerning Right to Terminate Due to Lender's Appraisal 	Other (list):					

Contract Concerning	(Adduces of Duc		Page 8 of 10	11-04-2024
_ 11-0/-2022]	(Address of Pro	perty)		
23. CONSULT AN ATTORNEY BI agents from giving legal advice	EFORE SIGNING: e. READ THIS CONT	TREC rules p RACT CAREFU	rohibit real estate bro LLY.	okers and sales
Buyer's Attorney is:		Seller's Attorney is:		
Phone: ()		Phone:	()	
Phone: <u>(</u>)		Phone.	_()	
Fax: <u>(</u>)		Fax:	()	
E-mail:		E-mail:		
EXECUTED theday of (BROKER: FILL IN THE DATE	of OF FINAL ACCEP	TANCE.)	, 20 (Effe	ctive Date).
This contract is subject to Cha Texas Property Code. The pro chapter may affect your ric	apter 27 of the ovisions of that	Buyer		
damages arising from a construyou have a complaint construction defect and that been corrected as may be required by Chapter 27 of the Code to the contractor by certif	ction defect. If concerning a defect has not uired by law or ide the notice Texas Property fied mail, return	Buyer		
receipt requested, not later that before the date you file so damages in a court of later that arbitration. The notice must receipt the Texas Property Condescribe the construction defects	uit to recover aw or initiate refer to Chapter code and must	Seller		
by the contractor, you must contractor an opportunity to in the defect as provided by Set the Texas Property Code.	st provide the nspect and cure	Seller		



The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC NO. 23-19[18]. This form replaces TREC NO. 23-18[17].

Contract Concerning		Page 9 of 10	11-04-2024
[11-07-2022]	(Address of Property)		

		INFORMATION OF THE PROPERTY OF		
Other Broker Firm	License No.	Listing Broke	r Firm	License No.
represents Buyer only as Buyer's a Seller as Listing Broker'	_	represents	☐ Seller and Buyer as an ir☐ Seller only as Seller's ag	
Associate's Name	License No.	Listing Assoc	iate's Name	License No.
Team Name		Team Name		
Associate's Email Address	Phone	Listing Assoc	iate's Email Address	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Associate	License No.	Licensed Sup	ervisor of Listing Associate	License No.
Other Broker's Address	Phone	Listing Broke	r's Office Address	Phone
City State	Zip	City	5	State Zip
		Selling Associ	iate's Name	License No.
		Selling Assoc	iate's Email Address	Phone
		Licensed Sup	ervisor of Selling Associate	License No.
		Selling Assoc	iate's Office Address	
		City	Stat	ce Zip
Disclosure: Pursuant to a previous agreement between brokers)], Li % of the Sales Price [not change the previous agreement	is, separate agr sting Broker ha between broker	reement <mark>[(suc</mark> s agreed to p]). This dis s to pay or sh	th as a MLS offer of corporation of the school of the scho	mpensation or othe (s or call

Contract Concerning	
[11 07 2022]	(Address of Property)

City

	OPTION F	E RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	(Option Fee)	in the form of	
Escrow Agent			Date
	EARNEST MO	NEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	Earnest Mon	ey in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
Receipt of the Contract is acknow		T RECEIPT	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	ADDITIONAL EARNI	EST MONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	additional Earne	st Money in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address		· -	Phone

Zip

State

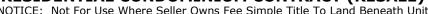
_Page 10 of 10

11-04-2024

Fax



PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC) RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM CONTRACT (RESALE) NOTICE: Not For Use Where Seller Owns Fee Simple Title To Land Beneath Unit





TEXAS REAL ESTA										(C !!)	
1. PA	ARTIES	: The p	arties	to this c	ontract are				(5)	(Seller) . Seller agree	
ạn	d								(Buyer)	. Seller agree	:S
το	sell and	a convey	to Br	iyer and	Buyer agre	es to buy	from Sei	ier the Pro	perty der	ined below.	
2. PF	ROPERT	ry and	CONI	OOMINI	UM DOCU	MENTS:					
Α.	The C	Condomi	nium	Unit, in	າprovement	s and ac	cessories	describe	d below	are collectivel	У
	referre	ed to as	the Pr	operty (Property).		. 5				
	(1) CO	IMODIN	MULM	UNII:	Unit		ın Buil	ding			-!
	OT							, a condon	ninium pr	oject, located a	JE
	720	drocc/-	in cod	o) City	of			Coun	ty of		
	(at	Jul 655/ 2	ip cou	e), City	UI			,Couii	Ly 01		
	Te	vas des	cribed	in the	Condominii	ım Declar	ation and	Plat and	any amer	ndments theret	0
	of	record	in said	d County	v: together	with suc	h Unit's	undivided	interest	in the Commo ved as Limite se the Commo	n
	Ěĺe	ments	desiar	nated by	the Decl	aration, i	ncludina	those are	eas reser	ved as Limite	d
	Co	mmon	Elemei	nts appú	irtenant to	the Uńit	and such	n other rig	ghts to us	se the Commo	n
	Ele	ements	wnicn	nave be	en specifica	aliy assign	ea to tne	i Unit in ai	ny other r	manner. Parkin	g
	are	eas assi	gned t	o the Un	it are:						
	(2) The	55 AV (EX	4-FN-T-0	A 11 - C:							٠.
	(2) IM	PROVEN	IENIS	: All fix	tures and	improvem	ents atta	iched to t	ne above	described rea	31
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	mr	nints ai	nd bra	ckets fo	r television	ns and sn	eakers t	neating ar	nd air cor	nditioning unit	?,
	sec	curity a	nd fire	detection	n equipme	nt. wiring	plumbin	a and ligh	tina fixtur	es, chandeliers	š.
	shi	rubbery	, lands	scaping,	outdoor co	okina egi	ipment, a	and all otl	ner prope	, awnings, wall ision antennas ditioning units es, chandeliers rty attached t	ó
	the	e abové	descri	bed Con	dominium l	Jnit.					
	(3) AC	CESSOI	RIES: ˌ	. The i	following d	described	related	accessorie	es, . if an	y: window a window shades swimming poo ty systems tha and (iii) othe rights to the (i	ir
	COI	nditionir	ng uni	ts, stove	e, fireplace	screens,	curtains	and rods	, blinds, '	window shades	3,
	ara	aperies	ana	roas, ac	or keys,	mailbox i	tificial fir	ove grour	ia pooi,	swimming poo)i
	eq	uipillelli not fi	. aliu vturoc	and co	ance acces	(i) gar	age door	epiace loc	ry gates	ey Systems the	JL or
	im	nrovem	ents a	nd acce	sories "Co	ntrols" in	cludes Se	eller's trar	isferable	rights to the (i	íΊ
	sof	tware a	and an	plication	s used to a	access an	d control	improven	ents or a	accessories, an	ď
	(ii)	hardwa	are use	ed solely	to control	improvem	ents or a	ccessories		accessories, an	-
	(4) E X	CLUSIO	NS: II	ne follow	ing improv	em ent s a	nd access	ories will	be retaine	ed by Seller an	d
	ìπι	ıst be re	emove	d prior t	o delivery o	of possessi	ion:			,	
_						5 .11				. " (0)	<u>.</u> .
В.				'laws an	d any Rule	s of the	Associatio	on are cal	led "Docu	ments". (Chec	.K
		ox only)				D = ==================================	- D	:		the Dearmont	
ш	(1) bu	<u>yer nas</u>	recen	e contra	ct the	Document	s. buyer	is advised	i to reau	the Document	<u>.S</u>
	(2) Bu	ver has	not re	ceived a	conv of th	a Docume	nte Salla	ar at Solle	r's avnan	se, shall delive	٦r
_	the	Docum	ents t	n Buver	within	davs	after th	e Effectiv	e Date d	of the contract	í'
	Bu	ver may	term	nate the	contract w	ithin 7 da	vs after	Buver rec	eives the	of the contract Documents b ract pursuant t	v
	aiv	ina writ	ten no	tice of to	ermination	to Seller.	If Buver t	terminates	the cont	ract pursuant t	ó
	ťhi	s parag	raph,	the ear	nest money	will be	refunded	to Buyer	. Buyer r	etains rights t	0
	ter	minate	under	Section	82.156, Te	xas Prope	rty Code.	•	•	_	
C.	The Re	esale Ce	ertifica	te from	the condo	minium o	wners ass	sociation (the Assoc	ciation) is calle	d
	the "C	ert <u>if</u> icat	e". Th	e Certifi	cate musț I	be in a foi	m promu	<u>ılgate</u> d by	TREC or	required by th	e
	parties	s. Ine	Certific	cate m <u>u</u>	st have be	een prepa	red, at S	seller's ex	rpense, n	o more than	3
									itain at a	a minimum th	е
					ion 82.157	, Texas Pr	operty Co	oue.			
		cone bo			Cortificato						
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_	(Z) Du	yei iias	lavs af	ter the	Effective D	ate of the	contract	Ruver ma	av termin	ate the contrac	`†
	wit	hin 7 c	lavs a	fter the	date Buve	r receives	the Cer	tificate by	aivina w	ritten notice c	ρĒ
	ter	minatio	n to S	Seller. If	Buyer térr	ninates th	ne contra	ct pursuai	nt to this	paragraph, th	e
	ea	rnest m	oney v	vill be re	funded to I	Buyer. Bu	yer retain	ıs rights to	terminat	e under Sectio	n
	(2), 82	.156, Te	exas P	roperty (Code.						
ч	(3) Bu	yer ha	s rece	eived S	eller's affic	daviţ tha	t Seller	requeste	<u>informa</u>	ation from th	ę
	As	sociation	n conc	erning it	s rinancial	condition	as require	ea by the	i exas Pro	perty Code, an	a
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	shall h	je amei	nded t	o the d	ate that Bu	iver recei	ves a cor	ov of the	Association	on's certification	'n
	that:	(i) Selle	er has	complie	d with the	requirem	ents und	er the ria	ht of refu	isal; and (ii) a	ıll
	persor	is who r	may ex	xercise t	he right of	refusal ha	ve not ex	cercised or	· have wa	ived the right t	0
	buy t	:he Pro	pertv.	If Bu	ver does	not rece	ive the	Associati	on's cert	ification withi	in
	-	days	after t	the Effec	tive Date c	or if the ric	ght of refi	usal is exe	ercised, th	is contract sha	Ш
	termin	iate and	tne e	arnest m	noney shall	de retund	ea to Buy	ver.			

Contract Concerning	Page 2 of 10	11-04-2024
3. SALES PRICE:		
A. Cash portion of Sales Price payable by Buyer at closing The term "Cash portion of the Sales Price" does not include prockind or selling other real property except as disclosed in this compact. B. Sum of all financing described in the attached: Loan Assumption Addendum, Seller Financing Addendum	ceeds from borrowing ntract. Financing Addendum	,
C. Sales Price (Sum of A and B)		
4. LEASES: Except as disclosed in this contract, Seller is not awa Property. After the Effective Date, Seller may not, without Buyer's lease, amend any existing lease, or convey any interest in the boxes)	are of any leases aff s written consent, cre	eate a new
A. RESIDENTIAL LEASES: The Property is subject to one or monopole Addendum Regarding Residential Leases is attached to this contour B. FIXTURE LEASES: Fixtures on the Property are subject to or example, solar panels, propane tanks, water softener, security	tract. ne or more fixture l	eases (for
Regarding Fixture Leases is attached to this contract. 5. EARNEST MONEY AND TERMINATION OPTION.	ty system, and the h	Addendam
A. DELIVERY OF EARNEST MONEY AND OPTION FEE: Within 3 Buyer must deliver to(address); \$	(Escrow Agent) at _	ns oarnost
money and \$ as the Option Fee. The earnest is made payable to Escrow Agent and may be paid separately or contract (1) Buyer shall deliver additional earnest money of \$ within the days after the Effective Date of this contract.	money and Option Fe combined in a single p to Escr	ee shall be bayment. fow Agent
(2) If the last day to deliver the earnest money, Option Fee, of falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the time to Option Fee, or the additional earnest money, as applicable, next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.	is extended until the	end of the
(3) The amount(s) Escrow Agent receives under this paragrap Option Fee, then to the earnest money, and then to the add (4) Buyer authorizes Escrow Agent to release and deliver the O without further notice to or consent from Buyer, and release for delivery of the Option Fee to Seller. The Option Fee will at closing.	litional earnest mone Option Fee to Seller a ses Escrow Agent fro I be credited to the S	y. t any time om liability Sales Price
B. TERMINATION OPTION: For nominal consideration, the receipt and Buyer's agreement to pay the Option Fee within the time the unrestricted right to terminate this contract by giving notice days after the Effective Date of this contract (Option paragraph must be given by 5:00 p.m. (local time where the Perspecified. If Buyer gives notice of termination within the time will not be refunded and Escrow Agent shall release any Option Agent to Seller; and (ii) any earnest money will be refunded to	e required, Seller graes of termination to Secon Period). Notices of Property is located) be prescribed: (i) the Good Fee remaining with	ants Büyer eller within under this y the date Option Fee
C. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER EARNEST MONEY: If Buyer fails within the time required, Seller may terminate this contract under Paragraph 15, or both, by providing notice to Buyer bef money.	s to deliver the earne	est money remedies ne earnest
D. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER OPTION FEE: If no dollar amoun if Buyer fails to deliver the Option Fee within the time requi unrestricted right to terminate this contract under this Paragrap E. TIME: Time is of the essence for this paragraph and strice	ired, Buyer shall not oh 5.	have the
for performance is required.	ct compnance with	the time
 6. TITLE POLICY: A. TITLE POLICY: Seller shall furnish to Buyer at □Seller's □Buy title insurance (Title Policy) issued by in the amount of the Sales Price, dated at or after closing, ins the provisions of the Title Policy, subject to the promulgated building and zoning ordinances) and the following exceptions: 	Title (Title uring Buver against	Company) loss under
(1) Restrictive covenants common to the platted subdivision in (2) The standard printed exception for standby fees, taxes and (3) Liens created as part of the financing described in Paragraph	า 3.	
 (4) Terms and provisions of the Documents including the easements. (5) Reservations or exceptions otherwise permitted by this cont Buyer in writing. 		
(6) The standard printed exception as to marital rights. (7) The standard printed exception as to waters, tidelands, to matters.	peaches, streams, ar	nd related
(8) The standard printed exception as to discrepancies, conflicts, lines, encroachments or protrusions, or overlapping improveme (9) The exception or exclusion regarding minerals approved Insurance.	ents.	•
Initialed for identification by Buyer and Seller	TREC N	IO. 30- <u>17[16]</u>

(Address of Property)

- B. COMMITMENT: Within 20 days after the Title Company receives a copy of this contract, Seller shall furnish to Buyer a commitment for title insurance (Commitment) and, at Buyer's expense, legible copies of restrictive covenants and documents evidencing exceptions in the expense, legible copies of restrictive covenants and documents evidencing exceptions in the Commitment (Exception Documents) other than the standard printed exceptions. Seller authorizes the Title Company to deliver the Commitment and Exception Documents to Buyer at Buyer's address shown in Paragraph 21. If the Commitment and Exception Documents are not delivered to Buyer within the specified time, the time for delivery will be automatically extended up to 15 days or 3 days before the Closing Date, whichever is earlier. If the Commitment and Exception Documents are not delivered within the time required, Buyer may terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.

 C. OBJECTIONS: Buyer may object in writing to defects, exceptions, or encumbrances to title:
- disclosed in the Commitment other than items 6A(1) through (9) above; or which prohibit the following use or activity:

Buyer must object the earlier of (i) the Closing Date or (ii) _____ days after Buyer receives the Commitment and Exception Documents. Buyer's failure to object within the time allowed will constitute a waiver of Buyer's right to object; except that the requirements in Schedule C of the Commitment are not waively by Buyer. Provided Selection participated to Schedule C of the Commitment are not waived by Buyer. Provided Seller is not obligated to incur any expense, Seller shall cure any timely objections of Buyer or any third party lender within 15 days after Seller receives the objections (Cure Period) and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary. If objections are not cured within the Cure Period, Buyer may, by delivering notice to Seller within 5 days after the end of the Cure Period: (i) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer; or (ii) waive the objections. If Buyer does not terminate within the time required, Buyer shall be deemed to have waived the objections. If the Commitment is revised or any new Exception Document(s) is delivered, Buyer may object to any new matter revealed in the revised Commitment or new Exception Document(s) within the same time stated in this paragraph to make objections beginning when the revised Commitment or Exception Document(s) is delivered to Buyer.

D. TITLE NOTICES:

(1) ABSTRACT OR TITLE POLICY: Broker advises Buyer to have an abstract of title covering

(1) ABSTRACT OR TITLE POLICY: Broker advises Buyer to have an abstract of title covering the Property examined by an attorney of Buyer's selection, or Buyer should be furnished with or obtain a Title Policy. If a Title Policy is furnished, the Commitment should be promptly reviewed by an attorney of Buyer's choice due to the time limitations on Buyer's

right to object.

(2) STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS: If the Property is situated in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services, Chapter 49, Texas Water Code, requires Seller to deliver and Buyer to sign the statutory notice relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness, or standby fee of the district prior to final execution of this contract.

(3) TIDE WATERS: If the Property abuts the tidally influenced waters of the state, §33.135, Texas Natural Resources Code, requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or

- Texas Natural Resources Code requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or required by the parties must be used.

 (4) ANNEXATION: If the Property is located outside the limits of a municipality, Seller notifies Buyer under §5 011, Texas Property Code, that the Property may now or later be included in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality and may now or later be subject to annexation by the municipality ach municipality maintains a map that depicts its boundaries and extraterritorial jurisdiction. To determine if the Property is located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information.

 (5) PROPERTY LOCATED IN A CERTIFICATED SERVICE AREA OF A UTILITY SERVICE PROVIDER: Notice required by §13.257, Water Code: The real property, described in Paragraph 2, that you are about to purchase may be located in a certificated water or sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the properties in the certificated area. If your property is located in a certificated area there may be special costs or charges that you will be required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide water or sewer service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a certificated area and contact the utility service provider to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to provide water or sewer service to your property. The undersigned Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice

H. RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS: Buyer may purchase a residential service contract from a provider or administrator licensed by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation. If Buyer purchases a residential service contract, Seller shall reimburse Buyer at closing for the

Initialed for identification by Buyer

[11-07-2022]	(Address o	of Property)			
cost of the resid should review limitations. The	ential service contract in any residential service purchase of a reside sed from various com	n an amount not contract for th	ne scope of ontract is or	coverage, otional. Sin	exclusions ánd nilar coverage
8. BROKERS AND S					

- A. BROKER OR SALES AGENT DISCLOSURE: Texas law requires a real estate broker or sales agent who is a party to a transaction or acting on behalf of a spouse, parent, child, business entity in which the broker or sales agent owns more than 10%, or a trust for which the broker or sales agent acts as a trustee or of which the broker or sales agent or the broker or sales agent's spouse, parent or child is a beneficiary, to notify the other party in writing before entering into a contract of sale. Disclose if applicable:
- B.BROKERS' FEES: All obligations of the parties for payment of brokers' fees are contained in separate written agreements.

9. CLOSING:

- after objections to matters disclosed in the Commitment have been cured, whichever date is later (Closing Date). If either party fails to close the sale by the Closing Date, the non-defaulting party may exercise the remedies contained in Paragraph 15.

 At closing: A. The closing of the sale will be on or before B. At closing:

 - At closing:

 (1) Seller shall execute and deliver a general warranty deed conveying title to the Property to Buyer and showing no additional exceptions to those permitted in Paragraph 6 and furnish tax statements or certificates showing no delinquent taxes on the Property.

 (2) Buyer shall pay the Sales Price in good funds acceptable to the Escrow Agent.

 (3) Seller and Buyer shall execute and deliver any notices, statements, certificates, affidavits, releases, loan documents, transfer of any warranties, and other documents reasonably required for the closing of the sale and the issuance of the Title Policy.

 (4) There will be no liens, assessments, or security interests against the Property which will not be satisfied out of the sales proceeds unless securing the payment of any loans assumed by Buyer and assumed loans will not be in default.

 (5) Private transfer fees (as defined by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code) will be the obligation of Seller unless provided otherwise in this contract. This paragraph does not apply to fees assessed by the Association.

 DSSESSION:

10. POSSESSION:

- A. BUYER'S POSSESSION: Seller shall deliver to Buyer possession of the Property in its present or required condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted: U upon closing and funding u according to a temporary residential lease form promulgated by TREC or other written lease required by the parties. Any possession by Buyer prior to closing or by Seller after closing which is not authorized by a written lease will establish a tenancy at sufferance relationship between the parties. Consult your insurance agent prior to change of ownership and possession because insurance coverage may be limited or terminated. The absence of a written lease or appropriate insurance. may be limited or terminated. The absence of a written lease or appropriate insurance coverage may expose the parties to economic loss.
- B. SMART DEVICES: "Smart Device" means a device that connects to the internet to enable remote use, monitoring, and management of: (i) the Property; (ii) items identified in any Non-Realty Items Addendum; or (iii) items in a Fixture Lease assigned to Buyer. At the time Seller delivers possession of the Property to Buyer, Seller shall:
 - (1) deliver to Buyer written information containing all access codes, usernames, passwords, and applications Buyer will need to access, operate, manage, and control the Smart Devices; and
 - (2) terminate and remove all access and connections to the improvements and accessories from any of Seller's personal devices including but not limited to phones and computers.
- 11. SPECIAL PROVISIONS: (This paragraph is intended to be used only for additional informational items. An informational item is a statement that completes a blank in a contract form, discloses factual information, or provides instructions. Real estate brokers and sales agents are prohibited from practicing law and shall not add to, delete, or modify any provision of this contract unless drafted by a party to this contract or a party's attorney.)

12. SETTLEMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES:

- A. The following expenses must be paid at or prior to closing:

 (1) Seller shall pay the following expenses [Expenses payable by Seller] (Seller's Expenses):

 (a) releases [Releases] of existing liens, including prepayment penalties and recording fees; lender, FHA, or VA completion requirements; tax statements or certificates; preparation of deed; one-half of escrow fee; brokerage fees that Seller has agreed to pay; and other expenses payable by Seller under this centract.

nitialed for identification by Buyer_	and Seller	TREC NO. 30- <u>17[16]</u>

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- 13. PRORATIONS: Taxes for the current year, interest, rents, and regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, and dues (including prepaid items) will be prorated through the Closing Date. The tax proration may be calculated taking into consideration any change in exemptions that will affect the current year's taxes. If taxes for the current year vary from the amount prorated at closing, the parties shall adjust the prorations when tax statements for the current year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing, Buyer shall pay taxes for the current year. Cash reserves from regular condominium assessments for deferred maintenance or capital improvements established by the Association will not be credited to Seller. Any special condominium assessment due and unpaid at closing will be the obligation of Seller.
- established by the Association will not be credited to Seller. Any special condominium assessment due and unpaid at closing will be the obligation of Seller.

 14. CASUALTY LOSS; If any part of the Unit which Seller is solely obligated to maintain and repair under the terms of the Declaration is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty, Seller shall restore the same to its previous condition as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event by the Closing Date. If Seller fails to do so due to factors beyond Seller's control, Buyer may (a) terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer, (b) extend the time for performance up to 15 days and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary or (c) accept the Property in its damaged condition with an assignment of insurance proceeds, if permitted by Seller's insurance carrier, and receive credit from Seller at closing in the amount of the deductible under the insurance policy. If any part of the Common Flements or Limited Common Flements appurtenant to the Unit is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty loss, Buyer will have 7 days from receipt of notice of such casualty loss within which notify Seller in writing that the contract will be terminated unless Buyer receives written confirmation from the Association that the damaged condition will be restored to its previous condition within a reasonable time at no cost to Buyer. Unless Buyer gives such notice within which time, Buyer will be geemed to have accepted the Property without confirmation of such restoration. Seller will have 7 days from the date of receipt of Buyer's notice within which to cause to be delivered to Buyer such confirmation. If written confirmation is not delivered to Buyer as required above, Buyer may terminate this contract. If Buyer fails to comply with this contract. Buyer fails to comply with this contract.

 15. DEFAULT: If Buyer fails to comply with this contract. Buyer will be in default, and Seller may (a) terminate this contract and receive the earnest

- 17. ATTORNEY'S FEES: A Buyer, Seller, Listing Broker, Other Broker, or Escrow Agent who prevails in any legal proceeding related to this contract is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and all costs of such proceeding.
- ESCROW: The Escrow Agent is not (i) a party to this contract and does not have liability for the performance or nonperformance of any party to this contract, (ii) liable for interest on the earnest money and (iii) liable for the loss of any earnest money caused by the failure of any financial institution in which the earnest money has been deposited unless the financial institution is acting as Escrow Agent. Escrow Agent may require any disbursement made in connection with this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent's collection of good funds acceptable to Escrow Agent.
 B. EXPENSES: At closing, the earnest money must be applied first to any cash down payment, then to Buyer's Expenses and any excess refunded to Buyer. If no closing occurs, Escrow Agent may: (i) require a written release of liability of the Escrow Agent from all parties before releasing any earnest money; and (ii) require payment of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of a party. Escrow Agent may deduct authorized expenses from the earnest money payable to a party. "Authorized expenses" means expenses incurred by Escrow Agent on behalf of the party entitled to the earnest money that were authorized by this contract or that party.
 - that party.

 C. DEMAND: Upon termination of this contract, either party or the Escrow Agent may send a release of earnest money to each party and the parties shall execute counterparts of the release and deliver same to the Escrow Agent. If either party fails to execute the release, either party may make a written demand to the Escrow Agent for the earnest money. If only

Con	tract Concerning		Page 7 of 10 11-04-2024
19. 20.	one party makes written demand for the eavide a copy of the demand to the other party earnest money to the party receiving the same to the creditors. If Escrow Agent comparty hereby releases Escrow Agent from a earnest money. D. DAMAGES: Any party who wrongfully fails Escrow Agent within 7 days of receipt of the damages; (ii) the earnest money; (iii) reason E. NOTICES: Escrow Agent's notices will be ef 21. Notice of objection to the demand will be REPRESENTATIONS: All covenants, represent of the default. Unless expressly prohibited by the Property and receive, negotiate and accept FEDERAL [TAX] REQUIREMENTS: If Seller is nue Code and its regulations, or if Seller fails to status to Buyer that Seller is not a "foreign peroceeds an amount sufficient to comply with a ternal Revenue Service together with appropriations require filing written reports if currency is	arnest ty. If within and re e earn plies v or re e requable fective deen ntation contra writte back s a "fo deliv erson, applica	Escrow Agent does not receive written ob- 15 days, Escrow Agent may disburse the educed by the amount of unpaid expenses est money and Escrow Agent may pay the with the provisions of this paragraph, each erse claims related to the disbursal of the efuses to sign a release acceptable to the uest will be liable to the other party for (i) attorney's fees; and (iv) all costs of suit. e when sent in compliance with Paragraph ned effective upon receipt by Escrow Agent. ns and warranties in this contract survive ent is untrue on the Closing Date, Seller will en agreement, Seller may continue to show up offers. oreign person," as defined by Internal Reve- er an affidavit or a certificate of non-foreign "then Buyer shall withhold from the sales while tax law and deliver the same to the In-
	NOTICES: All notices from one party to the mailed to, hand-delivered at, or transmitted by To Buyer at:	other fax o	must be in writing and are effective when
	Phone: () E-mail/Fax: E-mail/Fax: With a copy to Buyer's agent at:	E-	mail/Fax:ith a copy to Seller's agent at:
22.	AGREEMENT OF PARTIES: This contract of	ontaiı	as the entire agreement of the parties and
	Loan Assumption Addendum	emen	Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum
			Addendum for Property Located Seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway
	Addendum for Sale of Other Property by Buyer Addendum for "Back-Up" Contract		Addendum for Release of Liability on Assumption of FHA, VA, or Conventional Loan Restoration of Seller's Entitlement for VA Guaranteed Loan
			Addendum for Property in a Propane Gas System Service Area
	-		Addendum Regarding Residential Leases
	Addendum for Seller's Disclosure of Information on Lead-based Paint and		Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases
_	Lead-based Paint Hazards as Required by Federal Law Addendum for Authorizing Hydrostatic		Addendum containing Notice of Obligation to Pay Improvement District Assessment
_	Testing		Addendum for Section 1031 Exchange

Other (list):_____

Addendum Concerning Right to Terminate Due to Lender's Appraisal

CONSULT agents from	AN ATTORNEY n giving legal ac	BEFORE SIG vice. READ THI	NING: TREC rules S CONTRACT CARE	prohibi FULLY.	t real est	ate broker	rs and sales
Buyer's Attorney is	:		Seller's Attorney	is:			
Phone:	()		Phone:	_(
Fax:	()		Fax:	_()		
E-mail:			E-mail:				
(ECUTED t	he <u>day</u> ILL IN THE DA	of ΓΕ OF FINAL A	ACCEPTANCE.)	>	_, 20	(Effe	ctive Date
KECUTED t	heday ILL IN THE DA	OF FINAL A	ACCEPTANCE.)	>	_, 2 0	(Effe	ctive Date
GECUTED to	heday	OF FINAL A	Seller	>	_, 20	(Effec	ctive Date
	heday	OF FINAL A			_, 20	(Effec	ctive Date
Buyer	heday	OF FINAL A	Seller		_, 20	(Effec	ctive Date



The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC NO. 30-17[16]. This form replaces TREC NO. 30-16[15].

			INFORMATION) only. Do not sign)		
Other Broke	r Firm	License No.	Listing Broker Firm		License No.
represents	☐ Buyer only as☐ Seller as Listing	Buyer's agent g Broker's subagent		and Buyer as an intermonly as Seller's agent	nediary
Associate's N	Name	License No.	Listing Associate's Name		License No
Team Name			Team Name		
Associate's E	Email Address	Phone	Listing Associate's Email	Address	Phone
Licensed Sup	pervisor of Associate	License No.	Licensed Supervisor of L	isting Associate	License No.
Other Broke	r's Address	Phone	Listing Broker's Office Ad	dress	Phone
City		State Zip	City	State	Zip
			Selling Associaté's Name		License No
			Team Name Selling Associate's Email	Address	Phone
			Licensed Supervisor of So		License No
			Selling Associate's Office	Address	
			City	State	Zip
Disclosura	Durquant to a	arovious coparato agr	eement [(such as a ML	S offer of compan	sation or ot
agreement of the Sales	between brokers)	drevious, separate agri , Listing Broker has agri ement between brokers	greed to pay Other Broke 	r a fee (<u>] \$</u> or informational pur	or 🖵

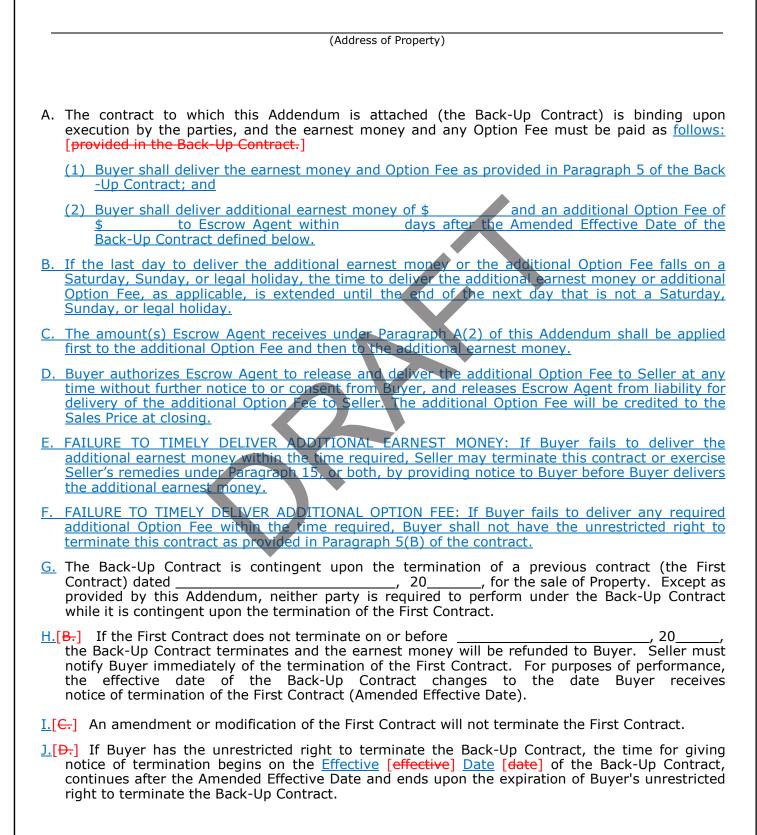
	OPTION FI	E RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	(Option Fee) in t	he form of	
Escrow Agent			Date
	EARNEST MO	NEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	Earnest Money in	the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date/Time
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
Receipt of the Contract is a		T RECEIPT	
Escrow Agent	Received by	Email Address	Date
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax
	ADDITIONAL EARN	EST MONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	additional Earnes	Money in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by		Date/Time
Address		-	Phone
City	State	Zip	Fax



ADDENDUM FOR "BACK-UP" CONTRACT



TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT



Addendum for "Back-Up" Contract		11-04-202 12-05-1
	(Address of Property)	
K.[E.] For purposes of this Adden performance stated herein is re	dum, time is of the essence. Strict complianequired.	nce with the times for
Buyer	Seller	
Buyer	Seller	



This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use with similarly approved or promulgated contract forms. Such approval relates to this form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate <u>license holders</u> [licensees]. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not suitable for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC No. 11-8[7]. This form replaces TREC No. 11-7[6].





AMENDMENTTO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT



TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION	orroniom!
(1	Street Address and City)
Seller and Buyer amend the contract as follo	ows: (check each applicable box)
\square (1) The Sales Price in Paragraph 3 of the	
B. Sum of financing described in the c	e by Buyer at closing\$s
C. Sales Price (Sum of A and B)	\$
expense, shall complete the followi	nents otherwise required by the contract, Seller, at Seller's ing repairs and treatments: (Notice: Paragraph 7 of the very of documentation, and transfer of warranties of repairs
☐(3) The date in Paragraph 9 of the contra	ect is changed to, 20
	of the contract is changed to \$\square\$ or \$\square\$ or \$\square\$
the Sales Price (check one box only).	
\square (5) The amount in Paragraph 12A(1)(c)[(b)] of the contract is changed to \$
\square (6)[(5)] The cost of lender required repair	irs and treatment, as itemized on the attached list, will be
paid as follows: \$	by Seller; \$ by
Buyer.	
	for an extension of inate the contract on or before 5:00 p.m. on
to the Sales Price.	This additional Option Fee \square will \square will not be credited
	ght to terminate the contract for which the Option Fee was
paid.	
as set forth in the Third Party Finance 20	n notice to Seller that Buyer cannot obtain Buyer Approval cing Addendum is changed to,
\square (10) [(9)] Other Modifications: (Real esta	ate brokers and sales agents are prohibited from practicing law.)
EVECUTED the day of	20 (PROVER, ELL IN THE
DATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE.)	, 20 (BROKER: FILL IN THE
CONSULT AN ATTORNEY BEFORE S agents from giving legal advice. READ TI	IGNING: TREC rules prohibit real estate brokers and sales HIS FORM CAREFULLY.
Buyer	Seller
•	
Buyer	Seller



This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use with similarly approved or promulgated contract forms. Such approval relates to this form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC No. 39-10[9]. This form replaces TREC No. 39-9[8].

PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC) FARM AND RANCH CONTRACT NOTICE: Designed For Use In Sales Of Existing Farms Or Ranches Of Any Size. Not For Use In Complex Trans

11-04-2024 sactions.
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and built-in and corrals.
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ut limitation, uipment and , ceiling fans, and speakers,
and speakers,
ng, plumbing garage door
nent, and all
<i>'</i>
(check boxes s livestock s pressure
s H livestock
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y: window air
dow shades, ol equipment
ol equipment
not fixtures,
vements and software and ardware used
ardware used
ng crops until
by Seller and
ther interests
g of any kind
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1. ļ	P.A	ARTIES: The parties to this contract are
((5	eller) and(Buyer). Seller agrees to buy from Seller the Property defined below.
2. Ì	PF	ROPERTY: The land, improvements, accessories and crops except for the exclusions and servations, are collectively referred to as the Property (Property).
Α	١.	LAND: The land situated in the County (or Counties) of
		Tavas da seila da Gallavas
		Texas, described as follows:
		<u> </u>
		or as described on attached exhibit, also known as
		(address/zip code), together with all rights, privileges, and appurtenances pertaining thereto.
t	В.	IMPROVEMENTS: (1) FARM and RANCH IMPROVEMENTS: The following permanently installed and built-in
		(1) FARM and RANCH IMPROVEMENTS: The following permanently installed and built-in items , if any: windmills, tanks, barns, pens, fences, gates, sheds, outbuildings, and corrals. (2) RESIDENTIAL IMPROVEMENTS: Any houses, garages, and all other fixtures and improvements attached to the above-described real property, including without limitation, the following permanently installed and built-in items , if any: all equipment and appliances values of several symptoms will be reported by installed and built-in items.
		(2) RESIDENTIAL IMPROVEMENTS: Any houses, garages, and all other fixtures and improvements attached to the above-described real property including without limitation
		the following permanently installed and built-in items, if any: all equipment and
		appliances, valances, screens, shutters, awnings, wall-to-wall carpeting, mirrors, ceiling fans, attic fans, mail boxes, television antennas, mounts and brackets for televisions and speakers,
		attic fans, mail boxes, television antennas, mounts and brackets for televisions and speakers, heating and air-conditioning units, security and fire detection equipment, wiring plumbing
		and lighting fixtures, chandeliers, water softener system, kitchen equipment, garage door
		heating and air-conditioning units, security and fire detection equipment, wiring, plumbing and lighting fixtures, chandeliers, water softener system, kitchen equipment, garage door openers, cleaning equipment, shrubbery, landscaping, outdoor cooking equipment, and all other property attached to the above described real property.
C	<u>.</u>	ACCESSORIES:
•	٠.	(1) FARM AND RANCH ACCESSORIES: The following described related accessories: (check hoxes
		of conveyed accessories) \square portable buildings \square hunting blinds \square game feeders \square livestock feeders and troughs \square irrigation equipment \square fuel tanks \square submersible pumps \square pressure tanks \square corrals \square gates \square chutes \square other:
		feeders and troughs \(\sigma\) irrigation equipment \(\sigma\) fuel tanks \(\sigma\) submersible pumps \(\sigma\) pressure
		tanks 🗖 corrals 🗖 gates 🗖 chutes 🗖 other:
		(2) RESIDENTIAL ACCESSORIES: The following described related accessories, if any: window air
		conditioning units, stove, fireplace screens, curtains and rods, blinds, window shades, draperies and rods, door keys, mailbox keys, above ground pool, swimming pool equipment
		and maintenance accessories, artificial fireplace logs, security systems that are not fixtures.
		and controls for: (i) garage doors, (ii) entry gates, and (iii) other improvements and accessories. "Controls" includes Seller's transferable rights to the (i) software and
		accessories. "Controls" includes Seller's transferable rights to the (i) software and applications used to access and control improvements or accessories, and (ii) hardware used
		solely to control improvements or accessories.
	٥.	CROPS: Unless otherwise agreed in writing, Seller has the right to harvest all growing crops until
_	=	delivery of possession of the Property. EVCLUSIONS: The following improvements, accessories, and grops will be retained by Soller and
		EXCLUSIONS: The following improvements, accessories, and crops will be retained by Seller and must be removed prior to delivery of possession:
F	=.	RESERVATIONS: Any reservation for oil, gas, or other minerals, water, timber, or other interests
2 4	c ^	is made in accordance with an attached addendum. ALES PRICE:
	۸.	Cook marting of Color Drive marchle hy Driver at alexing
	٠.	The term "Cash portion of the Sales Price" does not include proceeds from borrowing of any kind
		or selling other real property except as disclosed in this contract.
Е	3.	Sum of all financing described in the attached: \Box Third Party Financing Addendum,
_	_	Loan Assumption Addendum, Seller Financing Addendum \$
-	ζ.	Sales Price (Sum of A and B)
L	J.	If the Sales Price is adjusted, the Sales Price will be adjusted based on the difference between
		acres and the acreage set forth in the survey required by Paragraph 6C. The difference
		in acreage (either increased or decreased) shall be multiplied by the sum of \$ per acre
		and either added to or subtracted from the Sales Price stated in Paragraph 3C. If the Sales Price is adjusted by more than 10%, either party may terminate this contract by providing written
		notice to the other party within days after the terminating party receives the survey.
		If neither party terminates this contract or if the variance is 10% or less, the adjustment
4 1		In notice to the other party within days after the terminating party receives the survey. If neither party terminates this contract or if the variance is 10% or less, the adjustment will be made to the amount in \square 3A \square 3B \square proportionately to 3A and 3B. EASES: Except as disclosed in this contract, Seller is not aware of any leases affecting the
→. [Pro	operty. After the Effective Date, Seller may not, without Buyer's written consent, create a new
ļ	ea	ase, amend any existing lease, or convey any interest in the Property. (Check all applicable
Ł	bo	oxes)
_/	٩.	RESIDENTIAL LEASES: The Property is subject to one or more residential leases and the
		Addendum Regarding Residential Leases is attached to this contract.
itiz	ale	ed for identification by Buyer and Seller TREC NO. 25, 1611

Contract Concerning		Page 2 of 11 <u>11-04-2024</u>
	[11 07 2022] (Address of Property)	
example, solar panels, propa Regarding Fixture Leases is atta	n the Property are subject to one ne tanks, water softener, security ached to this contract.	system) and the Addendum
<u>geothermal,</u> water, or other n <u>party</u> .	"Natural Resource Lease" means an atural resource lease affecting the F	Property to which Seller is a
(2) Seller has not delivered to	er a copy of all the Natural Resource L to Buyer a copy of all the Natural I the Natural Resource Leases within 3 act within days after the da be earnest money shall be refunded to	Resource Leases. Seller shall days after the Effective Date.
(for example, grazing leases, h	ase" means an existing lease for the junting leases, agricultural leases, rec leases). (Check all applicable boxes)	
☐ (1) Seller has delivered to Buye	er a copy of all written Surface Leases.	
(2) Seller provides Buyer with	notice of the following oral Surface Le ental amount, and term:	ase(s), identifying the type of
provide to Buyer a copy of all identifying the type of lease, t after the Effective Date. Buyer Buyer receives all the Surface L	Buyer all Surface Leases (whether the written Surface Leases and noti he name of the tenant(s), rental amo may terminate the contract within leases and the earnest money shall be	ce of all oral Surface Leases, bunt, and term, within 3 days
5. EARNEST MONEY AND TERMIN A. DELIVERY OF EARNEST MONEY must deliver to	AND OPTION FEE. Within 3 days at	fter the Effective Date, Buyer crow Agent) at
(1) Buyer shall deliver additionated days after the Effect (2) If the last day to deliver the on a Saturday, Sunday, or the additional earnest monor of a Saturday, Sunday, or	(Escape (address): \$ as the Option Fee. The earnest mand may be paid separately or combinate earnest money of \$ ive Date of this contract. The earnest money, Option Fee, or the earnest money, the time to deliver the earnest money, is extended until the legal holiday. The receives under this paragraph shall	additional earnest money falls earnest money, Option Fee, or ne end of the next day that is
Fee, then to the earnest mo (4) Buyer authorizes Escrow A without further notice to or	ney, and then to the additional earnes gent to release and deliver the Opti consent from Buyer, and releases E to Seller. The Option Fee will be o	st money. on Fee to Seller at any time scrow Agent from liability for
B. TERMINATION OPTION: For no Buyer's agreement to pay the unrestricted right to terminate days after the Effect paragraph must be given by specified. If Buyer gives notice	minal consideration, the receipt of whe Option Fee within the time requirate this contract by giving notice of tive Date of this contract (Option 5:00 p.m. (local time where the Prope of termination within the time present shall release any Option Fee remover.	red, Seller grants Buyer the of termination to Seller within Period). Notices under this perty is located) by the date cribed: (i) the Option Fee will
C. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER E the time required, Seller ma Paragraph 15, or both, by prov D. FAILURE TO TIMELY DELIVER Buyer fails to deliver the O unrestricted right to terminate	EARNEST MONEY: If Buyer fails to deling terminate this contract or exerciding notice to Buyer before Buyer del OPTION FEE: If no dollar amount is soliton Fee within the time required this contract under this Paragraph 5. The for this paragraph and strict contract.	cise Seller's remedies under ivers the earnest money. stated as the Option Fee or if , Buyer shall not have the
title insurance (Title Policy) issuint the amount of the Sales Priprovisions of the Title Policy, and zoning ordinances) and the (1) The standard printed exception (2) Liens created as part of the	ce, dated at or after closing, insuring subject to the promulgated exclusion following exceptions: tion for standby fees, taxes and asses financing described in Paragraph 3.	(Title Company) Buyer against loss under the instance (including existing building sments.
(3) Reservations or exceptions Buyer in writing. Initialed for identification by Buyer	otherwise permitted by this contrac	
initialed for identification by buyer	and Seller	— TREC NO. 25- <u>16[15]</u>

Contract Concerning	[44,07,2022] (4.1)	Page 3 of 11 <u>11-04-2024</u>
	[11 07 2022] (Address of Property)	
(6) The standard printed except encroachments or protrusion (i) will not be amended or (ii) will be amended to reach	otion as to marital rights. Intion as to waters, tidelands, beaches tion as to discrepancies, conflicts, shown in a coverlapping improvements: deleted from the title policy; or all, "shortages in area" at the expense from regarding minerals approved	rtages in area or boundary lines, of \Box Buyer \Box Seller.
B. COMMITMENT: Within 20 days furnish to Buyer a commitmer copies of restrictive coven. (Exception Documents) other Company to deliver the Commin Paragraph 21. If the Commin Paragraph 21. If the time for the specified time, the time for the Closing Date, which delivered within the time required be refunded to Buyer.	after the Title Company receives a cont for title insurance (Commitment) a sants and documents evidencing exthan the standard printed exception itment and Exception Documents to Enitment and Exception Documents are relivery will be automatically extensively extensive	and, at Buyer's expense, legible acceptions in the Commitment one. Seller authorizes the Title Buyer at Buyer's address shown the not delivered to Buyer within a days or 3 days of Exception Documents are not and the earnest money will
C. SURVEY: The survey must be Title Company and Buyer's lend (1) Within days after the days after the Title Company Seller's expectation properties of the time prescribed, and all the time prescribed prescribed prescribed.	ne Effective Date of this contract, Selecting survey of the Property and amulgated by the Texas Department of the fails to furnish the existing the survey at Selecting in the fidavit or declaration. If the Title Contract, or the affidavit or declaration or declaration of the survey of the survey. Buyer shall obtain a new survey.	ller shall furnish to Buyer and a Residential Real Property of Insurance (T-47 Affidavit or survey or affidavit within eller's expense no later than 3 time prescribed both the: (i) many or Buyer's lender does no list not acceptable to Title
expense no later than 3 da (2) Within days after the survey at Buyer's expense receipt or the date specified survey, Buyer may not the financing Addendum becaute [Addendum becaute] (3) Within days after furnish a new survey to Bute [Addendum becaute] (4) No survey is required. D. OBJECTIONS: Buyer may objusted selections on the survey other than items 6A(1) through the survey of A and Addendum becaute [Addendum becaute] (5) Within days after furnish a new survey to Bute furnish a new survey to Bute furnish a new survey other than items 6A(1) through a days after the survey of the survey other than items 6A(1) through a days after the survey of	ys prior to Closing Date. ne Effective Date of this contract, Bue. Buyer is deemed to receive the din this paragraph, whichever is early terminate the contract under Paragraph the Effective Date of this contract, the Effective Date of this contract.	lyer may [shall] obtain a new survey on the date of actual ier. If Buyer fails to obtain the graph 2B of the Third Party Seller, at Seller's expense shall close, or encumbrances to title or disclosed in the Commitmen Property lying in a special flood nergency Management Agency
copies of the Exception Docum	of (i) the Closing Date or (ii)	exhibit. Matters reflected in the
F. SURFACE LEASES: The following and will not be a basis for objections.	ng Surface Leases will be permitted ection to title:	
nitialed for identification by Buyer	and Seller	TREC NO. 25- <u>16</u> [1 !

[11-07-2022] (Address of Property)

- G. TITLE NOTICES:

 (1) ABSTRACT OR TITLE POLICY: Broker advises Buyer to have an abstract of title covering the Property examined by an attorney of Buyer's selection, or Buyer should be furnished with or obtain a Title Policy. If a Title Policy is furnished, the Commitment should be promptly reviewed by an attorney of Buyer's choice due to the time limitations on Buyer's right to
 - (2) STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS: If the Property is situated in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services, Chapter 49, Texas Water Code, requires Seller to deliver and Buyer to sign the statutory notice relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness, or standby fee of the district prior to final execution of this

contract.

(3) TIDE WATERS: If the Property abuts the tidally influenced waters of the state, §33.135, Texas Natural Resources Code, requires a notice regarding coastal area property to be included in the contract. An addendum containing the notice promulgated by TREC or required by the parties

- Must be used.

 (4) ANNEXATION: If the Property is located outside the limits of a municipality, Seller notifies Buyer under §5.011, Texas Property Code, that the Property may now or later be included in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality and may now or later be subject to annexation by the municipality. Each municipality maintains a map that depicts its boundaries and extraterritorial jurisdiction. To determine if the Property is located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or is likely to be located within a municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information.
- jurisdiction, contact all municipalities located in the general proximity of the Property for further information.

 (5) PROPERTY LOCATED IN A CERTIFICATED SERVICE AREA OF A UTILITY SERVICE PROVIDER: Notice required by §13.257, Water Code: The real property, described in Paragraph 2, that you are about to purchase may be located in a certificated water or sewer service area, which is authorized by law to provide water or sewer service to the properties in the certificated area. If your property is located in a certificated area there may be special costs or charges that you will be required to pay before you can receive water or sewer service. There may be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide water or sewer service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a certificated area and contact the utility service provider to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to provide water or sewer service to your property. The undersigned Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice at or before the execution of a binding contract for the purchase of the real property described in Paragraph 2 or at closing of purchase of the real property.

 (6) PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS: If the Property is in a public improvement district, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by §5.014, Property Code. An addendum containing the required notice shall be attached to this contract.

- the required notice shall be attached to this contract.

 (7) TEXAS AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT: The Property is is not located in a Texas Agricultural Development District. For additional information contact the Texas Department of Agriculture

 (8) TRANSFER FEES: If the Property is subject to a private transfer fee obligation, \$5.205, Property Code, requires Seller to notify Buyer as follows: The private transfer fee obligation may be governed by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code.

 (9) PROPANE GAS SYSTEM SERVICE AREA: If the Property is located in a propane gas system service area owned by a distribution system retailer, Seller must give Buyer written notice as required by \$141,010. Texas Utilities Code. An addendum containing the notice approved by TREC or required by the parties should be used.

 (10) NOTICE OF WATER LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS: If the Property adjoins an impoundment of water, including a reservoir or lake, constructed and maintained under Chapter 11, Water Code, that has a storage capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet at the impoundment's normal operating level, Seller hereby notifies Buyer: "The water level of the impoundment of water adjoining the Property fluctuates for various reasons, including as a result of: (1) an entity lawfully exercising its right to use the water stored in the impoundment; or (2) drought or flood conditions."

 (11) CERTIFICATE OF MOLD REMEDIATION: If the Property has been remediated for mold. Solver.
- (11) CERTIFICATE OF MOLD REMEDIATION: If the Property has been remediated for mold, Seller must provide to Buyer each certificate of mold damage remediation issued under §1958.154, Occupations Code, during the 5 years preceding the sale of the Property.
- (12)[(11)]REQUIRED NOTICES: The following notices have been given or are attached to this contract (for example, utility, water, drainage, and public improvement districts [MUD, WCID, PID notices]):

Seller's failure to provide applicable statutory notices may provide Buyer with remedies or rights to terminate the contract.

7. PROPERTY CONDITION:
A. ACCESS, INSPECTIONS AND UTILITIES: Seller shall permit Buyer and Buyer's agents access to the Property at reasonable times. Buyer may have the Property inspected by inspectors selected by Buyer and licensed by TREC or otherwise permitted by law to make inspections. Any hydrostatic testing must be separately authorized by Seller in writing. Seller at Seller's expense shall immediately cause existing utilities to be turned on and shall keep the utilities on during the time this contract is in effect.
NOTICE: Buyer should determine the availability of utilities to the Property suitable to satisfy Buyer's needs.

Buyer's needs.

B. ŞELLER'S DISCLOSURE NOTIC	E PURSUANT TO §5.0	08, TEXAS PROPERTY C	ODE (Notice):
(Check one box only)	3	,	,
(1) Buyer has received the Not	ice		
1 (2) Buyer has not received the	Notice Within	days after the Effective	e Date of this co

contract. Seller shall deliver the Notice to Buyer. If Buyer does not receive the Notice, Buyer may terminate this contract at any time prior to the closing and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If Seller delivers the Notice, Buyer may terminate this contract for any reason within 7 days after Buyer receives the Notice or prior to the closing, whichever first occurs, and the earnest money

9. CLOSING:

may exercise the remedies contained in Paragraph 15.

B. At closing:

(1) Seller shall execute and deliver a general warranty deed conveying title to the Property to Buyer and showing no additional exceptions to those permitted in Paragraph 6, an assignment of Leases, and furnish tax statements or certificates showing no delinquent taxes

assignment of Leases, and furnish tax statements or certificates showing no delinquent taxes on the Property.

(2) Buyer shall pay the Sales Price in good funds acceptable to the Escrow Agent.

(3) Seller and Buyer shall execute and deliver any notices, statements, certificates, affidavits, releases, loan documents, transfer of any warranties, and other documents reasonably required for the closing of the sale and the issuance of the Title Policy.

(4) There will be no liens, assessments, or security interests against the Property which will not be satisfied out of the sales proceeds unless securing the payment of any loans assumed by Buyer and assumed loans will not be in default.

(5) Private transfer fees (as defined by Chapter 5, Subchapter G of the Texas Property Code) will be the obligation of Seller unless provided otherwise in this contract. Transfer fees assessed by a property owners' association are governed by the Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association.

Mandatory Mémbership in a Property Owners Association.

10. POSSESSION:

A. BUYER'S POSSESSION: Seller shall deliver to Buyer possession of the Property in its present or required condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted: U upon closing and funding U according to a temporary residential lease form promulgated by TREC or other written lease required by the parties. Any possession by Buyer prior to closing or by Seller after closing which is not authorized by a written lease will establish a tenancy at sufferance relationship between the parties. Consult your insurance agent prior to change of ownership and possession because insurance coverage may be limited or terminated. The absence of a written lease or appropriate insurance coverage may expose the parties to economic loss.

B. SMART DEVICES: "Smart Device" means a device that connects to the internet to enable remote use, monitoring, and management of: (i) the Property; (ii) items identified in any Non-Realty Items Addendum; or (iii) items in a Fixture Lease assigned to Buyer. At the time Seller delivers possession of the Property to Buyer, Seller shall:

(1) deliver to Buyer written information containing all access codes, usernames, passwords, and applications Buyer will need to access, operate, manage, and control the Smart Devices; and (2) terminate and remove all access and connections to the improvements and accessories from any of Seller's personal devices including but not limited to phones and computers.

11. SPECIAL PROVISIONS: (This paragraph is intended to be used only for additional informational

11. SPECIAL PROVISIONS: (This paragraph is intended to be used only for additional informational items. An informational item is a statement that completes a blank in a contract form, discloses factual information, or provides instructions. Real estate brokers and sales agents are prohibited from practicing law and shall not add to, delete, or modify any provision of this contract unless drafted by a party to this contract or a party's attorney.)

12. SETTLEMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES:

A. The following expenses must be paid at or prior to closing:

(1) Seller shall pay the following expenses | Expenses payable by Seller | (Seller's Expenses):

(a) releases | Refeses | of existing liens, including prepayment penalties and recording fees; release of Seller's loan liability; tax statements or certificates; preparation of deed; one-half of escrow fee; brokerage fees that Seller has agreed to pay; and other expenses payable by Seller under this contract; |-|

(b) the following amount to be applied to brokerage fees that Buyer has agreed to pay:

or % of the Sales Price (check one box only); and

(c) Seller shall also pay an | an amount not to exceed \$ to be applied [in the following order: Buyer's Expenses which Buyer is prohibited from paying by FHA, VA, Texas Veterans Land Board or other governmental loan programs, and then] to other Buyer's Expenses | as allowed by the lender |

(2) Buyer shall pay the following expenses | Expenses payable by Buyer | (Buyer's Expenses) Appraisal fees; loan application fees; origination charges; credit reports; preparation of loan documents; interest on the notes from date of disbursement to one month prior to dates of first monthly payments; recording fees; copies of easements and restrictions; loan title policy with endorsements required by lender; loan-related inspection fees; photos; amortization schedules; one-half of escrow fee; all prepaid items, including required premiums for flood and hazard insurance, reserve deposits for insurance, ad valorem taxes and special governmental assessments; final compliance inspection; courier fee; repair inspection; underwriting fee; wire transfer fee; expenses incident to any loan; Private Mortgage Insurance Premium (PMI), VA Loan Funding Fee, or FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium (MIP) as required by the lender; brokerage fees that Buyer has agreed to pay; and other expenses payable by Buyer under this contract.

13. PRORATIONS AND ROLLBACK TAXES:

A. PRORATIONS: Taxes for the current year, interest, rents, and regular periodic maintenance fees, assessments, and dues (including prepaid items) will be prorated through the Closing Date. The tax proration may be calculated taking into consideration any change in exemptions that will affect the current year's taxes. If taxes for the current year vary from the amount prorated at [11 07 2022] (Address of Property)

closing, the parties shall adjust the prorations when tax statements for the current year are available. If taxes are not paid at or prior to closing, Buyer shall pay taxes for the current year. Rentals which are unknown at time of closing will be prorated between Buyer and Seller when they become known.

- B. ROLLBACK TAXES: If this sale or Buyer's use of the Property after closing results in the assessment of additional taxes, penalties or interest (Assessments) for periods prior to closing, the Assessments will be the obligation of Buyer. If Assessments are imposed because of Seller's use or change in use of the Property prior to closing, the Assessments will be the obligation of Seller. Obligations imposed by this paragraph will survive closing.
- 14. CASUALTY LOSS: If any part of the Property is damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty after the Effective Date of this contract, Seller shall restore the Property to its previous condition as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event by the Closing Date. If Seller fails to do so due to factors beyond Seller's control, Buyer may (a) terminate this control the control of the Property (b) out to the property of the Property (b) out to the property of the property of the Property (c) out to the property of the Property (b) out to the property of the Property (c) out to the property of the Property (c) out to the property of the Property (c) out to the property of the be refunded to Buyer, (b) extend the time for performance up to 15 days and the Closing Date will be extended as necessary or (c) accept the Property in its damaged condition with an assignment of insurance proceeds, if permitted by Seller's insurance carrier, and receive credit from Seller at closing in the amount of the deductible under the insurance policy. Seller's obligations under this paragraph are independent of any other obligations of Seller under this contract.
- 15. DEFAULT: If Buyer fails to comply with this contract, Buyer will be in default, and Seller may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money as liquidated damages, thereby releasing both parties from this contract. If Seller fails to comply with this contract for any other reason, Seller will be in default and Buyer may (a) enforce specific performance, seek such other relief as may be provided by law, or both, or (b) terminate this contract and receive the earnest money, thereby releasing both parties from this contract.
- **16. MEDIATION:** It is the policy of the State of Texas to encourage resolution of disputes through alternative dispute resolution procedures such as mediation. Any dispute between Seller and Buyer related to this contract which is not resolved through informal discussion will be submitted to a mutually acceptable mediation service or provider. The parties to the mediation shall bear the mediation costs equally. This paragraph does not preclude a party from seeking equitable relief from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 17. ATTORNEY'S FEES: A Buyer, Seller, Listing Broker, Other Broker, or Escrow Agent who prevails in any legal proceeding related to this contract is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and all costs of such proceeding.

18. ESCROW:

- A. ESCROW: The Escrow Agent is not (i) a party to this contract and does not have liability for the performance of any party to this contract, (ii) liable for interest on the earnest money and (iii) liable for the loss of any earnest money caused by the failure of any financial institution in which the earnest money has been deposited unless the financial institution is acting as Escrow Agent. Escrow Agent may require any disbursement made in connection with this contract to be conditioned on Escrow Agent's collection of good funds acceptable to Escrow Agent.
- B. EXPENSES: At closing, the earnest money must be applied first to any cash down payment, then to Buyer's Expenses and any excess refunded to Buyer. If no closing occurs, Escrow Agent may: (i) require a written release of liability of the Escrow Agent from all parties before releasing any earnest money; and (ii) require payment of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of a party. Escrow Agent may deduct authorized expenses from the earnest money payable to a party. "Authorized expenses" means expenses incurred by Escrow Agent on behalf of the party entitled to the earnest money that were authorized by this contract or that party.
- C. DEMAND: Upon termination of this contract, either party or the Escrow Agent may send a release of earnest money to each party and the parties shall execute counterparts of the release and deliver same to the Escrow Agent. If either party fails to execute the release, either party may make a written demand to the Escrow Agent for the earnest money. If only one party makes written demand for the earnest money, Escrow Agent shall promptly provide a copy of the demand to the other party. If Escrow Agent does not receive written objection to the demand from the other party within 15 days, Escrow Agent may disburse the earnest money to the party making demand reduced by the amount of unpaid expenses incurred on behalf of the party receiving the earnest money and Escrow Agent may pay the same to the creditors. If Escrow Agent complies with the provisions of this paragraph, each party hereby releases Escrow Agent from all adverse claims related to the disbursal of the earnest money.
- D. DAMAGES: Any party who wrongfully fails or refuses to sign a release acceptable to the Escrow Agent within 7 days of receipt of the request will be liable to the other party for (i) damages; (ii) the earnest money; (iii) reasonable attorney's fees; and (iv) all costs of suit.
- E. NOTICES: Escrow Agent's notices will be effective when sent in compliance with Paragraph 21. Notice of objection to the demand will be deemed effective upon receipt by Escrow Agent.

Initialed for identification by Buyer	and Seller	- TREC NO. 25- <u>16</u> [15]
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	[11 07 2022] (A	ddress of P	roperty)
19.	REPRESENTATIONS: All covenants, represent If any representation of Seller in this contract is Unless expressly prohibited by written agreem receive, negotiate and accept back up offers.	s untrue o	on the Closing Date, Seller will be in default
	A. If Seller is a "foreign person," as defined Seller fails to deliver an affidavit or a certificat "foreign person," then Buyer shall withhold from with applicable tax law and deliver the sam appropriate tax forms. Internal Revenue Service in excess of specified amounts is received in the B. The Agriculture Foreign Investment Disclosur who acquires, disposes of, or holds an interest transactions and holdings to the Secretary of Agram Service Agency (FSA) Service Center whe date of the transaction. Failure to report is subjected and the land on the date the penalty is assesible to, hand-delivered at, or transmitted by fax or the service and the service and the other transaction.	te of non- m the sal me to the e regulati e transact re Act (Af in United riculture. re the lar ect to civi ssed. Cor mer must	es proceeds an amount sufficient to comply a Internal Revenue Service together with ons require filing written reports if currency ion. FIDA) of 1978 requires that a foreign persor I States agricultural land must disclose such Foreign persons must file an FSA-153 in the add is physically located within 90 days of the I penalty up to 25 percent of the fair marken sult an attorney or tax professional.
	To Buyer at:	To Se	eller at:
	Phone: ()	Phon	e: <u>(</u>)
	E-mail/Fax:	E-ma	il/Fax:
	E-mail/Fax: With a copy to Buyer's agent at:		il/Fax: a copy to Seller's agent at:
22.	AGREEMENT OF PARTIES: This contract of cannot be changed except by their written agree are (check all applicable boxes):	eement.	Addenda which are a part of this contract
	□ Third Party Financing Addendum□ Seller Financing Addendum		Environmental Assessment, Threatened or Endangered Species and Wetlands Addendum
	Addendum for Property Subject to Mandatory Membership in a Property Owners Association		Seller's Temporary Residential Lease Short Sale Addendum
	☐ Buyer's Temporary Residential Lease☐ Loan Assumption Addendum		Addendum for Property Located Seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway
	Addendum for Sale of Other Property by Buyer	Ц	Addendum for Seller's Disclosure of Information on Lead-based Paint and Lead-based Paint Hazards as Required by Federal Law
	Addendum for "Back-Up" ContractAddendum for Coastal Area Property		Addendum for Property in a Propane Gas System Service Area
	Addendum for Authorizing Hydrostatic Testing		Addendum Regarding Residential Leases
	Addendum Concerning Right to Terminate Due to Lender's Appraisal		Addendum Regarding Fixture Leases Addendum for Section 1031 Exchange
	Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas and Other Minerals		Other (list):
	Addendum containing Notice of Obligation to Pay Improvement District Assessment		

ntract Concernir	ng	[11 07 2022] (Addre	ess of Property)		Page 9 of 11	11-04-202
consult agents from	AN ATTORNEY BEF giving legal advice.	ORE SIGNING: READ THIS CONT	TREC rules pi RACT CAREFL	rohibit real (JLLY.	estate brokers	and sales
Buyer's Attorney is:			Seller's Attorney is:			
Phone:	()		Phone:	()		
Fax:	()		Fax:	()		
E-mail:			E-mail:			
EXECUTED (BROKER:	theday of FILL IN THE DATE (OF FINAL ACCEP	TANCF.)	, 20	(Effective	e Date).
Ruyor		5				
Buyer		S	eller			



The form of this contract has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC NO. 25-16[15]. This form replaces TREC NO. 25-15[14].

		(Address of Property)	
Listing Broker has agreed to pay Oth	ner Broker	ION OF FEE of	the total Sales
Price when Listing Broker's fee is red Listing Broker's fee at closing.	ceived. Escrow Age	nt is authorized and directed to pay Oth	er Broker from
Other Broker:		Listing Broker:	
BROKER INFORMATION		By:	
BROKER INI OKHATI	ON AND AGREEM		
Other Broker	License No.	Listing or Principal Broker	License No.
Associate's Name	License No.	Listing Associate's Name	License No.
Team Name		Team Name	
Associate's Email Address	Phone	Listing Associate's Email Address	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Associate	License No.	Licensed Supervisor of Listing Associate	License No.
Other Broker's Office Address	Phone	Listing Broker's Office Address	Phone
City State	Zip	City State	Zip
represents Buyer only as Buyer's ag Seller as Listing Broker's	ent subagent	Selling Associate	License No.
		Team Name	
		Selling Associate's Email Address	Phone
		Licensed Supervisor of Selling Associate	License No.
		Selling Associate's Office Address	
		City State	Zip
agreement is attached: (a) Seller or% of the total Sales P	■ Buyer will pay Lis Price; and (b) □Se f the total Sales Pr	represents Seller only Buyer only Seller and Buyer as a roperty described in the contract to w ting/Principal Broker a cash fee of \$ eller Buyer will pay Other Broker ice. Seller/Buyer authorizes and directs	which this fee a cash fee of
DO NOT SIGN IF THERE IS A SEPA	RATE AGREEMENT naring of fees betw	FOR PAYMENT OF BROKERS FEES. Brokeen brokers are not fixed, controlled, remission.	
Seller		Buyer	
Seller		Buyer	

Contract Concerning _____

_____Page 10 of 11 <u>11-04-</u>

Contract Concerning _		Page 11 of 11	11-04
•	2024 [11 07 2022] (Address of Property)		

	OPTION FEE RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	(Option Fee) in the form of	
J		
Escrow Agent		Date
	EARNEST MONEY RECEIPT	
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	Earnest Money in the form of	
Escrow Agent	Received by Email Address	Date/Time
Address		Phone
City	State Zip	Fax
	CONTRACT RECEIPT	
Receipt of the Contract is	acknowledged.	
Escrow Agent	Received by Email Address	Date
Address		Phone
City	State Zip	Fax
	ADDITIONAL EARNEST MONEY RECE	IPT
Receipt of \$is acknowledged.	additional Earnest Money in the form	of
is acknowledged.		
Escrow Agent	Received by Email Address	Date/Time
Address		Phone
City	State Zip	Fax





CONDOMINIUM RESALE CERTIFICATE



(Section 82.157, Texas Property Code)

Condominium Certificate concerning Condominium Unit, in Building, of
County of, Texas, on behalf of the condominium owners' association
(the Association) by the Association's governing body (the Board).
A. The Declaration \(\squadoes \) does not contain a right of first refusal or other restraint that restrict the right to transfer the Unit. If a right of first refusal or other restraint exists, see Sectionof the Declaration.
B. The periodic common expense assessment for the Unit is \$ per
C. There □ is □is not a common expense or special assessment due and unpaid by the Seller to the Association. The total unpaid amount is \$ and is for
D. Other amounts □are □are not payable by Seller to the Association. The total unpaid amount \$ and is for
E. Capital expenditures approved by the Association for the next 12 months are \$
F. Reserves for capital expenditures are \$; of this amount \$ has been designated for
G. The current operating budget and balance sheet of the Association is attached.
H. The amount of unsatisfied judgments against the Association is \$
I. There \square are not any suits pending against the Association. The nature of the suits
J. The Association □does □does not provide insurance coverage for the benefit of unit owners as p the attached summary from the Association's insurance agent.
K. The Board Thas That no knowledge that any [of] alterations or improvements to the Unit or to the limited common elements assigned to that [the] Unit [or any portion of the project that] violate [approvision of] the Declaration, by-laws, or [rules of the] Association rules. Known violations are:
L. The Board has has not received notice from a governmental authority concerning violatio of health or building codes with respect to the Unit, the limited common elements assigned to the Unit, or any other portion of the condominium [project]. Notices received are:
M. The remaining term of any leasehold estate that affects the condominium is and the provisions governing an extension or a renewal of the lease are:
N. The Association's managing agent is(Name of Agent)
(Mailing Address)
(Phone) (Fax)
(E-mail Address)



Name:

Date:

E-mail:

Title:

Mailing Address:

This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use with similarly approved or promulgated contract forms. Such approval relates to this form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not suitable for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC No. 32-5[4]. This form replaces TREC No. 32-4[3].



PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC)



THIRD PARTY FINANCING ADDENDUM

TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

(Street Address and City)
 TYPE OF FINANCING AND DUTY TO APPLY AND OBTAIN APPROVAL: Buyer shall apply promptly for all financing described below and make every reasonable effort to obtain approval for the financing, including but not limited to furnishing all information and documents required by Buyer's lender. (Check applicable boxes): A. CONVENTIONAL FINANCING:
(1) A first mortgage loan in the principal amount of \$ (excluding any financed PMI premium), due in full in year(s), with interest not to exceed% per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed% of the loan.
(excluding any financed PMI premium), due in full in year(s), with interest not to exceed% per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed % of the loan.
B. TEXAS VETERANS LOAN: A loan(s) from the Texas Veterans Land Board of \$ for a period in the total amount of years at the interest rate established by the Texas Veterans Land Board.
C. FHA INSURED FINANCING: A Section FHA insured loan of not less than \$ (excluding any financed MIP), amortizable monthly for not less than years, with interest not to exceed % per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed % of the loan.
D. VA GUARANTEED FINANCING: A VA guaranteed loan of not less than \$ (excluding any financed Funding Fee), amortizable monthly for not less than years, with interest not to exceed % per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed % of the loan.
E. USDA GUARANTEED FINANCING: A USDA-guaranteed loan of not less than \$ years, (excluding any financed Funding Fee), amortizable monthly for not less than years, with interest not to exceed% per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed% of the loan.
□ F. REVERSE MORTGAGE FINANCING: A reverse mortgage loan (also known as a Home Equity Conversion Mortgage loan) in the original principal amount of \$ (excluding any financed PMI premium or other costs), with interest not to exceed% per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges as shown on Buyer's Loan Estimate for the loan not to exceed% of the loan. The reverse mortgage loan □will □ will not be an FHA insured loan.
G. OTHER FINANCING: A loan not of a type described above from year(s), with interest not to exceed% per annum for the first year(s) of the loan with Origination Charges not to exceed% of the loan. Buyer □ does □ does not waive all rights to terminate the contract under Paragraph 2B of this addendum for the loan described in this paragraph.
 APPROVAL OF FINANCING: Approval for the financing described above will be deemed to have been obtained when Buyer Approval and Property Approval are obtained. Time is of the essence for this paragraph and strict compliance with the time for performance is required.

Initialed for identification by Buyer____ and Seller____

arty Financing Addendum Concerning	- <u>04-2024[10-07-202</u> Page 2 of
(Address of Property)	
BUYER APPROVAL (Check one box only):	
This contract is subject to Buyer obtaining Buyer Approval. If Buyer cannot of Approval, Buyer may terminate this contract [give written notice within days after the Effective Date [effective date] of the [this] contract Seller: (i) notice of termination; and (ii) a copy of a written statement from setting forth the reason(s) for lender's determination. If Buyer terminates under this provision, [and] this contract will terminate and the earnest more refunded to Buyer. If Buyer does not terminate the contract under Paragra provision], the contract shall no longer be subject to the Buyer obtaining Buyer Approval will be deemed to have been obtained when (i) the terms of described above are available and (ii) lender determines that Buyer has sa lender's requirements related to Buyer's assets, income and credit history. This contract is not subject to Buyer obtaining Buyer Approval. ROPERTY APPROVAL: If Buyer's lender determines that the Property does ender's underwriting requirements for the loan (including but not limited to insurability, and lender required repairs) Buyer[7] may [not] terminate this company on or before the 3rd day before the Closing Date [may terminate the property of a written statement aragraph, the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If Buyer does not terminate paragraph, Property Approval is deemed to have been obtained.	to Seller act by giving the lender the contract oney will be aph 2A [this er Approval. f the loan(s) tisfied all of not satisfy o appraisal, ntract [later his contract] ent from the es under this
CURITY : If required by Buyer's lender, each note for the financing described secured by vendor's and deed of trust liens.	above must
A/VA REQUIRED PROVISION: If the financing described above involves FH/financing, it is expressly agreed that, notwithstanding any other provision of the purchaser (Buyer) shall not be obligated to complete the purchase of the cribed herein or to incur any penalty by forfeiture of earnest money deposits our unless the Buyer has been given in accordance with HUD/FHA or VA requirement ement issued by the Federal Housing Commissioner, Department of Veterans or (ii) if the contract purchase price or cost exceeds the or (iii) if the contract purchase price or cost exceeds the innation requirement [requirements] in Paragraph 2B [2.B.] does not appraised. The Buyer shall have the privilege and option of proceeding with consummant on tract without regard to the amount of the appraised valuation or the reasonstablished by the Department of Veterans Affairs. FHA financing is involved, the appraised valuation is arrived at to determine the nortgage the Department of Housing and Urban Development will insure. He warrant the value or the condition of the Property. The Buyer should satisfy him that the price and the condition of the Property are acceptable. FVA financing is involved and if Buyer elects to complete the purchase at an excess of the reasonable value established by the VA, Buyer shall pay such excess ash from a source which Buyer agrees to disclose to the VA and which Buyer report to be from borrowed funds except as approved by VA. If VA reasonable value and the sale will be closed at the lower Sales roportionate adjustments to the down payment and the loan amount.	his contract, he Property r otherwise: nts a written Affairs, or a not less than e reasonable ay notice of oply to this ention of the onable value he maximum JD does not mself/herself a amount in the presents will
THORIZATION TO RELEASE INFORMATION:	resentatives
buyer authorizes Buyer's lender to furnish to Seller or Buyer or their reportermation relating to the status of the approval for the financing. Seller and Buyer authorize Buyer's lender, title company, and Escrow Agent to currish a copy of the closing disclosures and settlement statements to the parties rokers and sales agents provided under Broker Information.	disclose and s' respective

Buyer Seller

Seller Buyer



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TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

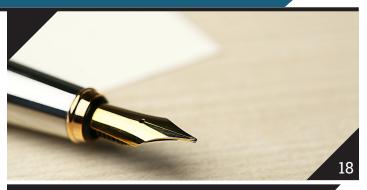
Edition 11 2024-2025

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Learning Objectives

After this chapter, you will be able to

- ✓ Define the three Canons of Professional Ethics and Canons under Chapter 531 of the TREC rules.
- ✓ Explain how types of agency relationships are created in Texas.
- ✓ Summarize how license holder-tolicense holder communications about commissions can be a violation of antitrust laws.

Chapter 531 Canons of Professional Ethics and Conduct: An Overview

Section 531.2, Fidelity

A license holder, while acting as an agent for another, is a fiduciary. Special obligations are imposed when such fiduciary relationships are created. They demand that the duty of a license holder is to

- Represent the interests of the clients, with this position clear to all parties in a real estate transaction.
- Treat other parties to a transaction fairly.
- Be faithful and observant to trust placed in the license holder.
- Be scrupulous and meticulous in performing the license holder's functions.
- Place no personal interest above that of the client.

Section 531.3, Integrity

A license holder has a special obligation to exercise integrity in the discharge of the license holder's responsibilities, including employment of prudence and caution so as to avoid misrepresentation, in any way, by acts of commission or omission.

Section 531.4, Competency

It is the obligation of a license holder to be knowledgeable and competent as a real estate brokerage practitioner. The license holder must

- Be informed on local market issues and conditions affecting real estate in the geographic area where a license holder provides services to a client
- Be informed on national, state, and local issues and developments in the real estate industry
- Exercise judgment and skill in the performance of brokerage activities
- Be educated in the characteristics involved in the specific type of real estate being brokered for others.



ကြွဲထွဲ Activity



Now that we have reviewed fidelity, integrity, and competency, let's put these principles into action. What follows are exercises that further examine these Canons of Professional Ethics and Conduct.

Fidelity - Pushy Poppy

Overheard by a broker while walking down the hall in the office.

Poppy, a sales agent, is talking to her seller client on the phone.

"Yes, we established the value of your home on Saturday afternoon, when I was there sitting with you at your kitchen table. This offer is the best one yet and you should sign it right now. There is no need to negotiate; this is more than you are asking. You know this is the right thing to do, so go ahead and sign and initial and get that right back to me, so we can move this deal along. I have spent too much time on this already."



- What would you do if you were the broker?
- What might you say to Poppy?
- · What did Poppy say that she shouldn't have?

Notes			

Integrity - Three Scenarios

Read the following scenarios and answer the discussion questions.

Scenario 1: A Tale of Time Management

Sales agent Austin had too many tasks and not enough time. As he rushed to wrap up one appointment for a showing at 2 p.m., he came up with an idea he thought would save time. Austin called his best friend Oscar, who works for a ride-hailing company. "If I pay you for the time," Austin said, "Would you take my phone to unlock a lockbox, take the key out, and hand it to my client who will be at the home at 2 p.m.? Feel free to leave after handing over the key." Oscar agreed.

Although the seller wasn't at home, her video doorbell alerted her to a man who came to the front door, opened the lockbox, and handed the key to two unknown people who were Austin's clients. His clients used the key

to open the door and walked inside the house. The man who opened the lockbox left after handing over the key. Indoor cameras showed the clients looking around the house, opening doors and kitchen drawers, and generally giving the house the once over. Nothing appeared to be damaged or taken, but the seller felt violated. She called Austin's broker and asked how this could have happened.

Smile, You're on Screen!

License holders should conduct themselves as if they are always on camera, and not just because of smart home devices or social media apps. License holders are expected to conduct themselves with fidelity, integrity, and competency whether cameras are rolling.



Motes

- Did Austin act with integrity?
- What potential consequences could Austin face?
- What should Austin do differently in this scenario?

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Scenario 2: A Place for Aunt Alice

Joanne is a broker and does property management. She has family coming to town for a family reunion, including her Aunt Alice, who has cancer. Joanne knows Aunt Alice is trying to avoid hotels and other public places so she doesn't get sick.

As it turns out, Joanne's client Fran is a cancer survivor, and Fran's home is getting some minor repairs before being put back on the market to lease. Joanne figures since Fran's home is not being listed right now and Fran has sympathy for Aunt Alice's condition that it would be OK for Aunt Alice to stay at Fran's house for the family reunion for just two nights.

Fran decides to visit the property to see the repair progress and finds Aunt Alice staying at the house. Fran calls Joanne upset and asking for an explanation.



- Did Joanne act in the best interest of her client?
- Is this a situation that could result in discipline?
- What could she have done differently to have avoided this situation?

Notes			

Scenario 3: A Brilliant Marketing Idea or a Massive Mistake?

Mitchell is a sales agent with Apple Tree Real Estate and needs to drum up some leads. Mitchell decides to put one of his for sale signs in his own front yard as a form of advertising his business. Even though he isn't planning to sell his house, there are tons of similar properties—even in the same neighborhood—that someone interested in his house would love. People change their minds about selling their house all the time, so he doesn't see any harm in using his own yard as a marketing tool for a little while.



- Is this a legitimate way for Mitchell to gain leads?
- What potential disciplinary action could Mitchell face?
- · What should Mitchell do instead?

Notes			

Competency - A Story and a Skit

₹Õ⋛∰ Activity

Use role playing by asking or assigning class participants to the roles of the Narrator, Dolly, and Eileen, and then answer the discussion question together.

Narrator: Dolly Boyd, a sales agent, grew up in Beaumont. She moved away to Lubbock as soon as she could to attend Texas Tech University. While there, Dolly got her real estate sales agent license and did leasing for Texas Tech students.

Dolly did quite well. When she graduated from Texas Tech in 2014, she moved to Shallowater, Texas, (not far from Lubbock) where she joined her mother-in-law Eileen Boyd at Boyd Properties. She has been very successful in the area selling homes and land.

Recently, Dolly's cousin Loretta Stepp called her because she wants to buy a home in Beaumont and wants Dolly to represent her. Loretta hasn't decided if she wants to buy a resale or a new home.

Dolly really wants to help her cousin but does not know what to do. Although she has been back to Beaumont every year for the holidays, there has been lots of growth since she left Beaumont.

Finally, Dolly decides to talk to Eileen and see what Eileen thinks about Dolly representing someone for a purchase in Beaumont.

Here is what ensued ...

Dolly: "Hey Eileen, my cousin, Loretta ... you remember Loretta, don't cha? She was at the wedding when Beau and I got married and she comes to Thanksgiving, too. You've seen her there several times."

Eileen: "Yes, I remember Loretta and her long black hair. What's up with her?"

Dolly: "Well, she wants to buy a house and wants me to represent her."

Eileen: "Oh MY, she is moving to Shallowater? I had no idea she wanted to move up here."

Dolly: "No, no, no she wants to buy a house in Beaumont."

Eileen: "BEAUMONT?!"

Dolly: "Yes, ma'am!"

Eileen: "Dolly, we need to talk about this and think this through. Is she wanting a resale or a new home?"

Dolly: "She doesn't know yet, but I think it will be a pretty good sale."

Eileen: "Dolly, that is an entirely different MLS from what we participate in, how will you gain access to these properties?"

Dolly: "Well, I hadn't thought about that. But I can stay with my Mama when I go down there."

Eileen: "Dolly, does Loretta have any special requests for a home she might be interested in?"

Dolly: "Oh yes, she wants backyard chickens and to have a guest house for me and Beau to stay in when we come down."

Eileen: "Where will you research whether that will be allowed in the area? Do you know about their homeowner's associations? And have you ever researched city ordinances, like when you were doing leasing in Lubbock? Did you ever have to figure out if a tenant had a special request, and find out whether that could be done in the apartment complex?"

Dolly: "No, I just took them to the apartment people, and they gave them the information

the folks needed, and here, I always have you to ask."

Eileen: "Do parts of Beaumont ever flood, and has that changed since you left there almost 20 years ago?"

Dolly: "Well, Loretta should know about flooding."

Eileen: "If we are going to represent someone, we have to know everything we can about the area where we are selling properties. We have to know about flooding, not just the client."

Dolly: "Well, it won't be 'we,' it will be 'me."

Eileen: "Dolly, Dolly! You know I am responsible for all the brokerage acts you perform that I have authorized. If I let you do this, that will be me authorizing this representation, and I will ultimately be responsible if something goes wrong."

Dolly: "Gee, whiz!"



Discussion Questions

• What should Eileen tell Dolly?

Notes		

All About Agency Relationships

An agency relationship is a fiduciary relationship between two parties and based on trust. In a fiduciary relationship, license holders have a duty to work in the best interest of their client and above any personal interest—but not above the law.

In Texas, real estate license holders represent parties in a real estate transaction, such as a buyer, seller, landlord, or tenant.

Texas does not have the practice of transactional brokerage nor non-representational brokerage, though some states do.

Implied Agency



Express Agency



How Is an Agency Relationship Created?

The *Information About Brokerage Services* (IABS) form tells consumers that they should create an agency relationship in writing using listing agreements, buyer/tenant agreements, and property management agreements. These are called express agreements. An oral agreement is also an express agreement, so an agency relationship may be created orally.

However, sometimes agency isn't created through an express agreement but is implied because of someone's actions or words. This could occur when a party believes an agent represents her because of what the agent has said or acts an agent has performed for her.

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Activity

Ask or assign class participants to the roles of the Narrator, Patricia, and Carlos, and then answer discussion questions together.

Narrator: Carlos is a buyer who called Patricia after seeing her for sale sign in the yard of one of her listings. Patricia and Carlos have had several conversations over the phone and via email about the property. Since Patricia will be holding an open house at the home in the morning, she tells Carlos to come by then and she will show him the property.

Patricia: So, what do you think of the home, Carlos? Isn't it everything I told you it would be?

Carlos: I love it! Thanks for everything, Patricia! You've been a great help. You've answered all my questions and given me options about what I should do. I don't know what I could've done without you. So, what do I need to do next?

Patricia: Let's look at some numbers, you know, comps in the area. I'll get you the disclosures and then we can put our heads together to make an offer that will get your goals met. I'm just about to close up the open house, so why don't we meet back at my office in an hour and get started right away?

Carlos: That sounds great! I'll see you in an hour.

A I

- Who does Patricia represent?
- What may Patricia have done or said that would make Carlos believe she represents him?
- What potential issues could Patricia have based on this scenario?

Notes	

Tips for Agency Relationships

Although not required by law nor promulgated by TREC, many brokerages have representation agreements clients sign that clarify the agency relationship. These agreements are between a broker and a client, not a sales agent and a client.

It may be a good practice for brokers who use these agreements to regularly review and explain them to their sponsored agents and detail how you want the forms completed.

Importantly, a broker cannot sue for a commission unless there is a written agreement signed by the party responsible to pay the commission.

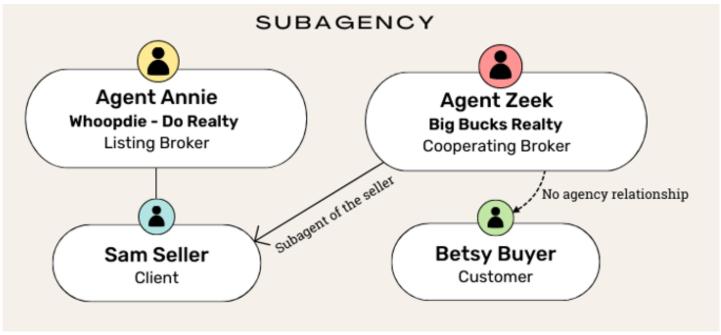
In addition to walking through these types of agreements, brokers can train agents using scripts, role playing, or dialogues to discuss how to create agency with a potential buyer, seller, landlord, or tenant.

Subagency

A broker who sells the listing of another broker is called the cooperating broker. The cooperating broker typically represents the buyer—hopefully through a written agreement—who is purchasing the listing.

If the cooperating broker hasn't established an agency relationship with the buyer, and without any objection from the listing broker, the cooperating broker would become the subagent of the seller.

This means the cooperating broker, although working with the buyer, would not actually represent the buyer. Instead, the buyer would be a customer. The broker would still need to treat the buyer fairly and honestly, however.



Confusing? Imagine being the buyer in this situation. The cooperating broker needs to clearly disclose the relationship to the buyer.

In a subagency situation, the cooperating broker's loyalty would be to the seller. Aside from what would be protected by law, all information the cooperating broker learned from the buyer would be disclosed to the seller client. In this situation, buyers need to be careful about what information they provide to the cooperating broker about negotiations.

The possibility of subagency may be a conversation a listing agent would have with the seller at the listing table. A broker may have a policy as to whether the broker will allow an agent to act as a subagent or whether the broker will accept an offer of subagency from a cooperating broker.



- What is the advantage for a cooperating broker to create a subagency relationship with a seller instead of an agency relationship with a buyer?
- List possible problems a cooperating broker may have in a subagency relationship with a seller.
- What benefits would the buyer receive by creating an agency relationship with the cooperating broker?
- In your opinion, when would be the best time for the broker to establish an agency relationship with a buyer?
- What disadvantages could there be for a seller if the listing broker rejects an offer of subagency from a cooperating broker?

Notes			

A Buyer Avoiding Commitment

Bethany is an experienced buyer's agent. Keiko is interested in purchasing a property. Bethany and Keiko have been communicating on and off over the last four months, and while she likes working with Bethany, Keiko doesn't want to commit to an agency relationship—not even orally. This week Bethany showed Keiko a new property and Keiko has decided it is the one! Keiko is ready to make an offer and wants to move quickly.



- Once Keiko says she is ready to make an offer, what should Bethany explain to Keiko about agency relationships?
- What does Bethany need to tell the listing broker about her relationship with Keiko?

Notes	

Be Cautious About Commission Conversations

The first antitrust legislation, called the Sherman Act, was passed in 1890. It is not named for Sherman, Texas, but for Senator John Sherman, the law's principal author. This law is still relevant to the real estate industry.

So, how is a law from the 1800s relevant in 2024? If a license holder is having lunch with some real estate friends from several brokerages, a conversation about how much you all should "charge" for a listing is not appropriate. In fact, it would violate federal antitrust laws. A conversation, email, or text of that nature should never occur.

Every time you attend a meeting or a social event with license holders from other companies, you are halfway to the definition of a violation of antitrust. Why? You are a "group of competitors." If you begin to discuss commission rates or why one should not show a license holder or a company's listing, you will have traveled the rest of the way to an antitrust violation.

Avoid Trouble With Antitrust Laws

Imagine you are at that luncheon with a group of competitors, and someone begins a conversation about commissions their company charges and asks what everyone else's broker requires. Or someone says, "Don't do business with Jean-Luc Picard!"

You need to do something to make it known and remembered that you cannot participate in this conversation.

Consider slapping the table hard with a big noise, announce the time, tell everyone you are leaving, and this conversation could violate antitrust laws. No one will forget what you did and said.

Does this sound like an exaggeration? It's not. If an antitrust complaint is filed, this will be your defense. It is very likely your friends will be glad that you took action to remind them of antitrust.

There is No Such Thing as A "Standard Commission"

There is no such thing as a "standard commission" for all license holders. TREC does not set nor recommend nor suggest what brokers can charge for their services.

All license holders should remove the words "standard commission" from your language, your marketing, your conversation, and your mind. The compensation a broker receives is an agreement between the broker and the consumer and is no one else's business.

NAR members can learn more here: nar.realtor/competition-in-real-estate

But My Broker Sets Our Rates?

A broker can set commission rates for their company in their policies and procedures. These policies should be clear and specific with explanations and perhaps, examples.

A broker might have policies on fees based on the sales or lease price, or property type, or any other criteria the broker chooses to use. A broker might set the fee for their brokerage and let the landlord or seller select the cooperative fee for the buyer or tenant's broker.

The policy should cover referral agreements and fees. Training and scripts for how to discuss fees with clients and customers could also be valuable to license holders. There should be clarity in policy about when and if the broker's fee schedule can be changed and how it could be changed. Check with your broker about fees in order to be compliant with your broker's policy.

Chapter 2 TREC Disclosures



- 19 Explaining the *Information About Brokerage Services* Form
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- 26 Explaining the Consumer Protection Notice
- 28 Who TREC Regulates
 How to File a Complaint
 Real Estate Trust Account
 TREC's Contact Information
- 29 Criminal Disclosure
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Learning Objectives

After this chapter, you will be able to

- ✓ Understand the specific information contained in each section of the of the IABS.
- Explain the mechanisms for acceptable delivery and posting of the Consumer Protection Notice.
- ✓ Given a criminal incident, assess if or when a license holder must disclose it as part of their criminal history.
- Recall the name of the program TREC uses during the license renewal process to check criminal related activity.

Explaining the Information About Brokerage Services Form

A license holder who is having substantive communication with someone about a possible real estate transaction regarding specific property is required to give to that party a written notice that is called *Information About Brokerage Services*. The license holder could

- Hand it to the party
- Attach it to or provide a link (above the signature line) in an email, mention that you are attaching or linking it in the body of the email, and send to the party
- · Provide it in the body of the email
- Send it by mail.

Regardless, license holders must give the *Information About Brokerage Services* form (IABS) to the individuals with whom they are having a conversation about real property.

According to Texas Occupations Code Chapter 1101.558 (b-1): At the time of a license holder's first substantive communication with a party relating to a proposed transaction regarding specific real property, the license holder shall provide to the party written notice in at least a 10-point font that:

- (1) describes the ways in which a broker can represent a party to a real estate transaction, including as an intermediary;
- (2) describes the basic duties and obligations a broker has to a party to a real estate transaction that the broker represents; and
- (3) provides the name, license number, and contact information for the license holder and the license holder's supervisor and broker, if applicable.

The IABS is required to be given because it provides valuable information about the duties and obligations that a broker has to a party that the broker represents and describes the ways in which a broker can represent a party in a real estate transaction. It's pretty important information.



Activity

Imagine a first-time buyer receiving a copy of the IABS from a license holder. Let's look at a scenario.

Lucía: It has been really nice talking to you today, Zoe. I am glad I could give you information about the house on Twelfth St. and the other on C Ave. The Texas Real Estate Commission says I have to give you a form called Information About Brokerage Services since we talked about a specific property. My broker needs a copy with your initials on it. I brought two so you could keep one.

Zoe: What does it say? Can I read it first?

Lucía: Sure! It's just information. You aren't agreeing to anything. By initialing, you are just showing that you received it. I'll need you to initial a copy for our company's records.

Zoe: (Hesitantly initials the IABS) OK, here you go ...

Discussion Questions



- What did Lucía do well?What could Lucía have done differently?

Rewind the Tape

What if the agent in this scenario had spent a minute introducing the terms "broker" and "sales agent" to Zoe? Perhaps the conversation would have turned naturally to topics like representation and agency agreements, coincidentally, following the outline of the IABS.

Notes	

The IABS Section by Section

Let's take a detailed look at the *Information About Brokerage* Services form (TREC IABS 1-0). The IABS is divided into five sections covering

- Real estate license holder types
- Brokers legally required duties
- Representation
- Written agreements and commissions
- Contact information for brokers and sales agents.



Information About Brokerage Services

Texas law requires all real estate license holders to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.



TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- A BROKER is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker A SALES AGENT must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents): • Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;

- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker;
 Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client; and
 Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD): The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the parties the broker must first obtain the written agreement of each party to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all parties to the transaction impartially and fairly;
 May, with the parties' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.

- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
 that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and
 - any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement The proker's duties and responsibilities to you, and you congations did to the payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.
 Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION: This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Buyer/Te	enant/Seller/Landlord Initials	Date	

Regulated by the Texas Real Estate Commission

Information available at www.trec.texas.gov

IABS 1-0

Each section gives someone the opportunity to learn what a license holder may do when representing a party in a real estate transaction.

Even before explaining the different types of representation, the IABS states that the broker is the person responsible for all the brokerage activities and that the sales agent works on behalf of the broker.

TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- A BROKER is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- A SALES AGENT must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM **DUTIES REQUIRED BY**

LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others. including the broker's own interests:
- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker; Answer the client's questions and

present any offer to or counter-offer from the client; and
 Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

The IABS lists the broker's minimum duties required by law. A license holder giving an IABS to a buyer, seller, landlord, or tenant can explain license they hold and their obligations to clients of the broker. This conversation is a great introduction to the third section of the IABS about ways license holders can represent parties in a real estate transaction.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

This third section introduces representation and agency agreements. It lists the parties a license holder can represent in a real estate transaction:

- An owner (the seller or landlord)
- A buyer or tenant

The IABS explains that representation begins with an agreement. TREC, through the language in the IABS, recommends that buyers, sellers, landlords, and tenants create agency in writing.

As a practice, a license holder could show the person a copy of the agency agreement while discussing the creation of representation and the use of written agreements. Putting a checkmark in the margin next to the type of agency the license holder would like to create does not suffice as an agency agreement.



Below is the text from the third section of the IABS:

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD): The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/ **TENANT**: The broker becomes the buyer/ tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buver of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH INTERMEDIARY: For a broker
to act as an intermediary, the
broker must have written
consent from all parties to the
transaction. The agreement
must state who will pay
the broker and the broker's
obligations as an intermediary.



Discussion Questions

- What are the broker's obligations?
- List the three main obligations a broker has when acting as an intermediary
- To be called an intermediary champion, list the three things a broker must not disclose without written authorization.

Notes	

The IABS also defines an interesting relationship. It's **subagency**, which was covered in Chapter 1.

The broker must represent someone in the transaction. If the broker is working with an unrepresented buyer, then the broker would place the seller's interest first and not the buyer's interest. Here is how The Real Estate License Act (TRELA) describes a **subagent**:

Sec 1101.002(8)a license holder who:

- Represents a principal through cooperation with and the consent of a broker representing the principal; and
- Is not sponsored by or associated with the principal's broker.

Notice the language in the IABS:

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

This section of the IABS is advice to the consumer and the broker about having all your agreements in writing which will lessen the possibility of a conflict or misunderstanding.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION

The final section of the IABS is the License Holder Contact Information. This section must be fully completed before giving the IABS to someone. Each pertinent line must include name, license number, email address, and phone number.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION: This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Buyer/Ten	ant/Seller/Landlord Initials	Date	

Notice that the IABS states that it does not create any obligation to use the services of the broker.

The Information About Brokerage Services form is a well-designed document that, when properly presented, leads to a detailed discussion of the roles and responsibilities of license holders. It facilitates conversation about representation and the benefits of using written representation agreements.

Brokers and team leaders could provide time for agents to practice delivery of the IABS. This could lead to better-informed clients by giving them a greater understanding of the relationship between them and their broker and sales agent.

Not Sure What Goes Where in the IABS?

- Read the IABS carefully.
 Often the answers to your questions are clarified in the text of a form.
- Ask your broker. Your broker is responsible for ensuring you understand how to appropriately deliver the IABS.
- Review the 2023-2024
 Broker Responsibility
 Student Manual. You will find more details there.



"Help! I Need to Speak to Someone in Charge!"

Section 1101.558 of The Real Estate License Act (TRELA) and TREC Rule 531.20 require brokers and sales agents to post and provide the *Information About Brokerage Services* (IABS) form to protect the consumer. It is intended to provide the consumer with information that both explains the role of license holders and give the consumer relevant contact information. The IABS form is an important tool for the consumer because it provides them with relevant information related to regulated brokerage activity in Texas and what the consumer should expect from a license holder.

Remember, what seems like basic knowledge to you as a license holder on the broker/agent relationship and responsibilities is often new information to the consumer. As such, it is crucial this information is provided in accordance with law and rule.

Importantly, the IABS contains a section at the bottom of the form titled License Holder Contact Information. This section is intended to provide the consumer with the name and contact information of all license holders related to the transaction. Such information is particularly useful to a consumer when he or she needs to get ahold of those ultimately responsible for the brokerage activity at issue.

License holders can use the contact information listed to reach out to the appropriate license holder at issue in the event there is a need. This can be an important tool to utilize when trying to contact the broker/brokerage, when necessary, on behalf of your client.

Because the broker is ultimately responsible for brokerage activity conducted under the license, brokers must ensure the IABS of all sponsored sales agents are correctly filled out, posted, and communicated in accordance with state law and TREC rule. Failure to do so can result not only in a failed transaction but can also lead to a TREC enforcement action.

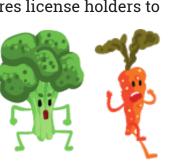
TREC takes communication and broker responsibility seriously. Make sure you do, too.

Unsolicited Advice from Your Mother ... and TREC

Make sure to keep your email address current with TREC so you receive important communications about your license. Plus, you could face disciplinary action if you don't keep your contact information up to date. TREC Rule 535.21 requires license holders to

update their contact information with TREC within 10 days of it changing.

And while you're at it, make sure to eat your vegetables!







Explaining the Consumer Protection Notice

The Consumer Protection Notice (TREC CN 1-5) is a form that TREC promulgates that contains information a consumer should know about the Texas Real Estate Commission. It's divided into sections. TREC requires all license holders to display it in a readily noticeable location in every office the broker has. TREC also requires each license holder to provide a link to the notice on the homepage of websites used to conduct brokerage activities. Here's the rule:

Section 531.18, Consumer Information

- (a) The Commission adopts by reference the Consumer Protection Notice, TREC No. CN 1-5. This document is published by and available from the Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, Texas 78711-2188, www.trec.texas.gov.
- (b) Each license holder shall provide the notice adopted under subsection (a) by:
 - (1) displaying it in a readily noticeable location in each place of business the broker maintains; and
 - (2) providing a link to it in a readily noticeable place on the homepage of each business website, labeled:
 - (A) "Texas Real Estate Commission Consumer Protection Notice", in at least 10 point font; or
 - (B) "TREC Consumer Protection Notice", in at least 12 point font.
- (c) For purposes of this section, business website means a website on the internet that:
 - (1) is accessible to the public;
 - (2) contains information about a license holder's real estate brokerage services; and
 - (3) the content of the website is controlled by the license holder.
- (d) For purposes of providing the link required under subsection (b)(2) on a social media platform, the link may be located on:
 - (1) the account holder profile; or
 - (2) a separate page or website through a direct link from the social media platform or account holder profile.

TREC Enforcement staff check to see whether license holders are properly providing the IABS and the *Consumer Protection Notice* in every complaint it receives—even if the subject matter of the complaint isn't about the CPN or IABS. That's just one more reason why you should make sure you understand how to comply with these rules.

Section 1

THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC) REGULATES

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND SALES AGENTS, REAL ESTATE INSPECTORS,

EASEMENT AND RIGHT-OF-WAY AGENTS,

AND TIMESHARE INTEREST PROVIDERS

YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION AND CHECK THE STATUS OF A LICENSE HOLDER AT

WWW.TREC.TEXAS.GOV

Section 2

YOU CAN SEND A COMPLAINT AGAINST A LICENSE HOLDER TO TREC
A COMPLAINT FORM IS AVAILABLE ON THE TREC WEBSITE

Section 3

TREC ADMINISTERS THE REAL ESTATE RECOVERY TRUST ACCOUNT WHICH MAY BE USED TO SATISFY A CIVIL COURT JUDGMENT AGAINST A BROKER, SALES AGENT, OR EASEMENT OR RIGHT-OF-WAY AGENT, IF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS ARE MET.

REAL ESTATE INSPECTORS ARE REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN ERRORS AND OMISSIONS
INSURANCE TO COVER LOSSES ARISING FROM THE PERFORMANCE OF A REAL ESTATE
INSPECTION IN A NEGLIGENT OR INCOMPETENT MANNER.

PLEASE NOTE: INSPECTORS MAY LIMIT LIABILITY THROUGH PROVISIONS IN THE CONTRACT OR INSPECTION AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE INSPECTOR AND THEIR CLIENTS. PLEASE BE SURE TO READ ANY CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT CAREFULLY. IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND ANY TERMS OR PROVISIONS, CONSULT AN ATTORNEY.

Section 4

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS OR ISSUES ABOUT THE ACTIVITIES OF
A LICENSE HOLDER, THE COMPLAINT PROCESS, OR THE
RECOVERY TRUST ACCOUNT, PLEASE VISIT THE WEBSITE OR CONTACT TREC AT



TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION
P.O. BOX 12188
AUSTIN, TEXAS 78711-2188
(512) 936-3000



Who TREC Regulates

The first part of the *Consumer Protection Notice* lists the professionals TREC regulates.
Real estate brokers and sales agents are on the list. Real estate inspectors, easement or right-of-way agents, and timeshare interest providers are also on the list.

How to File a Complaint

The Consumer Protection Notice informs the public how to file a complaint against license holders. It's simple: Go to trec.texas.gov > Public > How to File a Complaint. You will find information on who, what, why, when, and how to file a complaint, plus a complaint form to download complete, and return to TREC. The How to File a Complaint section includes:

- Who can be subject to a TREC complaint?
- · Who can file a complaint?
- How to file a complaint
- Download Complaint Form

TREC complaints and the complaint process will be addressed more in Chapter 4.

Real Estate Recovery Trust Account

TREC administers a real estate recovery trust account that is used to satisfy a civil

court judgment against a broker, sales agent, or easement or right-of-way agent. There are specific requirements that must be met before a judgment may be satisfied.

The recovery account funds are "funds of last resort" used to pay a judgment when a license holder cannot pay it. The recovery account payment limits are \$125,000 per transaction with a maximum of \$250,000 per license holder for multiple transactions.

The Real Estate Recovery Trust Account and Fund webpage at trec.texas.gov/public/real-estate-recovery-funds has information about the account as well.

Effective January 1, 2024, House Bill 1363 eliminated the real estate inspection recovery fund. This was done in recognition that the statute requires inspectors to carry liability insurance and the fact that the recovery fund has only paid out three claims in the last 10 years.

TREC's Contact Information

TREC is available and open to the public. The last section of the *Consumer Protection Notice* encourages people to call if they have questions. TREC wants to hear from those who have had issues with how license holders conduct their business and has its contact information on the form and on its website.



Criminal Disclosure

Q. Oh no! I got in trouble with the law. What do I do and how will this impact my license?

A. TREC's consumer protection responsibilities include reviewing all criminal history for each person applying for a new license. Additionally, TREC Enforcement staff review the criminal history of all current license holders, even those whose licenses are set to inactive. This review is done to ensure license holders maintain the requisite honesty, trustworthiness, and integrity required by law.

Having a criminal conviction does not automatically mean you lose your license; however, failure to disclose certain criminal convictions is a violation of Chapter 1101. TREC Enforcement staff will pursue such a violation, so it is important that license holders understand when they need to

disclose information to the Commission. The following questions and answers should provide clarification if you find yourself in this situation

Q. I was just arrested, what now?

A. If you have just been arrested, charged, or indicted for an offense, there is no requirement to disclose at this time. If you disclose the arrest, charge, or indictment before the criminal matter is final this will not satisfy your disclosure requirement according to The Real Estate License Act (TRELA). You will need to disclose this criminal information once it becomes final as detailed below. TREC does not have authority to proceed with opening an investigation into the criminal offense until that matter is concluded by the criminal court. The criminal proceedings could take months or years to complete.

O. The criminal case is final. What now?

A. Section 1101.652(a)(1) of TRELA gives the Commission authority to suspend or revoke a license holder who has entered a plea of quilty or *nolo contendere* or has been convicted of a felony or any criminal offense that involves fraud (including misdemeanors). Additionally, under Section 1101.652(a)(7), license holders are required to notify the Commission not later than the 30th day after the final conviction or the entry of the plea of guilty or nolo contendere. Notifying the Commission timely is key to avoid further disciplinary action.

Criminal backgrounds are checked as part of the renewal process. This does not excuse a license holder from notifying the Commission timely. If you are placed on community supervision or receive a deferred adjudication for the felony or criminal offense involving fraud, you are still obligated to notify the Commission within 30 days.

If a license holder commits a felony or a criminal offense involving fraud, their license could be subject to suspension or revocation. Depending on the offense, the Commission may probate the suspension or revocation.

Q. I renewed my license and I forgot to disclose a felony or fraud-based criminal offense, what happens now?

A. All renewals ask: "Have you had any instance of entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, have been found guilty of, or been convicted of a felony, regardless of an order granting probation, community supervision, deferred adjudication, or suspending the imposition of sentence that has not previously been reported to the Texas Real Estate Commission?"

If you answer "Yes" to this question you will need to fill out the Background History form. After filling out the Background History form, make sure the judgment for the criminal case is attached to the form. If you incorrectly answer "No" to this question, it could be considered a violation of TRELA and subject you to discipline and administrative penalties. It is a license holder's responsibility to retrieve the criminal documents for TREC

staff to review. If you have previously notified TREC of this felony or fraud offense, you do not need to answer "yes" or fill out the background history form.

Q. What if I get my criminal offense expunged?

A. Your criminal record might still show up on our background check. The Enforcement Division staff may ask for the expunction order to confirm.

Q. What happens if I go to prison for my offense?

A The Commission is required by law to revoke the license of a person who goes to prison for a felony offense. The revocation is non-discretionary and retroactive to the date the person went to prison. The person is not entitled to a hearing for these matters.



What is the RAP BACK **Program?**

Record of Arrest and Prosecution BACK program (RAP BACK) is an FBI service that allows authorized users to receive notifications of criminal related activity on a person's criminal history. This service allows TREC to better monitor for criminal convictions of license holders. However, it does not satisfy the disclosure requirement of notifying TREC within 30 days after the felony or fraud based criminal case is final. allows TREC to better monitor for criminal

Chapter 3
Representing Veterans and Military Service Members

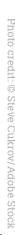


- 32 History of the VA Loan
 How VA Loans Work
 VA Loan Basics for Beginners
- 33 11 Benefits of a VA Loan
- 35 Texas Military Snapshot Infographic
- 36 Texas Veteran Land Board Lending Program

Learning Objectives

After this chapter, you will be able to

- ✓ Understand the requirements of the VA loan program.
- ✓ Describe how VA loans are different than conventional home loans.
- ✓ Identify differences between the VA loan program and the Texas Veteran Land Board loan program.





The History of the VA Loan

The VA-Guaranteed Home Loan program was created as part of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, which was signed into law by President Franklin D. Roosevelt. The purpose of the VA loan program was to help returning World War II veterans purchase homes. The VA loan program provided veterans with favorable loan terms, including no down payment, low interest rates, and no private mortgage insurance.

Initially, the VA loan program was only available to World War II veterans, but it was later expanded to include veterans of the Korean War and the Vietnam War. In the 1990s, Congress expanded the VA loan program to include all veterans who served on active duty, regardless of when they served. Today, the VA loan program remains an important part of the benefits package provided to veterans, and it is administered by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA).

Over the years, the VA loan program has helped millions of veterans become homeowners. In addition to providing favorable loan terms, the VA loan program also provides veterans with counseling and assistance to help them manage their finances and avoid foreclosure. The VA loan program is an important part of the government's commitment to helping veterans achieve the American Dream of homeownership.

How VA Loans Work

VA loans are made by private lenders such as banks, mortgage companies, and credit unions. However, these lenders offer VA loans under guidelines set by the VA. The VA does not directly lend money to borrowers, but it does provide a guarantee to the lender if the borrower defaults on the loan. This guarantee reduces risks for lenders and allows them to offer more favorable terms to borrowers.

To be eligible for a VA loan, borrowers must meet certain requirements, including having served in the U.S. military, being the spouse of a veteran who died while on active duty or as a result of a service-connected disability, or being an active-duty service member. Borrowers must also meet certain credit and income requirements set by the lender.

VA Loan Basics for Beginners

Qualifications

Veteran borrowers must meet income qualifications that have been set by the VA. The two qualifications are residual income and debt-to-income ratio.

Residual Income

Residual income is the amount of discretionary money a veteran has left over each month after paying for fixed expenses. Fixed expenses can include installment and revolving loan payments, childcare costs, and estimated utility costs.

Residual income is based on region and number of dependents.

Debt-to-Income Ratio

VA loans, like FHA loans, have relaxed lending guidelines. This includes higher debtto-income ratios (DTI). The DTI for VA financing is a ratio between total monthly debt payments to gross monthly income. The DTI for a VA loan is 41%. This is higher than both conventional and FHA loans but is secondary in importance to residual income in the gualification.

Funding Fee

VA loans require borrowers to pay a funding fee, which is a one-time fee that helps to offset the cost of the program. The fee is based on the loan amount, the type of loan, and the borrower's military service.

Appraisal Process

When a VA borrower applies for a home loan, a VA-approved appraiser will assess the value of the property to ensure that it meets the minimum property requirements, including that it is safe, sound, and sanitary, and is worth the amount of the loan.

Occupancy Requirements

VA loans require borrowers to occupy the home as their primary residence, and the loan cannot be used to purchase a vacation home or investment property.

11 Benefits of a VA Loan

Age is just a number. Eligible veterans are able to pursue a VA loan no matter their age and can reuse the benefit multiple times.

100% financing. VA loans allow eligible borrowers to purchase a home with no down payment as long as the sales price is at or below the home's appraised value.

Competitive terms. Borrowers using the VA benefits may receive more competitive terms from private banks, mortgage lenders, and credit unions, and sometimes lower interest rates.

No PMI or MIP. For conventional loans, lenders often require private mortgage insurance (PMI) if a borrower puts down less than 20% of the total loan amount as a down payment. PMI is intended to protect the lender if a borrower stops paying on the loan.

The Federal Housing Administration (FHA) requires borrowers to pay to self-insure an FHA loan against future loss through mortgage insurance premiums (MIP).

Unlike these loans, VA loans do not have these requirements, which equals long-term savings for the borrower.

No minimum credit score. VA loans have more flexible qualification requirements than traditional loans, which can make it easier for veterans with less-than-perfect credit to qualify for a mortgage. However, most lenders will use a credit score to determine the borrower's interest rate.

No loan limit. As of 2020, eligible veterans, service members, and survivors with full entitlement do not have loan limits and the VA guarantees to the lender that if the borrower defaults on a loan that's more than \$144,000, the VA will pay up to 25% of the loan amount.

Borrowers have full entitlement if they meet any of these requirements (at least one of these must be true):

- · You've never used your home loan benefit
- You've paid a previous VA loan in full and sold the property (in this case, you'd have your full entitlement restored)
- You've used your home loan benefit but had a foreclosure or short sale and repaid in full.

Additional termination options. Federal law requires the "amendatory clause," sometimes referred to as an escape clause, for VA borrowers. Amongst other things, this clause makes it so the buyer is not obligated to purchase the property if the appraised value is less than the amount of the loan.

In Texas, this clause is contained in Paragraph 4 of the *Third Party Financing Addendum*. Because this language is required for VA loans and ties back to the appraised value of a home, license holders cannot use the *Appraisal Contingency Addendum* when the borrower is using a VA loan.





However, under the amendatory clause, a VA buyer can elect to pay more than the appraised value *after* the appraised value is known in accordance with federal guidelines as set out in subsections A-C of Paragraph 4 of the *Third Party Financing Addendum*. In such a case, and with certain stipulations, the buyer could agree to make up the difference between the appraised value and purchase price.

Fewer closing costs. Closing costs could be paid by the seller, lender, or any other party.

Assumability. According to the VA, if the loan is assumable, anyone can assume it as long as the borrower meets the lender's credit and income requirements. However, there are some important restrictions and requirements that apply to the assumption of a VA loan.

The seller must obtain approval from the VA or the loan servicer before assuming the loan. This ensures the new borrower meets the same eligibility requirements of the original borrower. In addition, the new borrower must be willing to assume all the obligations of the original borrower, including timely payments.

Finally, the original borrower remains liable for the loan until it is paid in full, or until the VA releases the borrower from liability.

No early payment penalties. There are no additional payments required to pay off the loan earlier than originally scheduled.

Support from the VA. If a borrower faces hardship, such as unexpected unemployment, the VA will work with the lender to try and keep veterans and their families in their homes.

The Takeaway

Having a basic understanding of the VA loan history and benefits may be helpful for you in your practice. But remember, your client will need to discuss their personal situation with an expert.

MILITARY SNAPSHOT / 2021

TEXAS

Texas military installations play a vital role in strategic national defense and provide significant benefits to the state economy. These bases support local businesses and create jobs in a wide variety of industries.

The U.S. Department of Defense maintains 14 bases throughout

Texas, covering more than 1.4 million acres. Ten of the Comptroller's twelve economic regions include a U.S. military installation.

Military bases in the state support about 235,000 direct jobs and contribute more than \$67.6 billion to Texas' gross domestic product annually. They support an estimated 622,000 Texas workers in some capacity, contributing about \$42.3 billion in disposable personal income.





2021 ESTIMATED CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TEXAS ECONOMY

235,184

DIRECT EMPLOYMENT

DIRECT AND INDIRECT EMPLOYMENT

622,790

542.3 DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME

Billion

DISPOSABI E

\$114. D OUTPUT

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

\$67.6 Billion

EMPLOYMENT, OUTPUT AND
DISPOSABLE PERSONAL

DISPOSABLE PERSONA INCOME	L DIRECT EMPLOYMENT	TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	OUTPUT (IN BILLIONS)	DOMESTIC PRODUCT (IN BILLIONS)	PERSONAL INCOME (IN BILLIONS)
Army Futures Command	833	2,201	\$0.37	\$0.22	\$0.16
Corpus Christi Army Depot	3,191	9,344	\$1.40	\$0.85	\$0.64
Dyess AFB	5,533	16,098	\$3.04	\$1.79	\$1.15
Ellington Field JRB		1,203	\$0.22		
Fort Bliss	46,971	120,799	\$22.94	\$13.56	\$7.97
Fort Hood	55,374	160,933	\$28.89	\$16.97	\$11.22
Goodfellow AFB	9,690	23,897	\$4.74	\$2.80	\$1.53
Joint Base San Antonio	82,639	211,213	\$39.17	\$23.32	\$14.40
Laughlin AFB	3,290	8,694	\$1.59	\$0.95	\$0.60
NAS Corpus Christi	8,395	19,815	\$3.36	\$2.01	\$1.31
NAS JRB Fort Worth	5,199	15,164	\$2.70	\$1.59	\$1.07
NAS Kingsville	1,647	4,442	\$0.75	\$0.45	\$0.30
Red River Army Depot	3,370	9,059	\$1.34	\$0.81	\$0.62
Sheppard AFB	8,638	19,928	\$3.68	\$2.18	\$1.24
STATEWIDE TOTALS	235,184	622,790	\$114.19	\$67.63	\$42.29

TO SEE MORE DETAILED INFORMATION ON EACH OF THESE INSTALLATIONS, VISIT:

TMPC 2021-2022 Texas Military Preparedness Commission Biennial Report:

GOV.TEXAS.GOV/ORGANIZATION/ MILITARY/REPORTS

Comptroller's 2021 Economic Impact, Texas bases:

COMPTROLLER.TEXAS.GOV/ECONOMY/ ECONOMIC-DATA/MILITARY/

Published July 2022

Sources: Texas Military Preparedness Commission; the various U.S. Military bases in Texas; REMI; Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Glenn Hegar

Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

GROSS

98-986 (7/22)



Texas Veterans Land Board Lending Program

The Texas Veterans Land Board (TVLB) lending program (vlb.texas.gov) is a separate program from the VA loan program. While both programs are designed to help veterans and their families buy homes, there are some key differences between them:

Eligibility. To be eligible for a TVLB loan, borrowers must be a Texas resident and a veteran, active-duty military member, or the spouse of a veteran or service member who was killed in action. In contrast, VA loans are available to eligible veterans and active-duty military members across the country.

The TVLB also has eligibility requirements for the property the veteran wishes to purchase. The home must be the primary residence of the veteran or military member. The home must be a single-family attached or detached home, townhome, or condominium. Duplexes or other multi-family must have been constructed less than five years ago prior to the closing date of the loan. New construction must have either Energy Star certification or a HERS score or an Energy Rating Index of 75 or less. The property must remain the veteran's primary residence for at least 3 years. Finally, the veteran must occupy the property within 60 days after closing.

Loan types. The TVLB offers two types of loans: the Veterans Housing Assistance Program (VHAP) and the Veterans Land Program (VLP). The VHAP provides loans for the purchase of a home, while the VLP provides loans for the purchase of land to build a home. VA loans, on the other hand,

are specifically designed to help borrowers purchase a home.

The TVLB allows not only the use of a VA loan, but eligible borrowers may also consider and choose to borrow through a conventional loan or an FHA loan. The TVLB does not restrict the veteran from only using a VA loan to finance the purchase. Having loan options may give the veteran better purchasing power in a tight marketplace while giving the veteran choices in determining the best loan terms to choose.

Interest rates. TVLB loans typically have lower interest rates than VA loans, making them a more affordable option for some borrowers.

Fees and costs. TVLB loans may have lower fees and closing costs than VA loans, which can help borrowers save money.

Loan limits. TVLB loans have lower loan limits than VA loans, which means borrowers may not be able to borrow as much as they would with a VA loan.

Overall, both the TVLB and VA loan programs offer valuable benefits to eligible veterans and their families, and borrowers should carefully consider their options and compare the terms and requirements of each program before choosing a loan.

The TVLB is self-funded through the sale of bonds. The bond programs associated with the funding of the loans and the timely repayment of the principal and interest associated with the loans creates a self-funding program, costing no tax dollars.

Chapter 4 The Real World: Enforcement, Case Studies, and Commission Priorities



- Who Handles Complaints and Discipline?The Complaint ProcessTREC Enforcement: Did You Know?
- 39 Top TREC Complaint Categories Common Enforcement Violations
- 40 Advertising Compliance Program
- 41 Case Studies
 - 41 Intermediary
 - 41 Showing Issues
 - 41 Rental Fraud
 - 42 Fiduciary
 - 43 Geographic Competency
- 43 Best Practices to Avoid Complaints
- 44 Commission Priorities

Learning Objectives

After this chapter, you will be able to

- ✓ Paraphrase the TREC complaint process.
- ✓ Identify the top five TREC complaint categories.
- Recall best practices for brokers to prevent complaints against license holders.
- ✓ Describe TREC's advertising compliance program.

Who Handles Complaints and Discipline?

The Enforcement Division of the Texas Real Estate Commission protects consumers by enforcing the laws and rules that regulate license holders. The Enforcement Division administers the complaint investigation and disciplinary enforcement programs. Additionally, it administers the background review for all license holders.

The Enforcement Division is comprised of attorneys, legal assistants, investigators, and other administrative staff. In 2023, there were 6,307 cases opened by Enforcement. Complaints filed against brokers and sales agents have steadily increased over the past five years.

The Complaint Process

Filing a complaint with TREC is the first step in the enforcement process. Anyone can file a complaint against a license holder, even other license holders.

Complaints must be submitted in writing and signed by the complainant. A complainant should hear back from the Enforcement Division within 30 days about whether it will proceed with opening and investigating the allegations in the complaint. If an investigation is opened, each person against whom the complaint is filed receives a copy of the complaint. Every individual subject to a complaint is required to cooperate with the investigation.

Any inquiry from TREC requires a response within 14 days. Failure to cooperate with the investigation will result in disciplinary action against the license holder. A sponsoring broker should be prepared to talk about how they supervise their sponsored sales agent, including providing policies and procedures that address the issues that are alleged in the complaint.

Following the investigation, the information collected during the investigation will be turned over to an Enforcement attorney for review. If the attorney determines that a violation occurred and there is sufficient evidence to support the violation, discipline will be pursued. Disciplinary action can

include formal reprimand, suspension, or revocation of a license, including payment of an administrative penalty. Additionally, depending on the severity of the violation an advisory letter might be issued. An advisory letter is a form of informal discipline that will remain a part of the license holder's disciplinary record. A license holder's past complaint and disciplinary history is taken into consideration and can be used against the license holder in any future complaints.



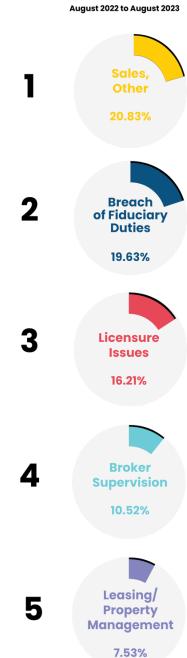
Top TREC Complaint Categories

The TREC Enforcement Division compiles data monthly regarding complaints received. The chart below shows the top five complaint categories as of publication. Complaints do not always result in disciplinary action, and this chart does not reflect closed cases.

Here is a brief explanation of each category.

- 1. Sales, Other (unrelated to leasing and property management):
 Includes negligence, rebates, referrals, earnest money issues, and so forth.
- 2. Breach of Fiduciary Duty:
 Includes false promises and other
 fiduciary issues like the topics
 covered earlier in this course.
- 3. Licensure Issues: Consists of criminal background checks that uncover criminal offenses, denials based on criminal history, licenses issued on a probationary status, and so forth.
- 4. Broker Supervision: Remember TREC Rule 535.2, Broker Responsibility? Complaints under this category deal with alleged violations of this rule or other activities related to broker oversight.
- 5. Leasing/Property Management: Involves issues such as negligence, referrals, misappropriation of money, and so forth.

TREC Enforcement Top Five Complaint Categories



Common Enforcement Violations

- Failure to cooperate with an investigation
- Negligence or incompetence issues
- Bad faith/misrepresentation
- Unlicensed business entities

- Inactive/expired license holder activity
- Trust fund issues (property management)
- Failure to disclose criminal offenses
- Broker responsibility issues





Advertising Compliance Program

Many advertising-related complaints can be handled easily, from adding missing brokerage information on for sale signs to registering a team name or DBA after failing to do so to adding missing required links on a license holder's website. Because of these simple remedies, TREC launched the Advertising Compliance Program in 2023 to streamline processing complaints that deal only with advertising violations. The goal of the new program is to promote compliance, not punishment.

TREC Complaint Form Now Includes Advertising Checkbox

TREC Enforcement staff has modified the complaint form to add a checkbox for advertising complaints. This will allow staff to quickly identify complaints that may be eligible for processing through the Advertising Compliance Program.

To indicate you are filing an advertising complaint, check the "yes" box next to the new field "Does your complaint allege or deal with advertising issues?" on the updated complaint form.

How TREC Staff Applies the Advertising Compliance Program

Step 1: Assess the Complaint

- If there are allegations beyond advertising, the complaint will go through the normal complaint investigation process.
- If the allegations are only about advertising violations, the complaint will be handled at TREC headquarters versus being assigned to a field investigator.

Step 2: Alert the Respondent

The license holder and sponsoring broker, if applicable, will be notified in writing of the issue and given 14 days to correct it. The license holder must also provide documentation to staff that the advertising violations have been corrected.

Step 3: Monitor the 14-Day Timeline

- If license holders correct within 14 days, the case will be dismissed as a matter settled and no formal disciplinary action would be held.
- If license holders fail to comply with the 14-day deadline, they would have their complaint reviewed again by a staff attorney for further action, which could include an advisory letter or formal discipline. Staff may grant additional time for compliance.

Case Studies

Seeing is believing. What follows are TREC complaints that resulted in disciplinary action. They include issues around intermediary, showings, rental fraud, fiduciary duties, and geographic competency. TREC disciplinary actions are searchable on the TREC website by selecting "Disciplinary Actions" under the *Public* menu.

Intermediary

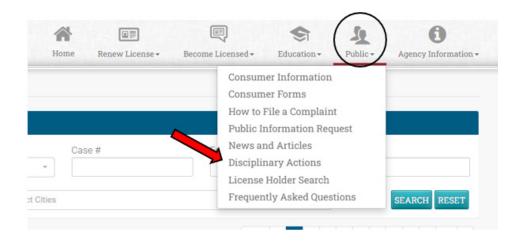
How *Not* To Be an Intermediary 101

Facts

Agent X represents a buyer and a seller. Agent X's sponsoring broker allowed intermediary, but only with appointments. Agent X failed to abide by the broker's policy on intermediary and made no appointments.

The buyer discovered that Agent X had a prior relationship with the seller. Further, Agent X failed to disclose this material information to the buyer to ensure that Agent X was acting impartially as an intermediary.

Agent X had agreed to compensate the buyer if anything in house needed repairs. Prior to closing, Agent X discovered that the seller had made changes to the property. Agent X did not disclose the full extent of the changes because his prior relationship with the seller failed to allow him to act impartially.



Agent X ultimately paid for the changes to the property with his earned commission.

Disciplinary Result

Agent X entered into an agreed order with TREC resulting in a reprimand, a \$2,000 administrative penalty, and a requirement to take 30 hours of agency law. Agent X's broker entered into an agreed order resulting in a reprimand and a \$500 administrative penalty.

Showing Issues

This House is All Over Social Media!

Facts

Agent A misrepresented to listing agent by informing the agent he was planning to show a property when he instead allowed the property to be used for a social media event and photoshoot. Agent A also left the property unsupervised.

Disciplinary Result

Agent A entered into an agreed order with TREC resulting in a two-year

probated suspension, a \$1,500 administrative penalty, and a requirement to take a 30-hour agency course.

Agent Snoopy Sam Gets Suspended

Facts

Agent Snoopy Sam entered two properties that were listed for sale and was filmed opening furniture drawers and opening items that were not fixtures of the home or property.

Disciplinary Result

Agent Snoopy Sam entered into an agreed order with TREC resulting in a four-year probated suspension and a \$2,500 administrative penalty.

Rental Fraud

Don't Try to Snow the Snowman

Facts

On multiple occasions while representing individuals, Agent Ice would submit fraudulent documents including credit reports and

paystubs to allow unqualified clients to rent properties. Frequently, individuals listed as tenants were not the individuals who ultimately occupied the property. In most cases, the same fraudulent credit reports with same names were used in multiple transactions.

Ultimately, the owners/landlords would not receive rental payments and would need to evict the fraudulent tenants. TREC investigations determined that Agent Ice performed this fraud on multiple occasions. The broker failed to notice that rental documents repeatedly had the same tenant listed on multiple completed transactions.

Disciplinary Result

Agent Ice's license was revoked and TREC administered an administrative penalty of \$13,000. Broker entered into an agreed order with TREC resulting in a reprimand and a \$500 administrative penalty.

The Art of the Deal Scam

Facts

Agent Z established relationships with multiple unlicensed individuals. The purpose of these relationships was so they would refer unqualified tenants to Agent Z to find property to lease.

Agent Z sent out completed lease applications with inaccurate or falsified records regarding income, credit history, and prior evictions to property managers and listing agents.

Agent Z continued this fraudulent and dishonest behavior for multiple transactions. Tenants would damage the property and fail to pay rent, and the owners or property managers would be forced to evict fraudulent tenants.

Disciplinary Result

Following a State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) hearing, Agent Z's license was revoked and TREC administered a \$48,750 administrative penalty. Broker entered into an agreed order with TREC resulting in a reprimand, a \$1,000 administrative penalty, and a requirement to attend the broker responsibility course.

Fiduciary Issues

Agent Failed to Extend His Fiduciary Duties

Facts

Agent All Hat was representing buyers in a transaction to purchase two adjacent parcels of land. A completed survey and other related issues were necessary by their lender to close.

Per the buyers' request, Agent All Hat submitted two extensions to the contract that the seller agreed to. Near the expiration of the second extension, the buyers asked Agent All Hat to request a third extension. Agent All Hat assured them it was not necessary and everything was on track.

The survey and other items were not completed by the expiration of the second extension of the contract, and Agent All Hat failed to present the sellers with an extension document. The sellers used the opportunity to terminate the contract and solicit from the buyers a higher sales price than the prior contract. Agent All Hat failed to attempt to secure a third extension to the contract to better protect his client.

Disciplinary Result

Agent All Hat entered an agreed order with TREC and was reprimanded, received a \$1,500 administrative penalty, and was required to take 30 hours of additional education. Broker entered an agreed order with TREC resulting in a reprimand and a \$500 administrative penalty.

Dishonesty Never Pays

Facts

Agent Yarn Spinner was representing buyers in the attempted purchase of a home. Buyers provided a finance pre-qualification letter that contained some contingencies. Agent Yarn Spinner altered the document removing the contingencies and submitted the altered letter to the seller with the buyers' offer.

The buyers never directed Agent Yarn Spinner to make these changes. The seller's agent discovered the issue only days before closing and brought it to the attention of the sellers and other parties in the transaction.

Agent Yarn Spinner admitted he altered the letter in an attempt to make his clients'

offer more attractive to the seller. Agent Yarn Spinner's broker, when notified of the issue, directed another agent to assist the buyers in completing the transaction.

Disciplinary Result

Agent Yarn Spinner entered an agreed order with TREC requiring a license suspension of four years, with three years and 10 months of the suspension probated. Agent Yarn Spinner paid an administrative penalty of \$9,000 and was required to take 30 hours of principles of real estate. Broker received an advisory letter.

Geographic Competency

A River Highway Runs Through It (or Will)

Facts

Listing agent W had no knowledge that a fourlane highway would be built adjacent to the property. Other listings for the subdivision included this information disclosing the future highway construction. The buyers purchased the property and later discovered the future construction and that it would be built 25 feet from their property line. Listing agent W admitted they were not aware of the construction project that had been planned for 20 years. The buyer's agent had no knowledge about the pending construction. Brokers for both listing and buyer's agent did not ensure their agents were competent to conduct activities, including competence in the geographic market area where the sales agents were actively performing brokerage activity.

Disciplinary Result

Listing agent W entered into an agreed order reprimanding their license, \$500 administrative penalty, and additional education. Listing agent's sponsoring broker received an advisory letter. Buyer's agent entered into an agreed order reprimanding their license, \$500 administrative penalty, and additional education. Buyer's agent broker agreed to a reprimand of their license and \$500 administrative penalty.

Know Better Than to Mess with Texas ... Historical Districts

Facts

Listing agent F had no knowledge that the property listing was in a designated historic

Best Practices to Avoid Complaints

- Offer regular training for all license holders.
- Review all contract changes and updates with license holders.
- Review and incorporate TREC disciplinary actions into coaching sessions.
- Subscribe to and read the *TREC*Advisor e-newsletter (sign up at trec. texas.gov).
- Follow TREC on the various social media outlets (like Facebook).
- Attend TREC Meetings virtually or in person.
- Review policies and procedures with everyone at least once a year.

neighborhood district that required approval for changes to the exterior of the property. The buyer purchased the property and made changes to the exterior by replacing the windows.

The buyer received notification from the historical district that the property modification was not approved by the district and the windows needed to be changed to conform with historical requirements. The buyer's agent stated they had no knowledge the property was in a historical neighborhood.

The information about the neighborhood was discoverable by an internet search and information in the MLS.

Disciplinary Result

Listing agent F entered into an agreed order reprimanding their license and was required to take additional education. Listing agent's sponsoring broker entered into agreed order reprimanding their license and a \$500 administrative penalty. Buyer's agent entered into an agreed order reprimanding their license. Additionally, agent paid a \$500 administrative penalty and was required to take additional education. Buyer's agent's sponsoring broker entered into an agreed order reprimanding their license and agreed to an administrative penalty of \$500.



TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

Commission Priorities

The Texas Real Estate Commission is composed of nine commissioners appointed by the Office of the Governor. Six members are brokers who know the industry and understand consumer protection, and three members are public members who bring consumer perspective to the table in a different way. The Commission has been focused on three main topics:

- Broker responsibility
- Enforcement
- Outreach

What do all three of these priorities have in common? They are all related to consumer protection and education of license holders on how to practice in the State of Texas lawfully and ethically.

Broker Responsibility

Changes have been made to the Broker Responsibility Course and the Real Estate Brokerage Course that focus on the responsibilities of a broker as it relates to sponsored sales agents. Oversight of training and coaching required under TREC Rule 535.2 has been increased so that a sponsoring broker must ensure their sponsored agents are conducting themselves competently when engaging in a new type of real estate brokerage activity.

In Legal Update I, Chapter 1, you learned about the new Broker Responsibility Advisory Committee. This committee will continue to examine and make recommendations to the full Commission regarding broker responsibility based on what those members are seeing in their practice.

This topic does not have a single solution or point of resolution; however, the Commission is committed to its focus on broker responsibility and ensuring consumer protection in the state of Texas.

Enforcement

The Commission is committed to encouraging license holders and consumers to file complaints when there is a suspected violation of TRELA or TREC rules. The Commission is also working towards streamlining the complaint process to make it easier to file a complaint with the agency. Additional staffing has been added to the Enforcement Division. The Commission has also been spreading the message to come alongside license holders who are making mistakes and either help or file a complaint. Compliance with TRELA makes the industry better and it ensures consumer protection. All license holders have a role in that.

Outreach

Do you follow TREC on social media or are you signed up to receive communications from TREC? If so, you have likely noticed a shift in communication strategy. The Commission is working hard to make sure the agency reaches license holders in a multitude of ways. The Commission is also working hard to let the consumer know what it should expect from a license holder. Partnerships with local associations, the title industry, and more are spreading the word to license holders about consumer protection and issues license holders face in the "real world." Make sure that as a license holder. you are monitoring these communications, because they provide helpful information and insight into the specific areas of concern the Commission seeks to address.